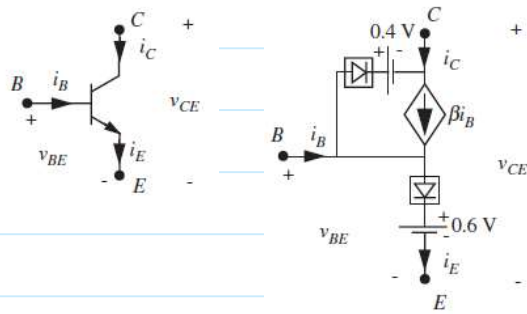


Homework 8

Thursday, June 1, 2017 4:47 PM

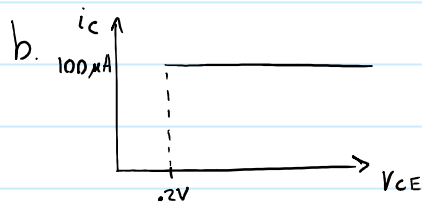
Ex 7.8)



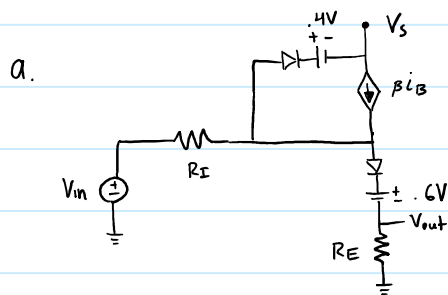
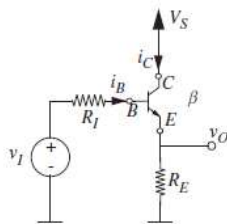
a. $V_{CE} = 2V, V_{BE} = .6V$

$V_{BE} - .4V = .2V \rightarrow V_{CE} > V_{BE} - .4V$ (in active region)

$i_C = \beta i_B = 100\mu A$



Pr 7.18)



b. $V_{out} = i_E R_E = (1 + \beta) i_B R_E$

$i_B = \frac{1}{R_I} (V_{in} - (V_{out} + V_{BE})) = \frac{1}{R_I} (V_{in} - V_{out} - .6V)$

$V_{out} = (V_{in} - V_{out} - .6V) \frac{(1 + \beta) R_E}{R_I}$

$V_{out} = \frac{V_{in} - .6V}{1 + \frac{R_I}{(1 + \beta) R_E}}$

Pr 7.18) c. $\beta R_E \gg R_I \rightarrow V_{out} = V_{in} - .6V$

d. $R_I = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $R_E = 100\text{ k}\Omega$ $\beta R_E \gg R_I$
 $V_{in} = 3V \rightarrow V_{out} = 2.4V$

e. current cuts off for $V_{in} < .6V$
 at active region limit

$V_{CE} = V_{BE} - .4$

$V_s - V_o = .2$ in saturation $V_o = V_{in} - .6$

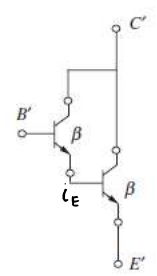
$V_s = V_{in} + .2 - .6 = V_{in} - .4$

$V_{in} = 10.4$

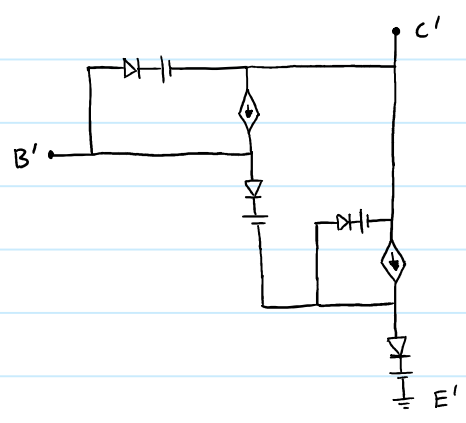
$.6 \leq V_{in} \leq 10.4$

$0 \leq V_{out} \leq 9.8$

Pr 7.19)



a.



b. $i_{E'} = (1+\beta) i_E$ $i_E = (1+\beta) i_B$

$i_{E'} = (1+\beta)^2 i_B$

$= (\beta^2 + 2\beta + 1) i_B$

$= (\beta' + 1) i_B \rightarrow \beta' = (\beta + 2)\beta$

c. $V_{B'E'} = 2(.6V) = 1.2V$