



# D68 Series Linear Active Filters

## Anti-Alias Filters

### Description

The D68 Series of small, fixed-frequency, precision active filters provides high-performance linear, multi-pole filtering in a compact package, with a broad range of corner frequencies and a choice of transfer functions. Individual D68 filters can serve in low-pass or high-pass applications or be combined to create custom band-pass or band-reject filters. Each model comes factory tuned to a user-specified corner frequency between 10Hz and 100kHz. These fully self-contained units require no external components or adjustments. They operate with low total harmonic distortion over a wide dynamic input voltage range from non-critical  $\pm 5V$  to  $\pm 18V$  power supplies.

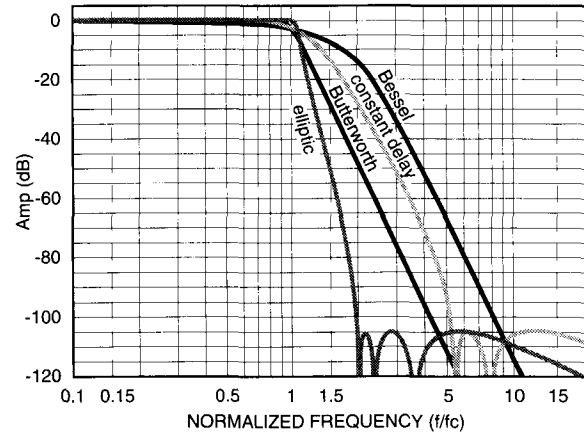
### Features/Benefits:

- Low harmonic distortion and wide signal-to-noise ratio to 16 bit resolution
- Compact 1.8" x 0.8" x 0.3" size minimizes board space requirements
- Plug-in ready-to-use, reducing engineering design and manufacturing cycle time
- Factory tuned, no external clocks or adjustments needed
- Broad range of transfer characteristics and corner frequencies to meet a wide range of applications

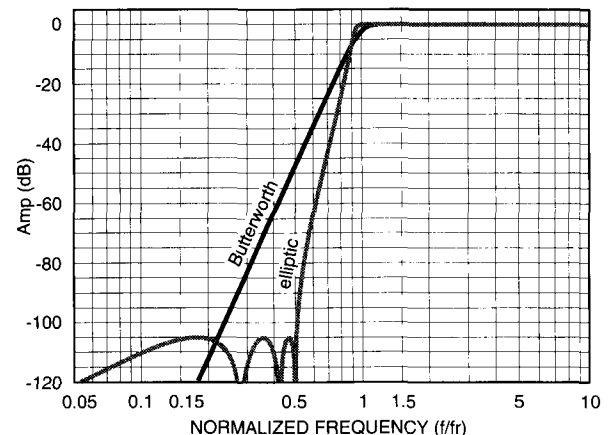
### Applications

- Anti-alias filtering
- Data acquisition systems
- Communication systems and electronics
- Medical electronics equipment and research
- Aerospace, navigation and sonar applications
- Sound and vibration testing
- Real and compressed time data analysis
- Noise elimination
- Signal reconstruction

Low-Pass Frequency Response



High-Pass Frequency Response



### Available Low-Pass Models:

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D68L8B	8-pole Butterworth	3
D68L8E	8-pole, 6 zero elliptic, 1.77 (-80dB)	4
D68L8EX	8-pole, 6 zero elliptic, 1.56 (-80dB)	5
D68L8EY	8-pole, 6 zero elliptic, 2.00 (-100dB)	6
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### Available High-Pass Models:

Model	Transfer Function	Page
D68H8B	8-pole Butterworth	10
D68H8E	8-pole, 6 zero elliptic, 1.77 (-80dB)	11
D68H8EX	8-pole, 6 zero elliptic, 1.56 (-80dB)	12
D68H8EY	8-pole, 6 zero elliptic, 2.00 (-100dB)	13

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**FREQUENCY  
DEVICES™**





**Linear Active Filters**

**8-Pole Butterworth  
Low-Pass Filter**

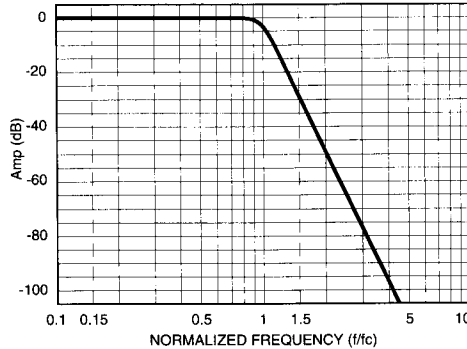
**Description**

The D68L8B is an 8-pole low-pass Butterworth transfer function, is maximally flat, has no ripple in the passband, and has a monotonic roll-off at the rate of 48 dB/octave in the stopband.

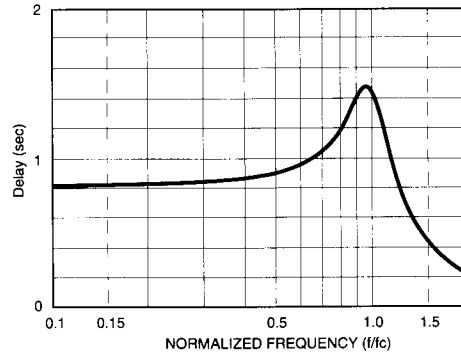
**Specifications**

Transfer Function	8-pole Butterworth Low-Pass
Size	1.8" x 0.8" x 0.3"
Range $f_c$	10 Hz to 100 kHz
Passband Ripple (theoretical)	0.0 dB
DC Voltage Gain (non-inverting)	0 ± 0.1 dB max. 0 ± 0.05 dB typ.
Stopband Attenuation Rate	48 dB/octave
Cutoff Frequency $f_c$ (-3 dB)	± 1 % max.
Stability	± 0.01 % / °C
Phase	-360°
Filter Attenuation	(theoretical)
0.12 dB	0.80 $f_c$
3.01 dB	1.00 $f_c$
60.0 dB	2.37 $f_c$
80.0 dB	3.16 $f_c$
Phase Match <sup>2</sup>	
0 - 0.8 $f_c$	± 2° max. ± 1° typ.
0.8 $f_c$ - 1.0 $f_c$	± 3° max. ± 1.5° typ.
Amplitude Accuracy	(theoretical)
0 - 0.8 $f_c$	± 0.2 dB max. ± 0.1 dB typ.
0.8 $f_c$ - 1.0 $f_c$	± 0.3 dB max. ± 0.15 dB typ.
Total Harmonic Distortion @ 1 kHz	< -100 dB typ.
Wide Band Noise (5 Hz - 2 MHz)	200 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.
Narrow Band Noise (5 Hz - 100 kHz)	50 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.

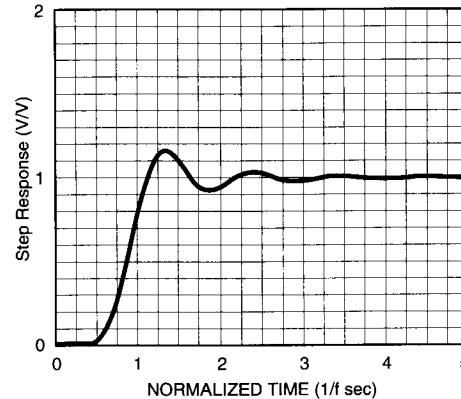
**Frequency Response**



**Delay (Normalized)**



**Step Response**



**Theoretical Transfer Characteristics**

$f/f_c$ (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay <sup>1</sup> (sec)
0.00	0.00	0.00	.816
0.10	0.00	-29.4	.819
0.20	0.00	-59.0	.828
0.30	0.00	-89.1	.843
0.40	0.00	-120	.867
0.50	0.00	-152	.903
0.60	-0.001	-185	.956
0.70	-0.014	-221	1.04
0.80	-0.121	-261	1.19
0.85	-0.311	-283	1.29
0.90	-0.738	-307	1.40
0.95	-1.58	-333	1.48
1.00	-3.01	-360	1.46
1.10	-7.48	-408	1.17
1.20	-12.9	-445	.873
1.30	-18.2	-472	.672
1.40	-23.4	-494	.540
1.50	-28.2	-511	.448
1.60	-32.7	-526	.380
1.70	-36.9	-539	.328
1.80	-40.8	-550	.287
1.90	-44.6	-560	.253
2.00	-48.2	-568	.226
2.25	-56.3	-586	.174
2.50	-63.7	-600	.139
2.75	-70.3	-611	.113
3.00	-76.3	-621	.094
3.25	-81.9	-629	.080
3.50	-87.1	-635	.069
4.00	-96.3	-646	.052
5.00	-112	-661	.033
6.00	-125	-671	.023
7.00	-135	-678	.017
8.00	-144	-683	.013
9.00	-153	-687	.010
10.0	-160	-691	.008

2. Unit to unit match for the same transfer function, set to the same frequency and operating configuration, and from the same manufacturing lot.

1. Normalized Group Delay: The above delay data is normalized to a corner frequency of 1.0 Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual corner frequency ( $f_c$ ).

$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Corner Frequency (fc) in Hz}}$$

# Linear Active Filters

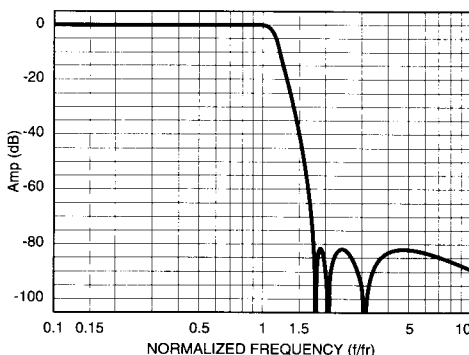
## Description

The D68L8E is an 8-pole, 6-zero elliptic low-pass filter, with a theoretical passband ripple of  $\pm 0.035$  dB. This response is a modified Cauer-elliptic function designed by FDI to minimize section "Qs", while maintaining a 0.035 dB / 80 dB shape factor of 1.77, an 82 dB stopband floor, and a 2-pole monotonic roll-off at high frequency.

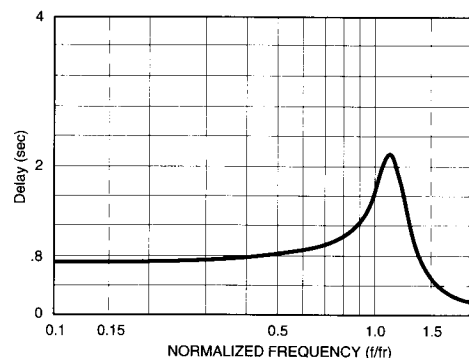
## Specifications

Transfer Function	8-pole, 6-zero Elliptic Low-Pass
Size	1.8" x 0.8" x 0.3"
Range $f_r$	10 Hz to 100 kHz
Passband Ripple 0 - $f_r$	(theoretical) $\pm 0.035$ dB
DC Voltage Gain (non-inverting)	$0 \pm 0.1$ dB max. $0 \pm 0.05$ dB typ.
Stopband Attenuation	80 dB min.
Cutoff Frequency $f_{r(-3dB)}$	$\pm 1\%$ max.
Stability	$\pm 0.01\%$ / °C
Amplitude	-0.035 dB
Phase	-323.5°
Filter Attenuation	(theoretical)
0.035 dB	1.00 $f_r$
3.01 dB	1.13 $f_r$
60.0 dB	1.67 $f_r$
80.0 dB	1.77 $f_r$
Phase Match <sup>2</sup> 0 - 0.8 $f_r$	$\pm 2^\circ$ max. $\pm 1^\circ$ typ.
0.8 $f_r$ - 1.0 $f_r$	$\pm 4^\circ$ max. $\pm 2^\circ$ typ.
Amplitude Accuracy	(theoretical)
0 - 0.8 $f_r$	$\pm 0.2$ dB max. $\pm 0.1$ dB typ.
0.8 $f_r$ - 1.0 $f_r$	$\pm 0.3$ dB max. $\pm 0.15$ dB typ.
Total Harmonic Distortion @ 1 kHz	< -100 dB typ.
Wide Band Noise (5 Hz - 2 MHz)	200 $\mu V_{RMS}$ typ.
Narrow Band Noise (5 Hz - 100 kHz)	50 $\mu V_{RMS}$ typ.

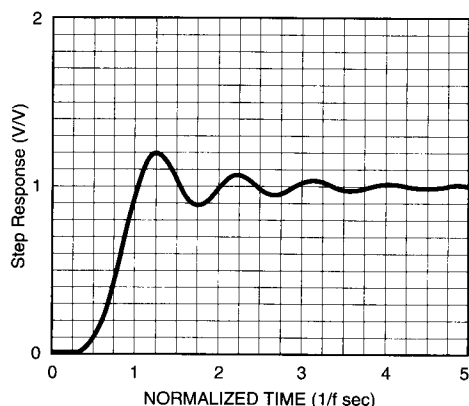
## Frequency Response



## Delay



## Step Response



## Theoretical Transfer Characteristics

$f/fr$ (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay <sup>1</sup> (sec)
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.713
0.10	-0.004	-25.7	0.716
0.20	-0.014	-51.6	0.724
0.30	-0.024	-77.9	0.740
0.40	-0.020	-105	0.767
0.50	0.007	-133	0.811
0.55	0.022	-148	0.840
0.60	0.033	-163	0.872
0.65	0.031	-179	0.908
0.70	0.014	-196	0.946
0.75	-0.015	-213	0.989
0.80	-0.041	-232	1.04
0.85	-0.046	-251	1.12
0.90	-0.016	-272	1.23
0.95	-0.025	-296	1.40
1.00	-0.035	-323	1.65
1.10	-1.76	-392	2.14
1.20	-8.28	-467	1.86
1.30	-18.4	-522	1.19
1.40	-29.3	-558	0.753
1.50	-40.1	-578	0.517
1.60	-51.5	-594	0.381
1.70	-65.2	-606	0.296
1.75	-75.0	-611	0.265
1.80	-113.0	-616	0.239
1.85	-83.6	-440	0.217
1.90	-82.0	-444	0.198
1.95	-83.7	-447	0.182
2.00	-87.8	-450	0.168
2.20	-85.8	-280	0.126
2.40	-82.0	-289	0.099
2.60	-83.5	-295	0.081
2.80	-88.2	-301	0.067
3.00	-99.9	-305	0.057
3.50	-87.2	-134	0.040
4.00	-83.1	-140	0.030
5.00	-82.1	-148	0.018
6.00	-83.1	-154	0.013
7.00	-84.6	-157	0.009
8.00	-86.2	-160	0.007
9.00	-87.8	-163	0.005
10.0	-89.3	-164	0.004

2. Unit to unit match for the same transfer function, set to the same frequency and operating configuration, and from the same manufacturing lot.

1. Normalized Group Delay: The above delay data is normalized to a ripple frequency of 1.0 Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual ripple frequency ( $f_r$ ).

$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Ripple Frequency (fr) in Hz}}$$



**Linear Active Filters**

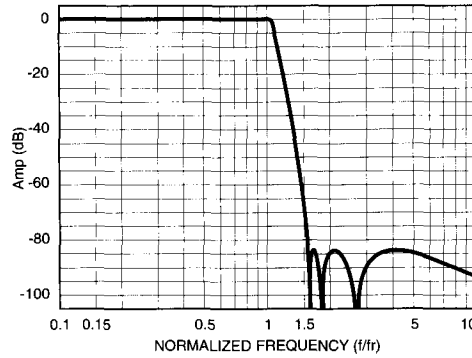
**Description**

The D68L8EX is an 8-pole, 6-zero Cauer elliptic low-pass filter, with a theoretical passband ripple of 0.05 dB. This response has a 0.05 dB / 80 dB shape factor of 1.56, an 84 dB stopband floor and a 2-pole monotonic roll-off at high frequency.

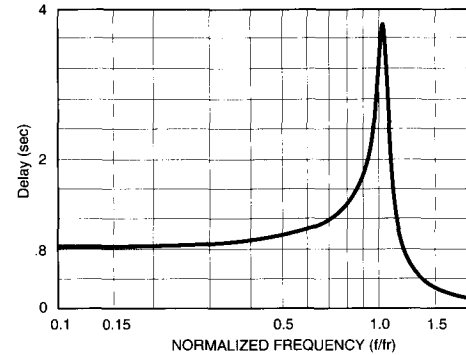
**Specifications**

Transfer Function	8-pole, 6-zero Elliptic Low-Pass
Size	1.8" x 0.8" x 0.3"
Range $f_r$	10 Hz to 100 kHz
Passband Ripple 0 - $f_r$	(theoretical) 0.05 dB
DC Voltage Gain (non-inverting)	0 ± 0.1 dB max. 0 ± 0.05 dB typ.
Stopband Attenuation	80 dB min.
Cutoff Frequency $f_r$ (-3dB)	± 1 % max.
Stability	± 0.01 % / °C
Phase	- 414°
Filter Attenuation	(theoretical)
0.05 dB	1.00 $f_r$
3.01 dB	1.05 $f_r$
60.0 dB	1.45 $f_r$
80.0 dB	1.56 $f_r$
Phase Match <sup>2</sup>	
0 - 0.8 $f_r$	± 3° max. ± 1.5° typ.
0.8 $f_r$ - 1.0 $f_r$	± 4° max. ± 2° typ.
Amplitude Accuracy	(theoretical)
0 - 0.8 $f_r$	± 0.2 dB max. ± 0.1 dB typ.
0.8 $f_r$ - 1.0 $f_r$	± 0.5 dB max. ± 0.25 dB typ.
Total Harmonic Distortion @ 1 kHz	< - 88 dB typ.
Wide Band Noise (5 Hz - 2 MHz)	250 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.
Narrow Band Noise (5 Hz - 100 kHz)	75 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.

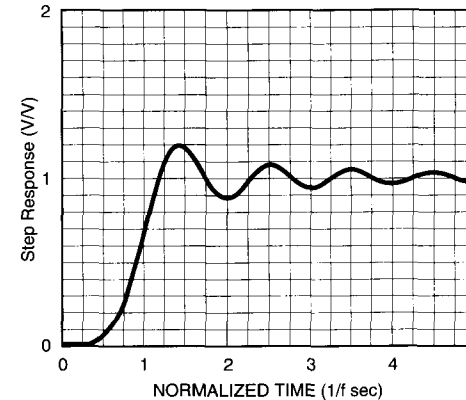
**Frequency Response**



**Delay**



**Step Response**



**Theoretical Transfer Characteristics**

$f/fr$ (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay <sup>1</sup> (sec)
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.823
0.10	-0.001	-29.7	0.829
0.20	-0.013	-59.8	0.844
0.30	-0.040	-90.5	0.865
0.40	-0.049	-122	0.904
0.50	-0.018	-156	0.972
0.55	-0.003	-174	1.016
0.60	-0.002	-192	1.064
0.65	-0.019	-212	1.116
0.70	-0.042	-233	1.178
0.75	-0.049	-255	1.264
0.80	-0.026	-279	1.388
0.85	-0.001	-305	1.557
0.90	-0.024	-335	1.767
0.95	-0.045	-369	2.111
1.00	-0.050	-414	3.062
1.10	-10.48	-531	2.043
1.20	-25.96	-576	0.814
1.30	-39.45	-598	0.493
1.40	-52.87	-614	0.348
1.50	-69.11	-624	0.265
1.60	-89.09	-453	0.211
1.70	-85.32	-459	0.174
1.75	-89.95	-463	0.156
1.80	-103.5	-465	0.147
1.85	-95.94	-288	0.158
1.90	-89.31	-290	0.126
1.95	-86.44	-292	0.117
2.00	-84.96	-295	0.110
2.20	-84.54	-302	0.087
2.40	-88.65	-307	0.069
2.60	-99.78	-311	0.057
2.80	-99.97	-135	0.048
3.00	-90.20	-139	0.041
3.50	-85.09	-145	0.029
4.00	-84.04	-150	0.022
5.00	-84.76	-156	0.014
6.00	-86.45	-160	0.009
7.00	-88.31	-163	0.007
8.00	-90.11	-165	0.005
9.00	-91.82	-167	0.004
10.0	-93.41	-168	0.003

2. Unit to unit match for the same transfer function, set to the same frequency and operating configuration, and from the same manufacturing lot.

1. Normalized Group Delay: The above delay data is normalized to a ripple frequency of 1.0 Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual ripple frequency ( $f_r$ ).

$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Ripple Frequency (fr) in Hz}}$$

# Linear Active Filters

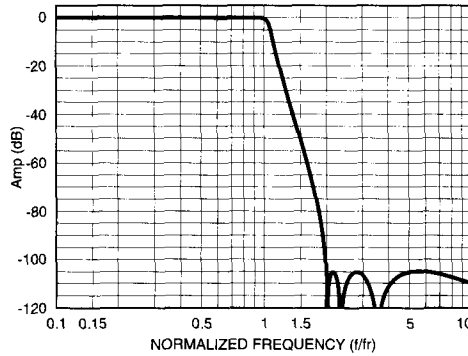
## Description

The D68L8EY is a, 8-pole, 6-zero elliptic low-pass filter, with a theoretical pass-band ripple of 0.05 dB. This response is a Cauer-elliptic function with a 0.05 dB / 100 dB shape factor of 2.00, an 105 dB stopband floor, and a 2-pole monotonic roll-off at high frequency.

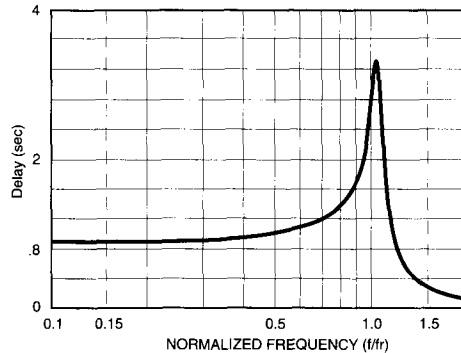
## Specifications

Transfer Function	8-pole, 6-zero Elliptic Low-Pass
Size	1.8" x 0.8" x 0.3"
Range $f_r$	10 Hz to 100 kHz
Passband Ripple 0 - $f_r$	(theoretical) 0.05 dB
DC Voltage Gain (non-inverting)	0 ± 0.1 dB max. 0 ± 0.05 dB typ.
Stopband Attenuation	100 dB min.
Cutoff Frequency $f_r$ (-3dB)	± 2 % max.
Stability	± 0.01 % / °C
Phase	- 419°
Filter Attenuation 0.035 dB	(theoretical) 1.00 $f_r$
3.01 dB	1.06 $f_r$
80.0 dB	1.83 $f_r$
100.0 dB	2.00 $f_r$
Phase Match <sup>2</sup> 0 - 0.8 $f_r$	± 3° max. ± 1.5° typ.
0.8 $f_r$ - 1.0 $f_r$	± 4° max. ± 2° typ.
Amplitude Accuracy 0 - 0.8 $f_r$	(theoretical) ± 0.2 dB max. ± 0.1 dB typ.
0.8 $f_r$ - 1.0 $f_r$	± 0.5 dB max. ± 0.25 dB typ.
Total Harmonic Distortion @ 1 kHz	< - 88 dB typ.
Wide Band Noise (5 Hz - 2 MHz)	250 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.
Narrow Band Noise (5 Hz - 100 kHz)	75 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.

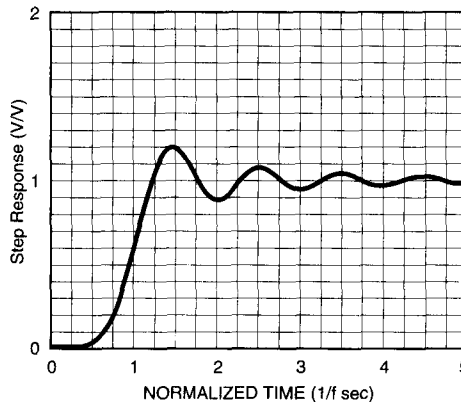
## Frequency Response



## Delay



## Step Response



## Theoretical Transfer Characteristics

$f/fr$ (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay <sup>1</sup> (sec)
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.885
0.10	-0.001	-31.9	0.891
0.20	-0.015	-64.2	0.903
0.30	-0.040	-97.0	0.922
0.40	-0.042	-131	0.958
0.50	-0.001	-166	1.020
0.55	0.000	-185	1.057
0.60	-0.007	-204	1.099
0.65	-0.027	-225	1.140
0.70	-0.045	-245	1.193
0.75	-0.040	-268	1.269
0.80	-0.014	-291	1.377
0.85	-0.001	-317	1.513
0.90	-0.031	-346	1.677
0.95	-0.036	-378	1.960
1.00	-0.046	-419	2.681
1.10	-7.910	-525	2.127
1.20	-21.06	-573	0.856
1.30	-31.96	-597	0.509
1.40	-41.51	-612	0.357
1.50	-50.35	-623	0.271
1.60	-58.90	-632	0.216
1.70	-67.54	-639	0.177
1.75	-72.04	-642	0.162
1.80	-76.79	-645	0.149
1.85	-81.93	-647	0.138
1.90	-87.78	-650	0.128
1.95	-95.04	-652	0.119
2.00	-106.6	-654	0.111
2.20	-106.0	-481	0.087
2.40	-121.3	-307	0.070
2.60	-106.5	-311	0.058
2.80	-105.0	-315	0.049
3.00	-106.4	-318	0.042
3.50	-123.6	-325	0.030
4.00	-111.5	-149	0.022
5.00	-105.4	-156	0.014
6.00	-105.1	-160	0.010
7.00	-106.0	-163	0.007
8.00	-107.3	-165	0.005
9.00	-108.6	-167	0.004
10.0	-110.0	-168	0.003

2. Unit to unit match for the same transfer function, set to the same frequency and operating configuration, and from the same manufacturing lot.

1. Normalized Group Delay: The above delay data is normalized to a ripple frequency of 1.0 Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual ripple frequency ( $f_r$ ).

$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Ripple Frequency (fr) in Hz}}$$

# Linear Active Filters

# 8-Pole Bessel Low-Pass Filter

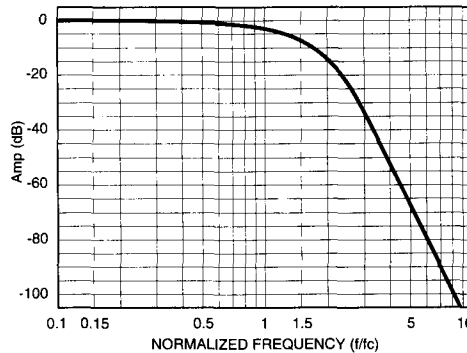
## Description

The D68L8L is an 8-pole low-pass Bessel transfer function, has a monotonic roll-off in the passband and the stopband, and its final rolloff rate is 48 dB/octave in the stopband. It exhibits a constant delay in the passband and has an overshoot free step response.

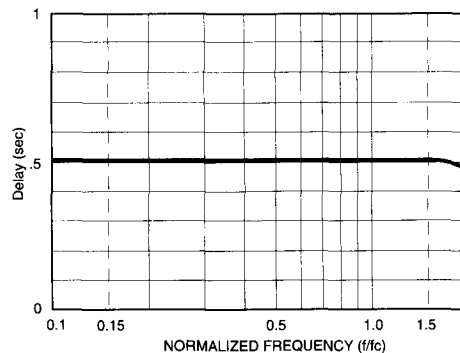
## Specifications

Transfer Function	8-pole Bessel Low-Pass
Size	1.8" x 0.8" x 0.3"
Range $f_c$	10 Hz to 100 kHz
Passband Ripple (theoretical)	0.0 dB
DC Voltage Gain (non-inverting)	$0 \pm 0.1$ dB max. $0 \pm 0.05$ dB typ.
Stopband Attenuation Rate	48 dB/octave
Cutoff Frequency $f_c$ (-3 dB)	$\pm 1$ % max.
Stability	$\pm 0.01$ % / °C
Phase	-182°
Filter Attenuation	(theoretical)
1.91 dB	$0.80 f_c$
3.01 dB	$1.00 f_c$
60.0 dB	$4.52 f_c$
80.0 dB	$6.07 f_c$
Phase Match <sup>2</sup> 0 - $f_c$	$\pm 2^\circ$ max. $\pm 1^\circ$ typ.
Amplitude Accuracy 0 - $f_c$	(theoretical) $\pm 0.2$ dB max. $\pm 0.1$ dB typ.
Total Harmonic Distortion @ 1 kHz	< -100 dB typ.
Wide Band Noise (5 Hz - 2 MHz)	200 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.
Narrow Band Noise (5 Hz - 100 kHz)	50 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.

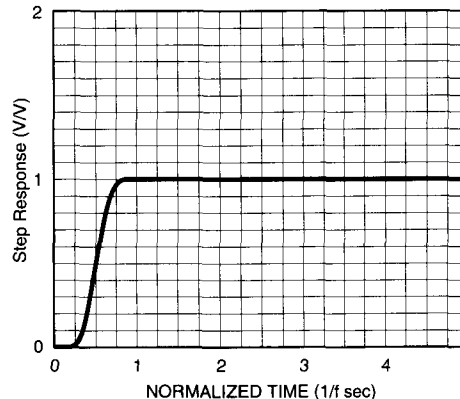
## Frequency Response



## Delay (Normalized)



## Step Response



## Theoretical Transfer Characteristics

$f/f_c$ (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay <sup>1</sup> (sec)
0.00	0.00	0.00	.506
0.10	-0.029	-18.2	.506
0.20	-0.117	-36.4	.506
0.30	-0.264	-54.7	.506
0.40	-0.470	-72.9	.506
0.50	-0.737	-91.1	.506
0.60	-1.06	-109	.506
0.70	-1.45	-128	.506
0.80	-1.91	-146	.506
0.85	-2.16	-155	.506
0.90	-2.42	-164	.506
0.95	-2.71	-173	.506
1.00	-3.01	-182	.506
1.10	-3.67	-200	.506
1.20	-4.40	-219	.506
1.30	-5.20	-237	.506
1.40	-6.10	-255	.505
1.50	-7.08	-273	.504
1.60	-8.16	-291	.502
1.70	-9.36	-309	.498
1.80	-10.7	-327	.492
1.90	-12.1	-345	.482
2.00	-13.7	-362	.468
2.25	-18.1	-402	.417
2.50	-23.1	-436	.352
2.75	-28.3	-465	.291
3.00	-33.4	-489	.241
3.25	-38.3	-509	.201
3.50	-43.1	-526	.170
4.00	-51.8	-552	.126
5.00	-66.8	-587	.077
6.00	-79.2	-610	.052
7.00	-89.8	-626	.038
8.00	-99.0	-638	.029
9.00	-107	-647	.023
10.0	-114	-655	.018

2. Unit to unit match for the same transfer function, set to the same frequency and operating configuration, and from the same manufacturing lot.

1. Normalized Group Delay: The above delay data is normalized to a corner frequency of 1.0 Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual corner frequency ( $f_c$ ).

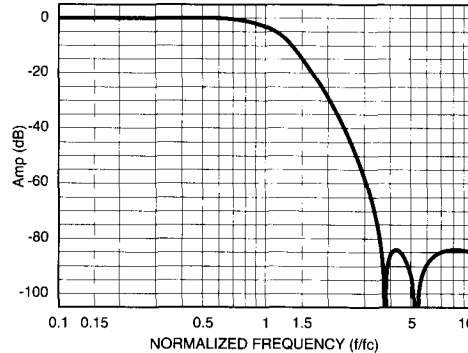
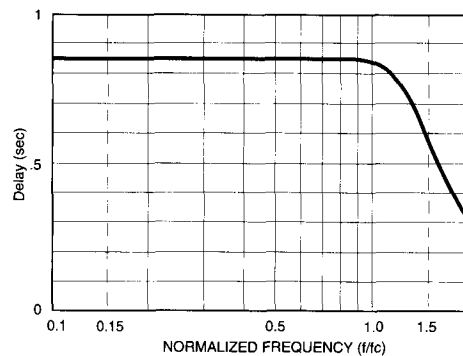
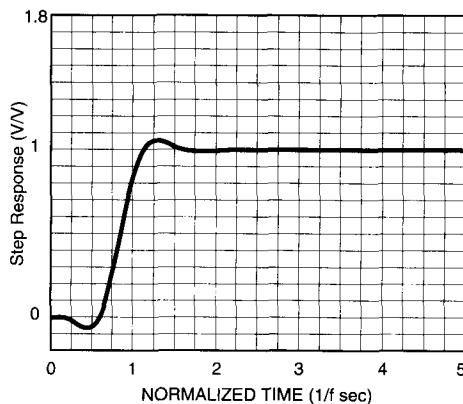
$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Corner Frequency (fc) in Hz}}$$

**Linear Active Filters**
**Description**

The D68L8D is an 8-pole, 6-zero constant delay low-pass filter which combines the pole configuration of an 8-pole Bessel low-pass filter with passband and stopband zeros. Compared to a Bessel filter, this function exhibits a flatter response in the passband and a much higher roll off rate in the stopband to the specified 80 dB floor. This response maintains a constant delay in the pass band.

**Specifications**

Transfer Function	8-pole, 6-zero Constant Delay Low-Pass
Size	1.8" x 0.8" x 0.3"
Range $f_c$	10 Hz to 100 kHz
Passband Ripple (theoretical)	0.15 dB
DC Voltage Gain (non-inverting)	$0 \pm 0.1$ dB max. $0 \pm 0.05$ dB typ.
Stopband Attenuation	80 dB min
Cutoff Frequency $f_c$ (-3 dB) Stability Phase	$\pm 1\%$ max. $\pm 0.01\%$ / °C $-306^\circ$
Filter Attenuation 3.01 dB 60.0 dB 80.0 dB	(theoretical) 1.00 $f_c$ 3.08 $f_c$ 3.57 $f_c$
Phase Match <sup>2</sup> 0 - $f_c$	$\pm 2^\circ$ max. $\pm 1^\circ$ typ.
Amplitude Accuracy 0 - 0.8 $f_c$ 0.8 $f_c$ - 1.0 $f_c$	(theoretical) $\pm 0.2$ dB max. $\pm 0.1$ dB typ. $\pm 0.3$ dB max. $\pm 0.15$ dB typ.
Total Harmonic Distortion @ 1 kHz	$< -100$ dB typ.
Wide Band Noise (5 Hz - 2 MHz)	200 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.
Narrow Band Noise (5 Hz - 100 kHz)	50 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.

**Frequency Response**

**Delay**

**Step Response**

**Theoretical Transfer Characteristics**

$f/f_c$ (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay <sup>1</sup> (sec)
0.00	0.00	0.00	.852
0.10	0.017	-30.7	.852
0.20	0.058	-61.3	.852
0.30	0.099	-92.0	.852
0.40	0.105	-123	.852
0.50	0.034	-153	.852
0.60	-0.157	-184	.852
0.70	-0.510	-215	.852
0.80	-1.07	-245	.851
0.85	-1.44	-261	.850
0.90	-1.89	-276	.849
0.95	-2.41	-291	.846
1.00	-3.01	-306	.841
1.10	-4.50	-336	.821
1.20	-6.39	-365	.783
1.40	-11.3	-417	.656
1.60	-17.1	-459	.512
1.80	-23.2	-492	.396
2.00	-29.1	-517	.312
2.25	-36.3	-542	.239
2.50	-43.4	-561	.189
2.75	-50.3	-576	.153
3.00	-57.6	-589	.127
3.25	-62.5	-599	.107
3.50	-75.4	-608	.092
3.75	-98.3	-616	.079
4.00	-86.3	-442	.069
4.25	-84.1	-448	.061
4.50	-85.1	-454	.054
4.75	-87.9	-458	.049
5.00	-92.8	-462	.044
5.25	-104	-466	.040
5.50	-101	-289	.036
5.75	-93.3	-293	.033
6.00	-89.9	-295	.030
6.50	-86.6	-300	.026
7.00	-85.1	-305	.022
8.00	-84.1	-312	.017
9.00	-84.3	-317	.013
10.0	-84.9	-321	.011

2. Unit to unit match for the same transfer function, set to the same frequency and operating configuration, and from the same manufacturing lot.

1. Normalized Group Delay: The above delay data is normalized to a corner frequency of 1.0 Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual corner frequency ( $f_c$ ).

$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Corner Frequency (fc) in Hz}}$$

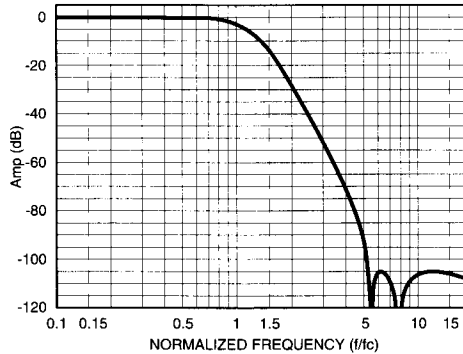
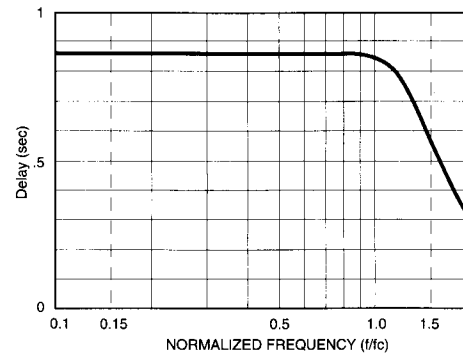
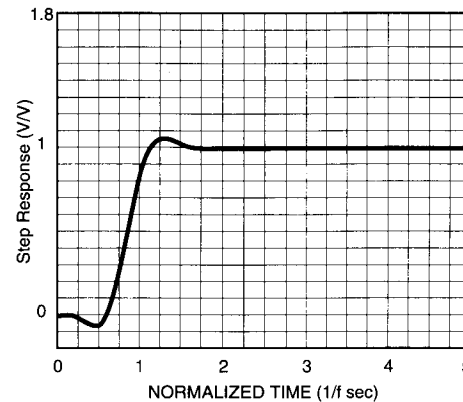


**8-Pole, 6-Zero  
Constant Delay  
Low-Pass Filter**
**Linear Active Filters**
**Description**

The D68L8D10 is a, 8-pole, 6-zero constant delay low-pass filter which combines the pole configuration of an 8-pole Bessel low-pass filter with passband and stopband zeros. Compared to a Bessel filter, this function exhibits a flatter response in the passband and a much higher roll off rate in the stopband to the specified 100 dB floor. This response maintains a constant delay in the pass band.

**Specifications**

Transfer Function	8-pole, 6-zero Constant Delay Low-Pass
Size	1.8" x 0.8" x 0.3"
Range $f_c$	10 Hz to 100 kHz
Passband Ripple (theoretical)	0.15 dB
DC Voltage Gain (non-inverting)	0 ± 0.1 dB max. 0 ± 0.05 dB typ.
Stopband Attenuation	100 dB min
Cutoff Frequency $f_c$ (-3dB)	± 2 % max.
Stability	± 0.01 % / °C
Phase	- 311°
Filter Attenuation	(theoretical)
3.01 dB	1.00 $f_c$
80.0 dB	4.45 $f_c$
100.0 dB	5.20 $f_c$
Phase Match <sup>2</sup>	
0 - $f_c$	± 2° max. ± 1° typ.
Amplitude Accuracy	(theoretical)
0 - 0.8 $f_c$	± 0.2 dB max. ± 0.1 dB typ.
0.8 $f_c$ - 1.0 $f_c$	± 0.3 dB max. ± 0.15 dB typ.
Total Harmonic Distortion @ 1 kHz	< - 88 dB typ.
Wide Band Noise (5 Hz - 2 MHz)	200 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.
Narrow Band Noise (5 Hz - 100 kHz)	50 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.

**Frequency Response**

**Delay**

**Step Response**

**Theoretical Transfer Characteristics**

$f/f_c$ (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay <sup>1</sup> (sec)
0.00	0.00	0.00	.865
0.10	0.015	-31.1	.865
0.20	0.051	-62.3	.865
0.30	0.085	-93.4	.865
0.40	0.085	-125	.865
0.50	0.010	-156	.865
0.60	-0.182	-187	.865
0.70	-0.532	-218	.865
0.80	-1.09	-249	.864
0.85	-1.45	-265	.863
0.90	-1.89	-280	.861
0.95	-2.41	-296	.857
1.00	-3.01	-311	.851
1.10	-4.50	-341	.828
1.20	-6.38	-370	.785
1.40	-11.2	-422	.650
1.60	-16.8	-464	.504
1.80	-22.5	-496	.389
2.00	-28.0	-520	.306
2.25	-34.5	-544	.235
2.50	-40.5	-563	.186
2.75	-46.1	-578	.151
3.00	-51.4	-591	.125
3.50	-61.5	-610	.090
4.00	-71.2	-624	.068
4.50	-81.3	-635	.054
5.00	-93.4	-643	.043
5.50	-142	-651	.036
6.00	-105	-476	.030
6.20	-105	-478	.028
6.50	-106	-481	.025
7.00	-110	-486	.022
8.00	-122	-312	.017
9.00	-109	-318	.013
10.0	-106	-322	.011
12.0	-105	-328	.007
14.0	-106	-333	.005
16.0	-107	-336	.004
18.0	-108	-339	.003
20.0	-109	-341	.003

2. Unit to unit match for the same transfer function, set to the same frequency and operating configuration, and from the same manufacturing lot.

1. Normalized Group Delay: The above delay data is normalized to a corner frequency of 1.0 Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual corner frequency ( $f_c$ ).

$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Corner Frequency (fc) in Hz}}$$

# Linear Active Filters

# 8-Pole Butterworth High-Pass Filter

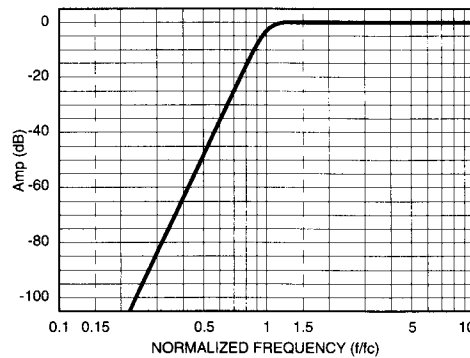
## Description

The D68L8B is an 8-pole high-pass filter, is maximally flat, has no ripple in the passband, and has a monotonic roll-up at the rate of 48 dB/octave in the stopband.

## Specifications

Transfer Function	8-pole Butterworth High-Pass
Size	1.8" x 0.8" x 0.3"
Range $f_c$	10 Hz to 100 kHz
Passband Ripple (theoretical)	0.0 dB
DC Voltage Gain (non-inverting)	0 ± 0.2 dB to 100 kHz 0 ± 0.5 dB to 120 kHz
Power Bandwidth	120 kHz
Small Signal Bandwidth	(-6 dB) 1 MHz
Stopband Attenuation Rate	48 dB/octave
Cutoff Frequency $f_{c(-3dB)}$	± 1 % max.
Stability	± 0.01 % / °C
Phase	- 360°
Filter Attenuation (theoretical)	
80 dB	0.31 $f_c$
60 dB	0.42 $f_c$
3.01 dB	1.00 $f_c$
0.00 dB	2.00 $f_c$
Phase Match <sup>2</sup> $f_c$ - 100 kHz	± 3° max. ± 1.5° typ.
Amplitude Accuracy (theoretical)	
1.0 - 1.25 $f_c$	± 0.30 dB max. ± 0.15 dB typ.
1.25 $f_c$ - 100 kHz	± 0.20 dB max. ± 0.10 dB typ.
Total Harmonic Distortion @ 1 kHz	< - 88 dB typ.
Wide Band Noise (5 Hz - 2 MHz)	400 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.
Narrow Band Noise (5 Hz - 100 kHz)	100 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.

## Frequency Response



## Theoretical Transfer Characteristics

f/fc (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay <sup>1</sup> (sec)
0.10	-160	691	0.819
0.20	-112	661	0.828
0.30	-83.7	631	0.843
0.40	-63.7	600	0.867
0.50	-48.2	568	0.903
0.60	-35.5	535	0.956
0.70	-24.8	499	1.04
0.80	-15.6	459	1.19
0.85	-11.6	437	1.29
0.90	-8.06	413	1.40
0.95	-5.15	386	1.48
1.00	-3.01	360	1.46
1.20	-0.229	275	0.873
1.40	-0.020	226	0.540
1.60	-0.002	194	0.380
1.80	0.00	170	0.287
2.00	0.00	152	0.226
2.50	0.00	120	0.139
3.00	0.00	99.2	0.094
4.00	0.00	74.0	0.052
5.00	0.00	59.0	0.033
6.00	0.00	49.0	0.023
7.00	0.00	42.1	0.017
8.00	0.00	36.8	0.013
9.00	0.00	32.7	0.010
10.0	0.00	29.4	0.008

2. Unit to unit match for the same transfer function, set to the same frequency and operating configuration, and from the same manufacturing lot.

1. Normalized Group Delay: The above delay data is normalized to a corner frequency of 1.0 Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual corner frequency (fc).

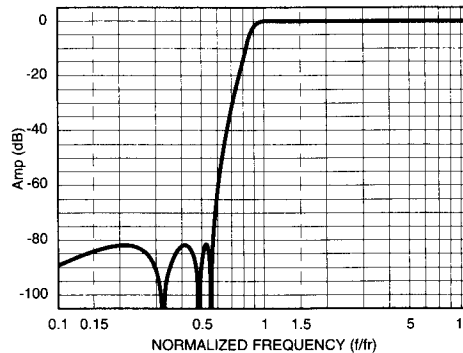
$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Corner Frequency (fc) in Hz}}$$

**Linear Active Filters**
**Description**

The D68H8E is an 8-pole, 6-zero elliptic high-pass filter with a theoretical pass-band ripple of  $\pm 0.035$  dB. This response function is a modified Caer elliptic function designed by FDI to minimize section "Qs", while maintaining a .035 dB/80 dB shape factor of 1.77, an 82 dB stopband floor, and a 2-pole monotonic roll-up at low frequency.

**Specifications**

Transfer Function	8-pole, 6-zero Elliptic High-Pass
Size	1.8" x 0.8" x 0.3"
Range $f_r$	10 Hz to 100 kHz
Passband Ripple 0 - $f_r$	(theoretical) $\pm 0.035$ dB
DC Voltage Gain (non-inverting)	0 $\pm$ 0.2 dB to 100 kHz 0 $\pm$ 0.5 dB to 120 kHz
Power Bandwidth	120 kHz
Small Signal Bandwidth	(-6 dB) 1 MHz
Stopband Attenuation Floor	80 dB
Cutoff Frequency $f_r$ (-3 dB)	$\pm 1$ % max.
Stability	$\pm 0.01$ % / °C
Phase	- 323.5°
Filter Attenuation	(theoretical)
80.0 dB	0.56 $f_r$
60.0 dB	0.60 $f_r$
3.01 dB	0.88 $f_r$
0.03 dB	1.00 $f_r$
0.00 dB	2.00 $f_r$
Phase Match <sup>2</sup> 0 - 0.8 $f_r$	$\pm 4^\circ$ max. $\pm 2^\circ$ typ.
0.8 $f_r$ - 100 kHz	$\pm 2^\circ$ max. $\pm 1^\circ$ typ.
Amplitude Accuracy	(theoretical)
1.00 - 1.25 $f_r$	$\pm 0.3$ dB max. $\pm 0.15$ dB typ.
1.25 $f_r$ - 100 kHz	$\pm 0.2$ dB max. $\pm 0.1$ dB typ.
Total Harmonic Distortion @ 1 kHz	< - 88 dB typ.

**Frequency Response**


Wide Band Noise      400  $\mu$ V<sub>RMS</sub> typ.  
(5 Hz - 2 MHz)

Narrow Band Noise      100  $\mu$ V<sub>RMS</sub> typ.  
(5 Hz - 100 kHz)

**Theoretical Transfer Characteristics**

$f/fr$ (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay <sup>1</sup> (sec)
0.10	-89.3	164.3	0.440
0.20	-82.1	148.1	0.459
0.30	-90.6	131.0	0.495
0.40	-82.4	292.2	0.559
0.50	-87.8	450.2	0.671
0.55	-90.0	437.4	0.761
0.60	-60.2	602.6	0.890
0.70	-32.4	563.1	1.37
0.80	-13.1	497.5	2.35
0.85	-6.28	450.8	2.77
0.90	-2.21	401.0	2.66
0.95	-0.51	357.5	2.15
1.00	-0.03	323.5	1.64
1.10	-0.01	276.6	1.04
1.20	-0.05	224.8	0.757
1.30	-0.03	220.6	0.596
1.40	0.01	201.2	0.486
1.50	0.03	185.1	0.409
1.60	0.03	171.6	0.347
1.70	0.03	160.0	0.299
1.80	0.02	150.0	0.260
1.90	0.01	141.1	0.229
2.00	0.01	133.4	0.203
2.50	-0.02	105.0	0.123
3.00	-0.02	86.9	0.083
4.00	-0.02	64.7	0.046
5.00	-0.01	51.6	0.029
6.00	-0.01	42.9	0.020
7.00	-0.01	36.8	0.015
8.00	-0.01	32.1	0.011
9.00	-0.01	28.6	0.009
10.0	0.00	25.7	0.007

2. Unit to unit match for the same transfer function, set to the same frequency and operating configuration, and from the same manufacturing lot.

1. Normalized Group Delay: The above delay data is normalized to a ripple frequency of 1.0 Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual ripple frequency ( $f_r$ ).

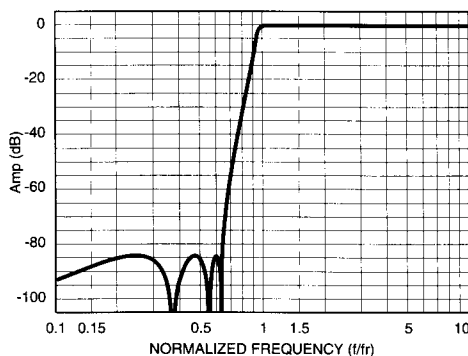
$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Ripple Frequency (fr) in Hz}}$$

**Linear Active Filters**
**Description**

The D68H8EX is an 8-pole, 6-zero Cauer elliptic high-pass filter with a theoretical passband ripple of 0.05 dB. This response has a 0.05 dB/80 dB shape factor of 1.56, an 84dB stopband floor, and a 2-pole monotonic roll-up at low frequency.

**Specifications**

Transfer Function	8-pole, 6-zero Elliptic High-Pass
Size	1.8" x 0.8" x 0.3"
Range $f_r$	10 Hz to 100 kHz
Passband Ripple	(theoretical) 0 - $f_r$ 0.05 dB
DC Voltage Gain	0 ± 0.2 dB to 100 kHz (non-inverting) 0 ± 0.5 dB to 120 kHz
Power Bandwidth	120 kHz
Small Signal Bandwidth	(-6 dB) 1 MHz
Stopband	
Attenuation Floor	80 dB
Cutoff Frequency $f_r$ (-3dB)	± 1 % max.
Stability	± 0.01 % / °C
Phase	- 414°
Filter Attenuation	(theoretical)
80.0 dB	0.64 $f_r$
60.0 dB	0.69 $f_r$
3.01 dB	0.95 $f_r$
0.05 dB	1.00 $f_r$
0.00 dB	2.00 $f_r$
Phase Match <sup>2</sup>	
0 - 0.8 $f_r$	± 4° max. ± 2° typ.
0.8 $f_r$ - 100 kHz	± 2° max. ± 1° typ.
Amplitude Accuracy	(theoretical)
1.00 - 1.25 $f_r$	± 0.5 dB max. ± 0.25 dB typ.
1.25 $f_r$ - 100 kHz	± 0.2 dB max. ± 0.1 dB typ.
Total Harmonic Distortion @ 1 kHz	< - 88 dB typ.
Wide Band Noise (5 Hz - 2 MHz)	500 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.
Narrow Band Noise (5 Hz - 100 kHz)	150 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.

**Frequency Response**

**Theoretical Transfer Characteristics**

$f/fr$ (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay <sup>1</sup> (sec)
0.10	-93.4	168.0	0.334
0.20	-84.8	155.8	0.344
0.30	-86.0	143.1	0.363
0.40	-92.6	309.6	0.392
0.50	-85.0	294.7	0.439
0.55	-114	286.5	0.472
0.60	-84.1	457.7	0.515
0.70	-57.0	616.9	0.652
0.80	-32.8	588.8	0.962
0.85	-22.6	568.6	1.325
0.90	-12.3	538.1	2.198
0.95	-3.08	482.7	3.993
1.00	-0.05	414.4	3.062
1.10	-0.03	340.7	1.498
1.20	-0.01	295.8	1.039
1.30	-0.04	263.6	0.773
1.40	-0.05	238.9	0.612
1.50	-0.03	218.9	0.505
1.60	-0.01	202.3	0.426
1.70	0.00	188.1	0.364
1.80	0.00	175.9	0.315
1.90	-0.01	165.3	0.275
2.00	-0.02	156.0	0.243
2.50	-0.05	122.3	0.145
3.00	-0.05	101.0	0.097
4.00	-0.03	75.1	0.053
5.00	-0.01	59.8	0.034
6.00	-0.01	49.7	0.023
7.00	0.00	42.5	0.017
8.00	0.00	37.2	0.013
9.00	0.00	33.0	0.010
10.0	0.00	29.7	0.008

2. Unit to unit match for the same transfer function, set to the same frequency and operating configuration, and from the same manufacturing lot.

1. Normalized Group Delay: The above delay data is normalized to a ripple frequency of 1.0 Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual ripple frequency ( $f_r$ ).

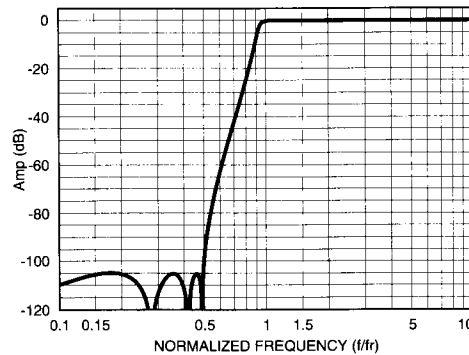
$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Ripple Frequency (fr) in Hz}}$$

**Linear Active Filters**
**Description**

The D68H8EY is a, 8-pole, 6-zero elliptic high-pass filter with a theoretical passband ripple of 0.05 dB. This response function is a Caueer elliptic function with a 0.05 dB/100 dB shape factor of 2.00, an 105 dB stopband floor, and a 2-pole monotonic roll-up at low frequency.

**Specifications**

Transfer Function	8-pole, 6-zero Elliptic High-Pass
Size	1.8" x 0.8" x 0.3"
Range $f_r$	10 Hz to 100 kHz
Passband Ripple 0 - $f_r$	(theoretical) 0.05 dB
DC Voltage Gain (non-inverting)	0 ± 0.2 dB to 100 kHz 0 ± 0.5 dB to 120 kHz
Power Bandwidth	120 kHz
Small Signal Bandwidth	(-6 dB) 1 MHz
Stopband Attenuation Floor	100 dB
Cutoff Frequency $f_r$ (-3dB)	± 2 % max.
Stability	± 0.01 % / °C
Phase	- 419°
Filter Attenuation 100.0 dB	(theoretical) 0.50 $f_r$
80.0 dB	0.55 $f_r$
3.01 dB	0.94 $f_r$
0.03 dB	1.00 $f_r$
0.00 dB	2.00 $f_r$
Phase Match <sup>2</sup> 0 - 0.8 $f_r$	± 4° max. ± 2° typ.
0.8 $f_r$ - 100 kHz	± 2° max. ± 1° typ.
Amplitude Accuracy 1.00 - 1.25 $f_r$	(theoretical) ± 0.5 dB max. ± 0.25 dB typ.
1.25 $f_r$ - 100 kHz	± 0.2 dB max. ± 0.1 dB typ.
Total Harmonic Distortion @ 1 kHz	< - 88 dB typ.
Wide Band Noise (5 Hz - 2 MHz)	500 $\mu$ V <sub>RMS</sub> typ.

**Frequency Response**


Narrow Band Noise  
(5 Hz - 100 kHz)      150  $\mu$ V<sub>RMS</sub> typ.

**Theoretical Transfer Characteristics**

$f/fr$ (Hz)	Amp (dB)	Phase (deg)	Delay <sup>1</sup> (sec)
0.10	-110.0	167.9	0.338
0.20	-105.4	155.6	0.348
0.30	-113.7	322.7	0.367
0.40	-109.9	309.0	0.397
0.50	-106.6	653.9	0.445
0.55	-78.60	645.6	0.480
0.60	-64.62	636.6	0.524
0.70	-44.09	615.4	0.669
0.80	-26.73	586.3	1.001
0.85	-18.19	565.1	1.401
0.90	-9.460	532.8	2.315
0.95	-2.162	478.3	3.604
1.00	-0.046	419.2	2.681
1.10	-0.038	351.6	1.416
1.20	-0.001	308.4	1.018
1.30	-0.032	276.5	0.773
1.40	-0.046	251.7	0.618
1.50	-0.034	231.4	0.514
1.60	-0.016	214.4	0.436
1.70	-0.004	199.8	0.376
1.80	0.000	187.1	0.328
1.90	-0.003	176.1	0.288
2.00	-0.010	166.3	0.255
2.50	-0.042	130.8	0.153
3.00	-0.045	108.2	0.103
4.00	-0.028	80.55	0.057
5.00	-0.015	64.22	0.036
6.00	-0.008	53.41	0.025
7.00	-0.005	45.72	0.018
8.00	-0.003	39.97	0.014
9.00	-0.002	35.51	0.011
10.0	-0.001	31.94	0.009

2. Unit to unit match for the same transfer function, set to the same frequency and operating configuration, and from the same manufacturing lot.

1. Normalized Group Delay: The above delay data is normalized to a ripple frequency of 1.0 Hz. The actual delay is the normalized delay divided by the actual ripple frequency ( $f_r$ ).

$$\text{Actual Delay} = \frac{\text{Normalized Delay}}{\text{Actual Ripple Frequency } (f_r) \text{ in Hz}}$$

### Specification

(@ 25°C and Vs ± 15 Vdc)

#### Analog Input Characteristics<sup>1</sup>

Impedance	10 kΩ min.
Voltage Range	± 10 Vpeak
Max. Safe Voltage	± Vs

#### Analog Output Characteristics

Impedance(Closed Loop)	1 Ω typ. 10 Ω max.
Linear Operating Range	± 10 V
Maximum Current <sup>2</sup>	± 2 mA
Offset Voltage <sup>3</sup>	2 mV typ. 20 mV max.
Offset Temp. Coeff.	50 μV / °C

#### Power Supply (±Vs)

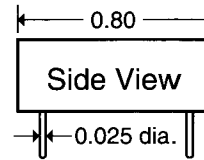
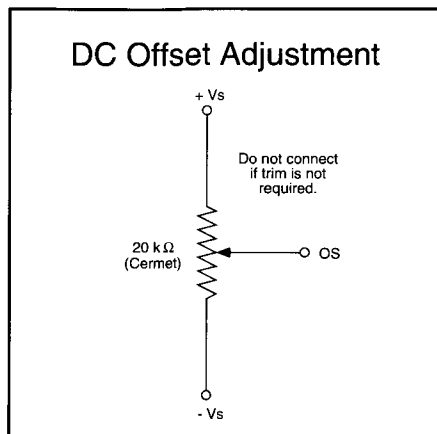
Rated Voltage	± 15 Vdc
Operating Range	± 5 to ± 18 Vdc
Maximum Safe Voltage	± 18 Vdc
Quiescent Current	
8 Pole	± 25 mA typ. ± 40 mA max.

#### Temperature

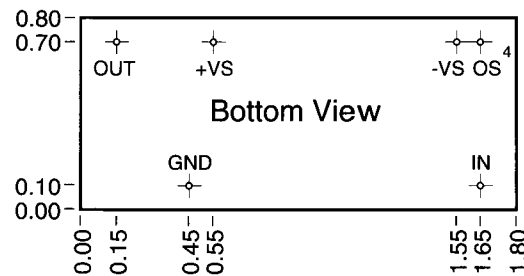
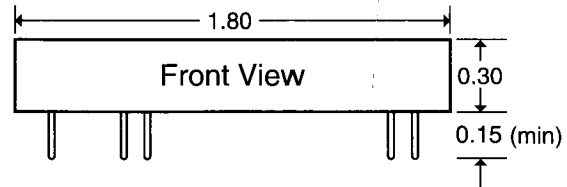
Operating	0 to + 70 °C
Storage	- 25 to + 85 °C

#### Notes:

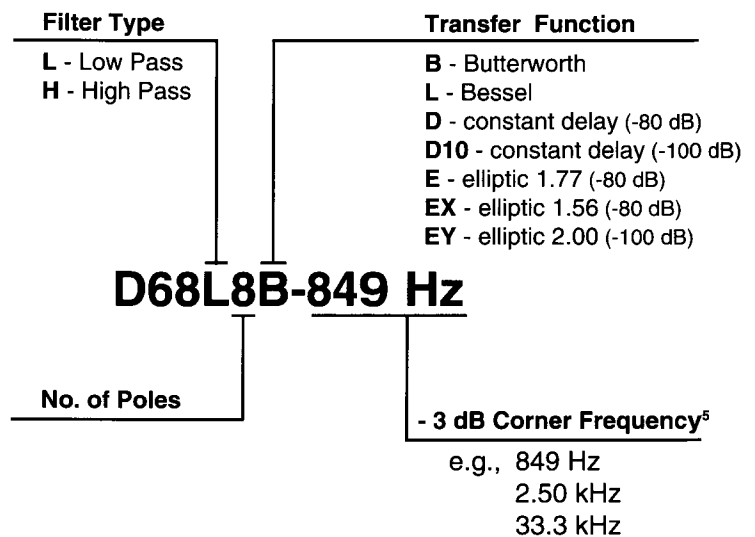
- Input and output signal voltage referenced to supply common.
- Output is short circuit protected to common. DO NOT CONNECT TO ±Vs.
- Adjustable to zero.
- Units operate with or with out offset pin connected.



All dimensions are in inches  
All case dimensions ± 0.01"



### Ordering Information



- How to Specify Corner Frequencies: Corner frequencies are specified by attaching a three digit frequency designator to the basic model number. Corner frequencies can range from 10 Hz to 100 kHz.

We hope the information given here will be helpful. The information is based on data and our best knowledge, and we considered the information to be true and accurate. Please read all statements, recommendations or suggestions herein in conjunction with our conditions of sale which apply to all goods supplied by us. We assume no responsibility for the use of these statements, recommendations or suggestions, nor do we intend them as a recommendation for any use which would infringe any patent or copyright.