



Instruction Manual

1...



NOTE

This manual documents the Model 8026B and its assemblies at the revision levels shown in Appendix A. If your instrument contains assemblies with different revision letters, it will be necessary for you to either update or backdate this manual. Refer to the supplemental change/errata sheet for newer assemblies, or the backdating sheet in Appendix A for older assemblies.

# **8026B** Digital Multimeter

Instruction Manual

P/N 646414 JUNE 1982 ©1982, John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc., All rights reserved. Litho in U.S.A.



Dear Customer:

Congratulations! We at Fluke are proud to present you with the Model 8026B Multimeter. This instrument represents the very latest in integrated circuit and display technology. As a result, the end product is a rugged and reliable instrument whose performance and design exhibit the qualities of a finely engineered lab instrument.

To fully appreciate and protect your investment, we suggest you take a few moments to read the manual. As always, Fluke stands behind your 8026B with a full 2-year warranty and a worldwide service organization. If the need arises, please don't hesitate to call on us.

Thank you for your trust and confidence.

John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc.

### **Table of Contents**

#### SECTION

#### TITLE

#### PAGE

1	INTR	ODUCTION AND SPECIFICATIONS	1-1
	1-1.	INTRODUCTION	1-1
	1-3.	PREPARING FOR OPERATION	1-2
	1-4.	Unpacking	1-2
	1-7.	Battery and/or Fuse Installation/Replacement	1-2
	1-9.	PHYSICAL FEATURES	1-4
	1-11.	INITIAL CHECK-OUT PROCEDURE	1-4
	1-13.	ACCESSORIES	1-8
	1-15.	SPECIFICATIONS	I -8
2	OPE	RATING INSTRUCTIONS	2-1
	2-1.	INTRODUCTION	2-1
	2-3.	INPUT POWER	2-1
	2-4.	Battery Life	2-1
	2-6.	Line Power Operation	2-1
	2-8.	OPERATING NOTES	2-1
	2-10.	Input Overload Protection	2-2
	2-12.	Input Connections to COMMON	2-3
	2-14.	Fuse Check	2-3
	2-16.	Fuse Replacement	2-3
	2-18.	The Display	2-3
	2-22.	OPERATION	2-4
	2-24.	MEASUREMENT TECHNIQUES	2-4
	2-26.	AC Measurement	2-4
	2-32.	Voltage AC/DC	2-10
	2-35.	Current AC/DC	2-10
	2-39.	Resistance	2-13
	2-43.	Continuity	2-15
	2-46.	Conductance	2-16
	2-50.	APPLICATIONS	2-16
	2-52.	Transistor Tester	2-16
	2-57.	Leakage Tester	2-19

(continued on page ii)

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS, continued

SECTION	TITLE	PAGE
3		3-1
	3-1. INTRODUCTION	3-1
	3-3. OVERALL FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	3-1
	3-8. BLOCK DIAGRAM ANALYSIS	3-1
	3-9. A/D Converter	3-1
	3-18. Input Signal Conditioners	3-6
4	MAINTENANCE	4-1
	4-1. INTRODUCTION	4-1
	4-3. SERVICE INFORMATION	4-1
	4-7. GENERAL INFORMATION	4-2
	4-8. Access Information	4-2
	4-17. Cleaning	4-5
	4-19. Battery/Backup Fuse Replacement	4-5
	4-21. PERFORMANCE TEST	4-6
	4-23. Initial Procedure	4-6
	4-25. Display Test	4-6
	4-27. Resistance/Conductance Test	4-7
	4-29. Continuity Test	4-7
	4-31 DC Voltage Test	4-8
	4-33. AC Voltage Test	4-8
	4-35. DC Current Test	4-9
	4-37. CALIBRATION	4-10
	4-40. TROUBLESHOOTING	4-11
5		5-1
	5-1. INTRODUCTION	5-1
	5-4. HOW TO OBTAIN PARTS	5-1
6	ACCESSORY INFORMATION	6-1
	6-1. INTRODUCTION	6-1
	6-3. DELUXE CARRYING CASE (C-90)	6-l
	6-5. TEMPERATURE PROBE (80T-150C and 80T-150F) .	6-1
	6-6. Introduction	6-1
	6-8. Specifications	6-1
	6-9. CURRENT TRANSFORMER (801-600)	6-4
	6-10. Introduction	
	6-12. Specifications	
	6-13. HIGH VOLTAGE PROBE (80K-6)	
	6-14. Introduction	
	6-16. Specifications	
	6-17. HIGH VOLTAGE PROBE (80K-40) 6-18. Introduction	
	6-18. Introduction	
	6-20. Specifications	
	- U-AL MIGHTIKLQUENCI FRODE (03RF)	0-5

(continued on page iii)

# TABLE OF CONTENTS, continued SECTION

#### TITLE

#### PAGE

6-22.	Introduction	6-5
6-24.	Specifications	6-5
6-25.	HIGH FREQUENCY PROBE (85RF)	6-5
6-26.	Introduction	6-5
6-28.	Specifications	6-5
6-29.	BATTERY ELIMINATOR (A81-115)	6-6
6-31.	CURRENT SHUNT (80J-10)	6-6
6-32.	Introduction	6-6
6-34.	Specifications	6-7
6-35.	AC/DC CURRENT PROBE (Y8100)	6-7
6-36.	Introduction	6-7
6-39.	Specifications	6-7
6-40.	AC CURRENT TRANSFORMER (Y8101)	6-8
6-41	Introduction	6-8
6-43.	Specifications	6-8
6-44.	SAFETY DESIGNED TEST LEAD SET (Y8132)	6-8
6-46.	DELUXE TEST LEAD SET (Y8134)	6-8
6-48.	SLIM FLEX TEST LEAD SET (Y8140)	6-8
SCHI	EMATIC DIAGRAMS	7-1
APPE	NDIX A	A-1

7

### List of Tables

#### TABLE

#### TITLE

#### PAGE

1-1.	8026B Controls, Indicators and Connectors	1-6
1-2.	8026B Accessories	1-9
1-3.	8026B Specifications	1-9
2-1.	Input Overload Limits	2-2
2-2.	Voltage/Current Capability of Resistance Ranges	2-15
4-1.	List of Recommended Test Equipment	4-2
4-2.	Resistance/Conductance Checks	4-7.
4-3.	DC Voltage Checks	4-8.
4-4.	AC Voltage Test	4-9.
4-5.	DC Current (mA) Checks	4-10
4-6.	Troubleshooting Guide	4-12
5-1.	8026B Final Assembly	5-3.
5-2.	A1 Main PCB Assembly	5-6.
5-3.	A2 Annunciator PCB Assembly	5-10
5-4.	Federal Supply Codes for Manufacturers	5-12
6-1.	A81 Model Numbers and Input Power	6-6

1.1

## List of Illustrations

#### FIGURE

.

i ...

#### TITLE

#### PAGE

1-1.	Removing the Battery Cover	1-3
1-2.	Battery Removal	1-4
1-3.	Controls, Indicators and Connectors	1-5
2-1.	Volts Operation	2-5
2-2.	Current Operation	2-6
2-3.	Resistance Operation	2-7
2-4.	Conductance Operation	2-8
2-5.	Continuity Operation	2-9
2-6.	Waveform Conversion	2-11
2-7.	Voltage Measurement Error Calculations	2-12
2-8.	Current Measurement Error Calculations	2-14
2-9.	Conductance-to-Resistance Conversion	2-17
2-10.	Transistor Beta Test Fixture	2-18
3-1.	Model 8026B Simplified Block Diagram	3-3
3-2.	Dual Slope A/D Converter	3-4
3-3.	Input Signal Conditioners	3-8
4-1.	Calibration Adjustment Locations	4-3
4-2.	LCD Display Assembly	4-4
5-1.	8026B Final Assembly	5-5
5-2.	A1 Main PCB Assembly	5-9
5-3.	A2 Annunciator PCB Assembly	5-11
6-1.	8026B Accessories	6-2

# Section 1 Introduction and Specifications

#### **1-1. INTRODUCTION**

I-2. Your John Fluke Model 8026B is a pocket-size digital multimeter that is ideally suited for application in the field, lab, shop or home. Some of the features of your instrument are:

 All VOM functions plus conductance and continuity (8 in all) are included as standard.

> DC Voltage - 100  $\mu$ V to 1000V AC Voltage - 100  $\mu$ V to 750V DC Current - 1  $\mu$ A to 2000 mA AC Current - 1  $\mu$ A to 2000 mA Resistance - 0.1 $\Omega$  - 20 M $\Omega$ Diode Test Conductance - 0.1 ns to 200 ns and .001 ms to 2 ms (S = siemens = 1/ $\Omega$ ). Continuity - Provides an immediate audible indication when continuity is detected.

- True rms ac measurement for signals up to 10 kHz.
- CONDUCTANCE Allows fast, accurate, noise-free resistance measurements up to 10,000 MΩ.
- An easy-to-read high contrast 3 1/2 digit liquid crystal display.
- Each range has:

Ì

- Full auto-polarity operation Overrange indication Effective protection from overloads
- Dual slope integration measurement technique to ensure noise-free measurements.
- Easy calibration few adjustments.

- Lightweight 369 grams (13 ounces).
- Up to 200 hours of continuous operation can be expected from a single, inexpensive, 9V, alkaline battery (transistor radio/calculator type).
- Low battery voltage automatically detected and displayed.
- Line operation is possible using a Model A81 Battery Eliminator (see Section 6, Accessories).
- Protected test leads finger guards on the probes and shrouded contacts on the connectors discourage accidental contact with circuit voltages.
- A full line of accessories that extend the range and scope of your instrument.

#### 1-3. PREPARING FOR OPERATION

#### 1-4. Unpacking

1-5. Your 8026B was packed and shipped in an especially designed protective container. This manual, the multimeter, one 9V battery, and two test leads (one red and one black) should be packed in the shipping container. Check your shipment thoroughly. If anything is wrong with your shipment, contact the place of purchase immediately. If satisfaction is not obtained, contact the nearest John Fluke Service Center. A list of these service centers is located at the end of this manual.

1-6. If reshipment is necessary, please use the original shipping container. If the original container is not available, a new one can be obtained from the John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. Please state the instrument model number when requesting a new shipping container.

#### 1-7. Battery and/or Fuse Installation/Replacement

1-8. Your 8026B is designed to operate on a single, inexpensive, 9V battery of the transistor radio/calculator variety (NEDA 1604). When you receive your 8026B the battery will not be installed in the DMM. Once the battery is installed, you can expect a typical operating life of up to 200 hours with an alkaline battery or 100 hours with a carbon-zinc battery. When the battery has exhausted about 80% of its useful life, the BT indicator will appear in the upper left corner of the display. Your 8026B will operate properly for at least 20 hours after BT appears. Use the following procedure to install or replace the battery and to replace the fuse.

#### WARNING

TO AVOID ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARDS REMOVE THE INPUT SIGNAL AND THE TEST LEADS FROM THE INPUT TERMINALS, AND SET THE POWER SWITCH TO OFF BEFORE OPENING THE BATTERY COMPARTMENT.

I. Set the 8026B power switch to OFF.

2. Remove the test leads from external circuit connections and from the 8026B input terminals.

3. Open the battery compartment on the bottom of the 8026B using the method shown in Figure 1-1.

4. Tilt the battery out as shown in Figure 1-2.

5. If fuse F1 is to be replaced, use a pointed tool such as a probe tip or small screwdriver to pry F1 from its holder. Replace the defective fuse with fuse type AGX2. (Instruments that accomodate metric fuses use 5 x 20 mm 2A 250V type F.)

6. Disconnect the battery clip from the battery.

7. Press the battery clip onto the replacement battery and return both to the battery compartment.

8. Make sure the battery leads are routed by the broad side of the battery and fully within the confines of the battery compartment before sliding the cover into place.

#### WARNING

# DO NOT OPERATE THE 8026B UNTIL THE BATTERY COVER IS IN PLACE AND FULLY CLOSED.

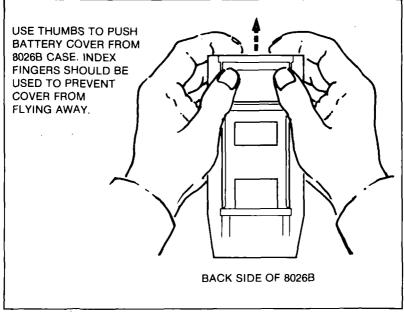


Figure 1-1. Removing the Battery Cover

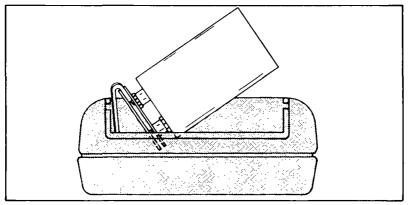


Figure 1-2. Battery Removal

#### 1-9. PHYSICAL FEATURES

1-10. Before using your 8026B we suggest that you take a few minutes to get acquainted with your instrument. All of the externally accessible physical features of the 8026B are shown in Figure 1-3 and described in Table 1-1. Locate each feature on your 8026B as you read the description.

#### 1-11. INITIAL CHECK-OUT PROCEDURE

1-12. Now that you have installed the battery, and know where everything is, let's make sure the unit is working properly. We'll run through a simple check-out procedure, starting with turn-on. No equipment other than the test leads will be required. If a problem is encountered, please recheck the battery, fuses, switch settings, and test lead connections before contacting your nearest authorized John Fluke Service Center.

#### NOTE

This procedure is intended to verify overall instrument operation, and is not meant as a substitute for the formal Performance Test given in Section 4. Limits shown exceed the specifications because the procedure uses one measurement to check another.

1. Set the power switch to OFF and all range and function switches to the released (out) position.

2. Set the power switch to ON and observe the display. It should read  $00.0 \pm 0.1$ .

3. Connect the red test lead to thhe  $V/\Omega$  input terminal.

4. Touch the red probe tip to the COMMON input terminal, and sequentially depress each of the six range switches starting at the top (20 M $\Omega$ ). The display should read zero  $\pm$  one digit and the decimal point should be positioned as follows:

- a. 20M 0.00
- b. 2000k 000
- c. 200k 00.0
- d. 20k 0.00
- e. 2k .000
- f. 200 00.0

5. Press the 20V range switch and remove the probe from the COMMON input terminal.

6. Look inside of the battery eliminator connector on the right side of the 8026B and locate the connector contacts (center post and side contact as shown in Figure 1-3).

7. Touch the red probe tip to the center post of the battery eliminator connector. The display should read approximately -6V dc.

8. Touch the probe tip to the side contact of the battery eliminator connector. The display should read approximately 2.8V dc. Notice that the difference between the two readings is equal to the battery voltage (typically 8V to 9V dc). Remove the probe from the battery jack.

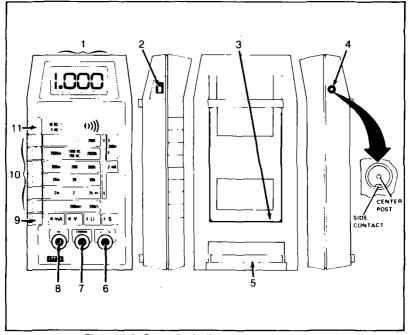


Figure 1-3. Controls, Indicators and Connectors

NAME	FUNCTION			
Display	A 3-1/2 digit display (1999 max, with decimal point and minus polarity indication, used to indicate measure- met values, overrange conditions, and a low battery condition.			
Power Switch	A slide switch used to turn the instrument off and on.			
Tilt Bail	A removable fold-out, stand which allows the instrument to be either tilted for bench-top applications or hung from a hook in the absence of a work surface.			
Battery Eliminator and Connector	An external input power connector for use with the Model A81 Battery Eliminator accessory. (A81 is available in a variety of voltage and plug configurations. See Section 6.)			
Battery Compartment and Cover	Cover for the 9V battery and the current-protection fuse. Refer to figure 1-1 for battery cover removal instructions.			
V/Ω/S Input Connector	Protected test lead connector used as the high input for all voltage, resistance, continuity and conduc- tance measurements. Will accept banana plugs.			
COMMON Input Connector	Protected test lead used as the low or common input for all measurements. Will accept banana plugs.			
mA Input Connector	Protected test lead connector used as the high input for all current measurements. Will accept banana plugs.			
	Power Switch Tilt Bail Battery Eliminator and Connector Battery Compartment and Cover V/Ω/S Input Connector COMMON Input Connector			

#### Table 1-1. 8026B Controls, Indicators and Connectors

	Table 1-1. 8026B Controls, Indicators and Connectors (cont)					
ITEM NO.	NAME	F				
9	mA/V-Ω/S Switch	off, do not p which is opera the high inpu either the mA measurement switch is in or The mA or V fu out position	switch (push on - push ull to select function) ited in conjunction with t connectors to select /V or $\Omega$ (conductance) functions. When the depressed $\Omega$ is selected, unction is selected in the depending upon the high input lead.			
10	Range Switches	selecting range range switch t cancel previou	ish-button switches for es; i.e., press the desired o select that range and us switch depressions. he switches to select a			
		Voltage	200 mV, 2V, 20V, 200V 1000V dc/750V ac			
		Current:	2 mA, 20 mA, 200 mA, 2000 mA			
		Resistance:	200Ω, 2 kΩ, 20 kΩ, 200 kΩ, 2000 kΩ, 20 MΩ			
		Conductance:	100 nS or 2 mS (S = siemens = $1/\Omega$ = international unit of conductance). Conductance requires simultaneous depression of two range switches.			
11	DC/AC/ I))) Switch	A push-push switch (push on - push off, do not pull to select function) used to select the ac or dc measurement function when measuring current or voltage. When in, or depressed, the ac function is selected. Output selects dc. When used with the $\Omega$ or S functions, the in position enables the audible continuity tone.				

1

ų į

#### Table 1-1. 8026B Controls, Indicators and Connectors (cont)

9. Depress the lower function button  $(\Omega)$  and sequentially depress each of the six range switches. The display should read 1 as the most significant digit with no other numbers shown. This is the standard overrange indication. Notice that the decimal point changes position with the range switch settings just as it did in step 4 of this procedure.

10. Touch the red probe tip to the COMMON input terminal, and sequentially press each of the range buttons. The display should read zero at each range setting. Lead resistance may be sufficient to cause one or two tenths (0.1 or  $0.2\Omega$ ) indication on the 200 $\Omega$  range.

11. Touch the red probe tip to the mA input connector and press the  $200\Omega$  switch. The display should read 99.0 to 101.0.

12. Press the 2 k $\Omega$  switch. The display should read .099 to .101. Remove the probe from the mA input connector.

13. Simultaneously depress the 2000 k $\Omega$  and the 20 M $\Omega$  range switches. This selects the 200 nS range. The display should read 00.0 to 01.0 (minimum conductance, maximum resistance).

14. Touch the red probe tip to the COMMON input connector. An overrange indication should be displayed since conductance is the reciprocal of resistance.

15. Connect the black test lead to the COMMON input connector.

16. Depress both AC/DC switch and the 750V ac range switch. Set the  $mA/V-\Omega$  switch to the voltage (out) position.

#### WARNING

#### THE LOCAL LINE VOLTAGE IS MEASURED IN THE FOLLOWING STEP. BE CAREFUL NOT TO TOUCH THE PROBE TIPS WITH YOUR FINGERS, OR TO ALLOW THE PROBE TIPS TO CONTACT EACH OTHER.

17. Measure the local ac line voltage at a convenient output receptacle. The voltage should be displayed with 1 volt resolution.

18. If the 8026B has responded properly to this point, it is operational and ready for use.

#### 1-13. ACCESSORIES

1-14. Table 1-2 lists the accessories available for use with the Model 8026B. Detailed information about each accessory is provided in Section 6.

#### 1-15. SPECIFICATIONS

1-16. Table I-3 lists the 8026B specifications.

ACCESSORY	DESCRIPTION			
A81	Battery Eliminator			
C-90	Vinyl Carrying Case			
80T-150C	Temperature Probe °C			
80T-150F	Temperature Probe °F			
801-600	Current Transformer 2" jaws			
80K-6	High Voltage Probe			
80K-40	High Voltage Probe			
80J-10	Current Shunt			
83RF	High Frequency Probe			
85RF	High Frequency Probe			
Y8100	AC/DC Current Probe			
Y8101	Current Transformer 7/16" jaws			
Y8132	Safety Designed Test Lead Set			
Y8134	Deluxe Test Lead Set			
Y8140	Slim Flex Test Lead Set			

Table 1-2. 8026B Accessories

#### Table 1-3. 8026B Specifications

The following specifications assume a 1-year calibration cycle and an operating temperature of 18°C to 28°C (64°F to 82°F) at a relative humidity up to 80% unless otherwise noted.

FUNCTIONS ...... DC Volts, AC Volts, DC Current, AC Current, Resistance, Conductance, and Continuity.

#### DC VOLTS

RANGE	RESOLUTION	ACCURACY
±200 mV ±2V ±20V ±20V ±200V ±1000V	100 μV 1 mV 10 mV 100 mV 1V	$\pm$ (0.1% of reading +1 digit)

Overvoltage Protection1000V dc or peak ac on all ranges.Input Impedance10 MQ, all ranges.Normal Mode Rejection Ratio>60 dB at 50 Hz and 60 Hz.Common Mode Rejection>100 dB at dc, 50 Hz and 60 Hz.Ratio (1 kQ unbalance)>100 dB at dc, 50 Hz and 60 Hz.Response TimeLess than one second.

			1000	DACY.				
		ACCURACY*						
RANGE	RESOLUTION	45 Hz to 1 kHz	1 kHz to 2 kHz	2 kHz to 5 kHz	5 kHz z to 10 kH			
200 mV	100 µV	0 μV						
2V	1 mV	±(0.5%	+ 2 digits)	±(1%	—			
20V	10 mV			+ 3 digi	is)			
200V	0.1V	±(1% + 2 digits) Not specified						
750V	1V							
Applicat	ble from 5% of a	ange to full	range.		······			
Overload	d Protection		V rms or 1000	V peak co	ntinuous exc			
				•	conds maxim			
			ve 300V rms					
Commo	n Mode Rejecti	on		•				
Ratio (1	kΩ unbalance)		) dB at 50 Hz	and 60 Ha	Ζ.			
•	•				· ·			
Volt-Hz Product 1x10 <sup>6</sup> maximum (for example, 200V @ 5 kHz).								
Input Impedance 10 MΩ in parallel with <100 pF.								
•	•		vita in parane		0p⊦.			
Crest Fa	ctor		visa in paralle		U pF.			
•	ctor		vita in parane	i with < 10	U pF.			
Crest Fa	ctor							
Crest Fa	Ctor	3:1	CURACY	E	BURDEN			
Crest Fa	Ctor	3:1		E				
Crest Fa C CURF RANGI 2 mA	<b>Ctor</b>	3:1 ON AC	CURACY	E V	BURDEN OLTAGE			
Crest Fa C CURF RANGI 2 mA 20 mA	<b>Ctor</b> <b>RENT</b> E RESOLUTI 1 μΑ 10 μΑ	3:1 ON AC	CURACY	E V	BURDEN			
Crest Fa C CURF RANGI 2 mA 20 mA 200 mA	ctor            RESOLUTI         1 μA           10 μA         100 μA	3:1 ON AC	CURACY		BURDEN OLTAGE 0.3V max.			
Crest Fa C CURF RANGI 2 mA 20 mA	ctor            RESOLUTI         1 μA           10 μA         100 μA	3:1 ON AC	CURACY		BURDEN OLTAGE			
Crest Fa C CURF RANGI 2 mA 20 mA 200 mA 2000 m	ctor            RESOLUTI         1 μA           10 μA         100 μA	3:1 ON AC ±(0.75 + 1 di	CURACY 5% of reading git)		BURDEN OLTAGE ).3V max. ).9V max.			
Crest Fa C CURF RANGI 2 mA 20 mA 2000 mA 2000 m Overloa	ctor	3:1 ON AC ±(0.75 + 1 di	CURACY 5% of reading git)		BURDEN OLTAGE ).3V max. ).9V max.			
Crest Fa C CURF RANGI 2 mA 20 mA 200 mA 2000 m	ctor	3:1 ON AC ±(0.75 + 1 di	CURACY 5% of reading git)		BURDEN OLTAGE ).3V max. ).9V max.			
Crest Fa C CURF RANGI 2 mA 20 mA 2000 mA 2000 m Overloa	ctor	3:1 ON AC ±(0.75 + 1 di	CURACY 5% of reading git) 250V fuse, in s	E V C series with	BURDEN OLTAGE ).3V max. ).9V max. a 3A/600V fus			
Crest Fa C CURF RANGI 2 mA 20 mA 2000 mA 2000 m Overloa	ctor	3:1 ON AC ±(0.75 + 1 di	CURACY 5% of reading git) 250V fuse, in s	E V C series with	BURDEN OLTAGE ).3V max. ).9V max. a 3A/600V fus			
Crest Fa C CURF RANGI 2 mA 20 mA 2000 mA	ctor	ON AC ±(0.75 + 1 di 2A/2 DN 45 Hz to	CURACY 5% of reading 1git) 250V fuse, in s ACCURACY 450 Hz 450 Hz	E V C series with	BURDEN OLTAGE ).3V max. ).9V max. a 3A/600V fus			
Crest Fa C CURF RANGI 2 mA 20 mA 200 mA 2000 m Overloa C CURF RANGE 2 mA	Ctor RENT E RESOLUTI $1 \mu A$ $10 \mu A$ $100 \mu A$ A 1 mA d Protection RENT E RESOLUTION $1 \mu A$	ON AC ±(0.75 + 1 di 2A/2 DN 45 Hz to	CURACY 5% of reading git) 250V fuse, in s	E V C series with	BURDEN OLTAGE 0.3V max. 0.9V max. a 3A/600V fu: BURDEN VOLTAGE			
Crest Fa C CURF RANGE 2 mA 20 mA 200 mA 2000 m Overtoa C CURF RANGE 2 mA 20 mA	Ctor RENT E RESOLUTI 1 $\mu$ A 10 $\mu$ A 10 $\mu$ A A 100 $\mu$ A A 1 mA d Protection RENT E RESOLUTION 1 $\mu$ A 10 $\mu$ A	ON AC ±(0.75 + 1 di 2A/2 DN 45 Hz to ±(3% rd	CURACY 5% of reading 1git) 250V fuse, in s ACCURACY 450 Hz 450 Hz	E V C series with Iz to1 kHz Specified	BURDEN OLTAGE ).3V max. ).9V max. a 3A/600V fus			
Crest Fa C CURF RANGE 2 mA 20 mA 200 mA 2000 m Overloa C CURF RANGE 2 mA 20 mA 20 mA	ctor	ON AC ±(0.75 + 1 di 2A/2 DN 45 Hz to ±(3% rd	CURACY 5% of reading git) 250V fuse, in s ACCURACY 450 Hz 450 H g +2 d) Not	E V C series with Iz to1 kHz Specified	3URDEN OLTAGE 0.3V max. 0.9V max. a 3A/600V fus BURDEN VOLTAGE 0.3V rms ma			
Crest Fa C CURF RANGI 2 mA 20 mA 2000 mA 2000 m C CURF RANGE 2 mA 200 mA 2000 m 2000 m	ctor	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	CURACY 5% of reading 1git) 250V fuse, in s ACCURACY 450 Hz 450 H g +2 d) Not 6 of reading	E V C series with Iz to1 kHz Specified	BURDEN OLTAGE 0.3V max. 0.9V max. a 3A/600V fu: BURDEN VOLTAGE			
Crest Fa C CURF RANGI 2 mA 20 mA 2000 mA 2000 mA 2000 mA 2000 mA 2000 mA 2000 mA	ctor	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	CURACY 5% of reading 1git) 250V fuse, in s ACCURACY 450 Hz 450 H g +2 d) Not 6 of reading - range.	E V C series with Iz to1 kHz Specified +2 digits)	BURDEN OLTAGE 0.3V max. 0.9V max. a 3A/600V fus BURDEN VOLTAGE 0.3V rms ma 0.9V rms ma			

#### Table 1-3. 8026B Specifications (cont)

Table 1-3. 8026B Specifications (con
--------------------------------------

#### RESISTANCE

			FULL-	MAXIMUM
RANGE	RESOLUTION	ACCURACY	SCALE	TEST
			VOLTAGE	CURRENT
200Ω	0.1Ω	$\pm$ (0.2% of reading +3 digits)	<0.25V	.35 mA
2 kΩ-₩	1Ω		>1.0V	1.1 mA
20 kΩ	10Ω	$\pm$ (0.1% of reading +1 digit)	<0.25V	13 µA
200 kΩ	100Ω		>0.7V	13 µA
2000 kΩ	1 kΩ	±(2% of reading +1 digit)	<0.25V	0.13 μA
20 MΩ	10 kΩ		>.7V	0.13 µA

Overload Protection500V dc rms ac on all ranges. 15 seconds<br/>maximum above 300 volts.Open Circuit VoltageLess than 1.5V on all ranges except 2 kΩ

range is less than 3.5V. **Diode Test (Hi-Lo Ohms)** ... 2 k $\Omega$ , 200 k $\Omega$ , and 20 M $\Omega$  ranges supply enough voltage to turn on junctions allowing a "Diode Test". The 2 k $\Omega$  range is preferred and is marked with a diode symbol. 200 $\Omega$ , 20 k $\Omega$ , and 2000 k $\Omega$  ranges can make in-circuit measurements without turning on silicon junctions.

#### CONDUCTANCE

RANGE	ACCURACY	
2 mS 200 nS	$\pm$ (0.2% of reading +1 digit) $\pm$ (2.0% of reading +10 digits)	
Overload Protection	. 500V dc/rms ac on all ranges. 15 second: max. above 300V.	
Open Circuit Voltage	2 mS <3.5V 200 nS <1.5V	
Diode Test	Both ranges will forward bias a typical PN junction.	
CONTINUITY (for Passive Circuit Testing)		

Ranges	All resistance ranges. (2 kΩ range recommeded for lowest resistance threshold)
Indication CONTINUITY OPEN CIRCUIT	

Response Time	50 $\mu$ s (Minimum duration of continuity or open to toggle audible tone) on 2 k $\Omega$ range. Pulse stretcher holds tone on or off for approximately 200 ms.
Overload Protection	500V dc/rms ac on all ranges.
GENERAL	
	Relates solely to insulation or grounding properties defined in IEC 348.
Maximum Common Mode	
BATTERY LIFE	Single 9V battery, NEDA 1604.
Alkaline	
Carbon Zinc BATTERY INDICATOR	"BT" on display illuminates when approximately 20% of battery life remains.
Display	3½ digit LCD (2,000 count), autozero, autopolarity.
Size	(7.1 in x 3.4 in x 1.8 in)
Weight	0.37 kg. (13 02)
ENVIRONMENTAL	
	0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F) operating. -35°C to +60°C (-31°F to 140°F) storage.
	0 to 80%, 0°C to 35°C, 0 to 70%, 35°C to 50°C (95-122°F)
	<0.1 times the applicable accuracy specification per °C for 0°C to 18°C and 28°C to 50°C (32°F to 64.4°F and 50.4°F to 122°F).
· ·	

# Section 2 Operating Instructions

#### 2-1. INTRODUCTION

2-2. To fully use the measurement capabilities of your 8026B, a basic understanding of its measurement techniques and limitations is required. This section of the manual provides that information, plus a few applications that may prove useful. For example, did you know your 8026B will provide direct-reading dc current gain (beta) measurements for both NPN and PNP transistors? Read this section of the manual, to find out how it's done.

#### 2-3. INPUT POWER

#### 2-4. Battery Life

2-5. The 8026B is designed to operate on an single, inexpensive 9V battery of the transistor radio/calulator variety (NEDA 1604). If an alkaline battery is used, a typical operating life of up to 200 hours can be expected. Carbon-zinc batteries will have a useful life of up to 100 hours. In either event, the 8026B will display a BT (in upper, left-hand corner) when the battery has exhausted approximately 80% of its useful life. When BT first appears, the battery is capable of properly operating the 8026B for at least another 20 hours.

#### CAUTION

To ensure multimeter operation within the accuracy specifications, the battery should be replaced when the voltage measured at the center of the battery eliminator connector falls below -3.00 volts (with respect to the COMMON input). If the battery voltage falls to a point where the "BT" is displayed and the digital display is inactive or no longer responds to an input signal, the battery should be replaced immediately to prevent damage to the LCD.

#### 2-6. Line Power Operation

2-7. You can operate your 8026B from line power by using the A81 Battery Eliminator Accessory. Refer to Section 6 for additional information about the A81.

#### 2-8. OPERATING NOTES

2-9. The following paragraphs will familiarize you with the capabilities and limitations of your Model 8026B and instruct you in routine operator maintenance.

#### 2-10. Input Overload Protection

#### CAUTION

Exceeding the maximum input overload limits can damage your instrument. A transient overload protection circuit is designed into the 8026B to protect it against short duration high energy pulses. The components used limit the protection to approximatly five pulses per second for 6 KV, 10 microsecond pulses, and about 0.6 watts average for lower amplitude pulses. Fast repetition rate pulses, such as those from a TV set, can damage the protection components; RJ1 - RJ4, R1 and R2. If any of these components require replacement, use only Fluke parts to ensure product safety. (R2 is a special flameproof fusible resistor. Use exact replacement to ensure safety.)

2-11. Each measurement function and its associated ranges are equipped with input overload protection. The overload limits for each function and range are given in Table 2-1.

SELECTED FUNCTION	SELECTED RANGE	INPUT CONNECTIONS	MAX. INPUT OVERLOAD
Voltage	200 mV, 2V, 20V, 200V, 750V ac, 1000V dc	V/Ω/S and COMMON	1000V dc or peak ac on dc ranges. 1000V dc or 750V rms on ac range - 15 se conds max. above 300V on 200 mV ac range.
Current	2 mA, 20 mA, 200 mA, 2000 mA	mA and COMMON	2A and 500V dc/rms ac max. Fuse-protected by F1 (2A, 250V) in cir- cuits with open circuit voltage ≤250V dc/rms ac. Fuse F2 (3A, 600V) provides protection from misuse — open circuit voltage ≤600V dc/rms ac.
Resistance Conductance, or Continuity	200Ω, 2 kΩ, 20 kΩ, 200 kΩ, 2000 kΩ, 20 MΩ, 200 nS, 2 mS	V/Ω/S and COMMON	500V dc or rms ac. 15 seconds maximum above 300 volts.
ANY	ANY	COMMON	500V dc/rms ac with respect to earth ground.

**Table 2-1. Input Overload Limits** 

#### 2-12. Input Connections to COMMON

#### WARNING

#### TO AVOID ELECTRICAL SHOCK AND /OR INSTRUMENT DAMAGE DO NOT CONNECT THE COMMON INPUT TERMINAL TO ANY SOURCE OF MORE THAN 500 VOLTS DC OR RMS AC ABOVE EARTH GROUND.

2-13. The 8026B may be operated with the COMMON input terminal at a potential of up to 500V dc or 500V rms ac above earth ground. If this limit is exceeded, instrument damage may occur. This, in turn, may result in a safety hazard for the operator.

#### 2-14. Fuse Check

2-15. The current (mA) function contains two fuses. Check them as follows:

1. Complete the set up steps for the RESISTANCE ( $\Omega$ ) function and select the 2 k $\Omega$  range.

2. Touch the red test probe to the mA input jack so that the V- $\Omega$  input and mA input are connected together.

3. If the display reads approximately .100 k $\Omega$ , both fuses are good.

4. If the display reads overrange (a 1 followed by blank digits), one or both fuses need replacement. See the following paragraph for replacement instructions.

#### 2-16. Fuse Replacement

2-17. All ac and dc current ranges are fuse protected. Two series fuses are used:

1. F1, 2A@ 250V, replaceable at the battery compartment (see section 1 "Battery or Fuse Installation/Replacement").

2. F2, 3A@ 600V backup fuse (see section 4, Battery/Backup Fuse Replacement).

#### 2-18. The Display

2-19. The Front Panel Display on your 8026B is a 3-1/2 digit Liquid Crystal Display. The 1/2 digit is the extreme left digit location. So, the displayed value can range from 000 through 1999. For convenience, in discussion, the 1999 is rounded to 2000. The decimal point position is determined by selected range and is not affected by the measurement function selected. Polarity, on the other hand is only used for the dc voltage and current measurement functions. A minus sign indicates that the input signal is negative with respect to the COMMON input terminal. Positive inputs are indicated by the absence of the minus sign.

#### NOTE

The minus sign (-) may flash momentarily as the 8026B comes out of an overrange condition. This will most likely be seen in the ohms mode as the open circuit test leads are applied to an in-range resistance value. If the minus sign remains on for in-range ohms readings, the circuit is live (a negative voltage is present at the input terminals due to charged capacitors, etc.), and incorrect resistance readings will be observed.

2-20. The Display has two abnormal status indicators, one for low battery power and one for instrument overrange. A "BT" is displayed when approximately 80% of the battery's life is exhausted (battery replacement is indicated). And, a "1" followed by three blanked digits is displayed (decimal point may be present) as an overrange indication. This does not necessarily mean that the instrument is being exposed to a damaging input condition. For example, when measuring resistance an open-input will cause an overrange indication.

#### NOTE

When the 8026B is powered with the A81 Battery Eliminator the "BT" indicator may come on. However, instrument operation will be normal.

2-21. The liquid crystal display used in the 8026B is a rugged and reliable unit which will give years of satisfactory service. Display life can be extended by observing the following practices:

1. Protect the display from extended exposure to bright sunlight.

2. Keep the voltmeter out of high temperature, high humidity environments, such as, the dash of a car on a hot, sunny day. Otherwise, the display may temporarily turn black. Recovery occurs at normal operating temperature.

3. Note that the display operation may be slowed in extremely low temperature environments. No damage will occur to the LCD, but response time is greatly increased. Recovery occurs at normal operating temperature.

#### 2-22. OPERATION

2-23. The five figures, 2-1 through 2-5, each illustrate one of the measurement functions of the Model 8026B. Each figure has two parts. The top part shows your 8026B as it should look when ready to perform that type of measurement. The bottom part of the figure lists, in sequential order, the steps you should perform to make that type of measurement with your 8026B. To operate your 8026B turn to the operation figure corresponding to the measurement function desired and perform the steps listed in the figure. Operate the Model 8026B in accordance with the Input Overload Protection and the Input Connections to COMMON portions of the Operating Notes presented earlier in this section.

#### 2-24. MEASUREMENT TECHNIQUES

2-25. The following paragraphs offer you techniques that improve the measurement accuracy of your 8026B. While these techniques are in general use throughout the electronics industry, these paragraphs offer specifice information for use with your 8026B.

#### 2-26. AC Measurement

2-27. The 8026B employs a true rms ac converter for ac signal measurements. The true rms value of an ac signal may be defined as the equivalent dc value that dissipates the same amount of heat in a resistor as the relative ac signal. Consider the following example: a light bulb is energized with an ac signal and the brightness is measured. The ac source is then removed from the light bulb and replaced by a variable dc source. The level of the dc signal is adjusted so that the brightness of the light bulb is the same as it was for the ac signal. This dc level is equivalent to the rms value of the ac signal. This cumbersome method is not practical for handheld multimeters, so an active log-antilog analog computation is continuously performed on the input signal.

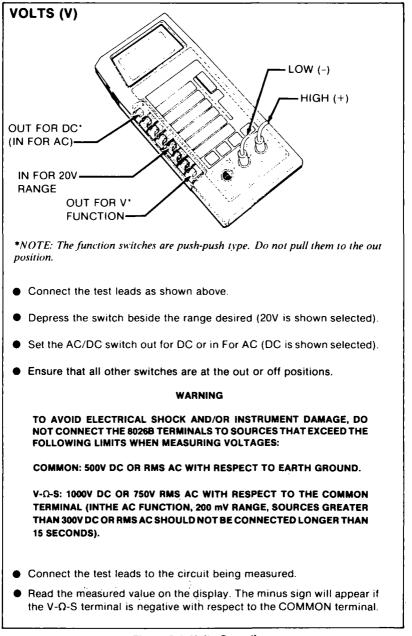
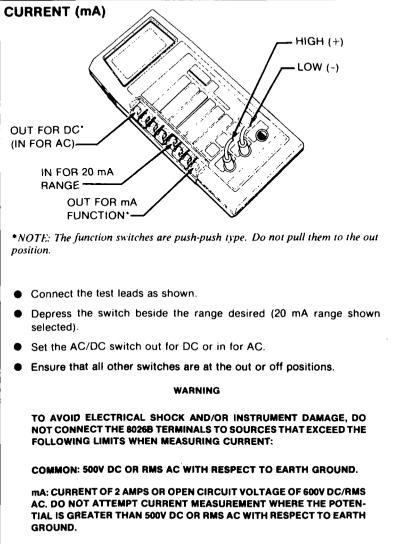
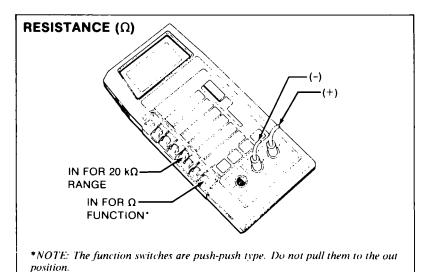


Figure 2-1. Volts Operation



- Connect the test leads to the circuit being measured.
- Read the measured value on the display. In DC the minus sign will appear if the mA terminal is negative with respect to the COMMON terminal. If unit fails to read properly, see Fuse Check located earlier in this section.

#### 8026B



- Connect the test leads as shown.
- Depress the mA-V-Ω-S switch.
- Depress the switch beside the range desired (20k is shown selected).
- Ensure that all other switches are at the out or off positions.
- Make sure that the device being measured contains no electrical energy.

#### WARNING

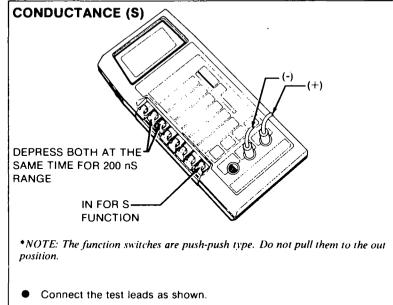
TO AVOID ELECTRICAL SHOCK AND/OR INSTRUMENT DAMAGE, DO NOT CONNECT THE 8026B TERMINALS TO SOURCES THAT EXCEED THE FOLLOWING LIMITS WHEN MEASURING RESISTANCE OR CONTINUITY:

COMMON: 500V DC OR RMS AC WITH RESPECT TO EARTH GROUND.

V- $\Omega$ -S: 500V DC OR RMS AC WITH RESPECT TO THE COMMON TERMINAL. (15 SECONDS MAXIMUM ABOVE 300V.)

- Connect the test leads across the device being measured.
- Read the measured value on the display.

#### Figure 2-3. Resistance Operation



- Depress the mA-V-Ω-S function switch.
- AT THE SAME TIME, depress both of the range switches. (The 200 nS range is shown selected.)
- Ensure that all other switches are at the out or OFF<sup>\*</sup> positions.
- Ensure that the device being measured contains no electrical energy.

#### WARNING

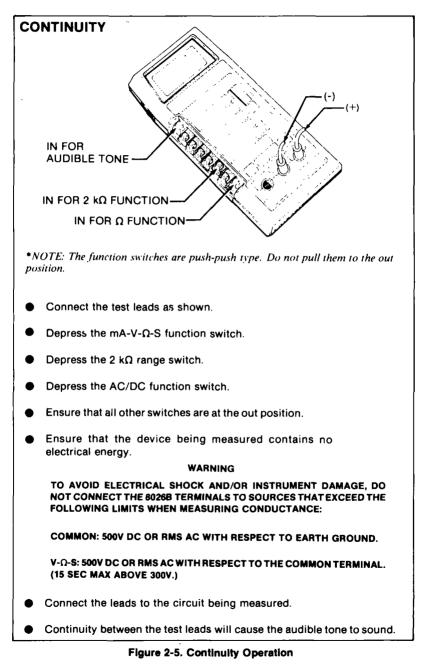
TO AVOID ELECTRICAL SHOCK AND/OR INSTRUMENT DAMAGE, DO NOT CONNECT THE 8026B TERMINALS TO SOURCES THAT EXCEED THE FOLLOWING LIMITS WHEN MEASURING VOLTAGES:

COMMON: 500V DC OR RMS AC WITH RESPECT TO EARTH GROUND.

V- $\Omega$ -S: 500V DC OR RMS AC WITH RESPECT TO THE COMMON TERMINAL. (15 SEC MAX ABOVE 300V.)

- Connect the test leads across the device being measured.
- Read the measured value in the display.
- See Measurement Techniques section for Conductance-Resistance Conversion chart.

#### Figure 2-4. Conductance Operation



2-28. It should be noted that accurate measurements can only be guaranteed for a cinput signals that have some reasonable limits with regard to the frequency and shape of the waveform. To help define what these reasonable limits are, a parameter known as "crest factor" has been developed. Crest factor is defined as the peak signal value divided by the rms value of the signal (with any dc component removed). For example, the crest factor of a 10% duty-cycle rectangular pulse train is 3.16, and the crest factor of a sine wave is 1.41.

2-29. It should also be noted that signals with high crest factors usually have wide bandwidth requirements which may be near the specified frequency limits for the selected range. Both crest factor and frequency response should be carefully considered when evaluating reading accuracies. Refer to Section 1 for the 8026B specifications for ac measurements.

2-30. Most analog and digital multimeters use average-responding ac converters. The gain in an average-responding ac converter is adjusted so that the multimeter measures sinusoidal signals correctly. However, if a signal is not perfectly sinusoidal, the multimeter with the average-responding ac converter will not measure the signal correctly. Figure 2-6 shows how the 8026B readings compare with average-responding multimeter readings for seven common waveforms.

2-31. You can also use the values in Figure 2-6 to calculate other waveform parameters from readings displayed on the 8026B. For example, if a rectified full wave sine wave is being measured and the 8026B displays the value 0.435 (V ac), then the pk-pk voltage would be 1.414V (the same as the 0-pk voltage). The dc component would be 0.900V (this could be verified by switching to the dc volts function). For another example, suppose the 8026B measures a rectified half wave sine wave and displays the value 1.000 (V ac). The pk-pk or 0-pk voltage would be 1.000V x ( $2.000 \div 0.771$ ) = 2.594V. The dc component would be 1.000V x ( $0.636 \div 0.771$ ) = 0.825V. For this same signal, an average-responding multimeter would measure 1.000V x ( $0.764 \div 0.771$ ) = 0.991V, an error of 0.9%.

#### 2-32. Voltage AC/DC

2-33. The 8026B is equipped with five ac and five dc voltage ranges; 200 mV, 2V, 20V, 200V, 750V ac/1000V dc. All ranges present an input resistance of 10 M $\Omega$  shunted by less than 100 pF. When making measurements, be careful not to exceed the overload limits given earlier in Table 2-1.

2-34. Measurement errors, due to circuit loading, can result when making either ac or dc voltage measurements on circuits with high source resistance. However, in most cases the error is negligible ( $\leq 0.1\%$ ) as long as the source resistance of the measurement circuit is 10 k(1) or less. If circuit loading does present a problem, the percentage of error can be calculated using the appropriate formula in Figure 2-7.

#### 2-35. Current AC/DC

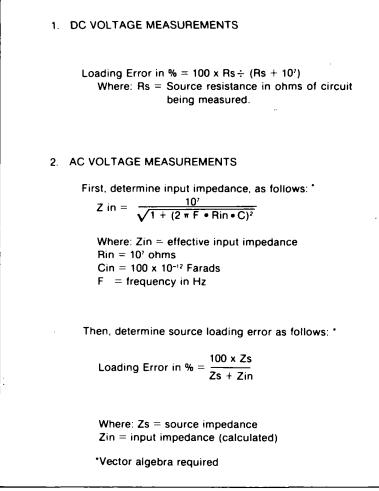
#### WARNING

WHEN MEASURING CURRENT, DO NOT EXCEED THE 500V DC OR RMS AC MAXIMUM COMMON MODE VOLTAGE SPECIFICATION FOR THE INSTRUMENT. THE OPERATOR IS PROTECTED FROM POSSIBLE INJURY AND THE INSTRUMENT IS PROTECTED FROM POSSIBLE DAMAGE BY A 250V FUSE IN SERIES WITH A 600V FUSE.

Г	PEAK VO	LTAGES	DISPLAY READINGS		DC AND AC	
AC-COUPLED			DC	TOTAL RMS		
WAVEFORM	₽К∙РК	0.PK	RMS CAL AVE SENSING	RMS SENSING (8026B)	COMPONENT ONLY	TRUE RMS = $\sqrt[3]{ac^2 + dc^2}$
SINE $PK \longrightarrow \frac{1}{PK PK}$	2 828	1.414	1 000	1.000	0 000	1.000
RECTIFIED SINE (FULL WAVE) PK $0 \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{PK} PK}$	1 414	1 4 1 4	0.421	0 435	0 900	1 000
RECTIFIED SINE (HALF WAVE) PK PK PK-PK PK-PK	2.000	2 000	0 764	0 771	0 636	1.000
	2 000	1.000	1 111	1.000	0.000	1.000
	1414	1,414	0.785	0.707	0.707	1.000
RECTANGULAR PULSE PK PK PK PK-PK-PK PK-PK PK-PK V I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	2.000	2.000	2 221K	2K	2D	2VD
TRIANGLE SAWTOOTH PK 0 PK-PK	3.464	1.732	0.960	1.000	0 000	1 000

NOTE: High Frequency waveforms with fairly abrupt transitions (such as a 5 kHz pulse with a 10% duty cycle) have spectral components that are beyond the specified frequency limits for the selected range. Be sure to take this into account when evaluating measurements.

Figure 2-6. Waveform Conversion





2-36. Four ac and four dc current ranges are included on the 8026B; 2 mA, 20 mA, 200 mA, and 2000 mA. Each range is diode protected to 2 amps and fuse protected above 2 amps. If either fuse blows, refer to fuse replacement information given earlier in this section.

2-37. In high electrical noise environments (near ignition switches, flourescent lights, relay switches, etc.) unstable or erroneous readings (exceeding specifications) may occur. The effect is most obvious when measuring low level current on the 2 mA range. If an

2-12

erratic or erroneous reading is suspected, temporarily jumper the V/ $\Omega$  connector to the mA connector. This is recommended for the 2 mA and 20 mA ranges only.

#### CAUTION

# To avoid possible instrument damage and/or erroneous measurements remove the temporary V/ $\Omega$ -to-mA jumper before attempting voltage or resistance measurements.

2-38. Full-scale burden voltage (voltage drop across the fuse and current shunt) for all ranges except 2000 mA is less than 300 mV. The 2000 mA range has a full-scale burden voltage of less than 900 mV. These voltage drops can affect the accuracy of a current measurement, if the current source is unregulated and the shunt plus fuse resistance represents a significant portion (1/1000 or more) of the source resistance. If burden voltage does present a problem, the percentage of error can be calculated using the formula in Figure 2-8. This error can be minimized by using the highest current range that gives the necessary resolution. For example, if 20 mA is measured on the 2000 mA range the burden voltage is approximately 5 mV.

#### 2-39. Resistance

2-40. Six direct reading resistance scales are provided on the 8026B: 20 M $\Omega$ , 200 k $\Omega$ , 200 k $\Omega$ , 20 k $\Omega$ , 2 k $\Omega$  and 200 $\Omega$ . All scales employ a two-wire measurement technique. As a result, test lead resistance may influence measurement accuracy on the 200 $\Omega$  range. To determine the error, short the test leads together and read the lead resistance. Correct the measurement by subtracting the lead resistance from the measurement reading. The error is generally on the order of 0.2 to 0.3 ohms for a standard pair of test leads.

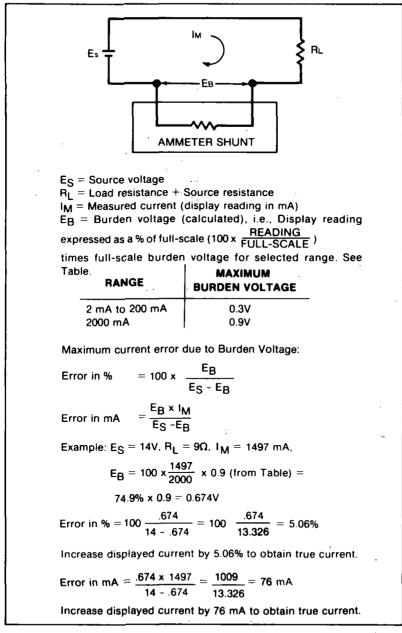
2-41. In-circuit resistance measurements can be made using the 200 $\Omega$ , 20 k $\Omega$  and 2000 k $\Omega$  ranges. The full scale measurement voltage produced on these ranges is not sufficient to forward bias silicon diode/emitter-base junctions, and thus, enables resistance values to be measured without removing diodes and transistors from the circuit. Conversely, the 2 k $\Omega$ , 200 k $\Omega$ , and 20 M $\Omega$  ranges produce a measurement voltage sufficient to forward bias a P-N junction. These ranges enable both diode- and transistor-junction checks to be made conveniently. Full scale voltage and short circuit current for each resistance range is given in Table 2-2. All values shown are referenced to the COMMON input terminal; i.e., the V/ $\Omega$ /S terminal is positive.

#### NOTE

Any change (greater than one or two digits) in apparent resistance when test leads are reversed may indicate either the presence of a diode junction or a voltage in the circuit.

#### CAUTION

Turn test circuit power off and discharge all capacitors before attempting incircuit resistance measurements.



#### Figure 2-8. Current Measurement Error Calculations

RANGE	FULL-SCALE VOLTAGE (TYPICAL)	SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT (TYPICAL)
20 ΜΩ 2000 kΩ 200 kΩ 20 kΩ 20 kΩ 2 kΩ <del>- β-</del> 200Ω	+800 mV +200 mV +800 mV +200 mV +1.1V +55 mV	+0.12 μA +0.12 μA +12 μA +12 μA +12 μA +1.0 mA +0.3 mA

Table 2-2. Voltage/Current Capability of Resistance Ranges

2-42. Three of the 8026B resistance ranges have a high enough open-circuit voltage to turn on a silicon junction. These ranges  $(2 \ k\Omega, 200 \ k\Omega, and 20 \ M\Omega)$  can be used to check silicon diodes and transistors. The  $2 \ k\Omega$  range is preferred for this function and is marked with a diode symbol. The open-circuit voltage of the three alternate ranges  $(200\Omega, 2 \ k\Omega, and 2 \ M\Omega)$  is not high enough to turn on a silicon junction. Use these three ranges to make in-circuit resistance measurements. For all resistance ranges, the V/ $\Omega$ /S input terminal is positive with respect to the COMMON input terminal.

#### 2-43. Continuity

2-44. Audibly confirmed continuity measurements may be made using any of the resistance or conductance ranges. The 2 k $\Omega$  range is recommended for this mode since it provides the lowest resistance threshold, approximately 110 ohms. On this range a measured resistance lower than 110 ohms initiates the audible tone. To determine the exact threshold, use a variable resistor and observe the display reading at which the tone switches on and/or off. Note that in this mode resistance or conductance readings are also displayed. However, high resistance ranges and the 200 nS range may exhibit noisy or drifting readings due to ambient signal noise.

2-45. Intermittent open or short circuits with a duration of at least 50  $\mu$ s are detectable in the 2 k $\Omega$  range. A continuously intermittent connection is heard as a series of beeps. A series of beeps (due to environmental noise) is also encountered when a measurement is near the threshold of the selected range. The approximate thresholds for the continuity ranges are as follows:

200 nS	900 kilohms
2 mS	110 ohms
20 ΜΩ	900 kilohms
2000 kΩ	900 kilohms
200 kΩ	9 kilohms
20 kΩ	9 kilohms
2 kΩ	110 ohms
200Ω	360 ohms

#### 8026B

#### 2-46. Conductance

2-47. The conductance ranges, (200 nS and 2 mS) are included on the 8026B for making both conductance and resistance measurements. When either range is selected the display reads the measurement results in terms of conductance (1/ $\Omega$ ). If resistance readings are required, refer to the conductance-to-resistance conversion information given in Figure 2-9.

2-48. The 200 nS range is intended for use in making fast, accurate, high-resistance measurements from 5 M $\Omega$  to 10,000 M $\Omega$ . Ordinarily, resistance measurements within this range are plagued by noise pick-up and require careful shielding. However, by measuring the resistance in terms of conductance, standard test leads are adequate for the 8026B to make noise-free measurements up to 10,000 M $\Omega$ . High value resistors, and low leakage components (i.e., diodes, etc.) are natural candidates for the 200 nS conductance range. Refer to applications later in this section for additional information.

2-49. The 2 mS range, in terms of resistance, starts at 500 $\Omega$  and goes up to 1 M $\Omega$ . It is intended for use in making either resistance measurements or direct-reading dc current gain (beta) measurements on transistors. Beta measurements require the use of a special test fixture, and are discussed later in this section under applications.

#### 2-50. APPLICATIONS

2-51. The applications described in the following paragraphs are suggested as useful extensions of the 8026B measurement capabilities. However, they are not intended as the equivalent of a manufacturer's recommended test methods. Rather, they are intended to provide repeatable and meaningful indications which will allow operator to make sound judgments concerning the condition of the device being tested; i.e., good, marginal, or defective.

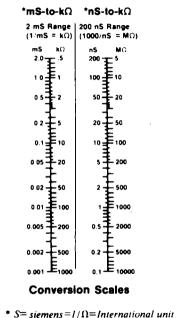
#### 2-52. Transistor Tester

#### NOTE

The transistor tester described in the following paragraphs provides approximate test information. Beta is measured using a VCE of about 2V and an IC of about  $200 \ \mu$ A. The test method is very useful for making comparative and matching measurements.

2-53. Select the 2 mS range, plug the fixture shown in Figure 2-10 into the  $V/\Omega/S$  and COMMON input terminals, and you have transformed your 8026B into a transistor tester. Now, plug a transistor into the test socket and the 8026B will determine the following:

- 1. Transistor type (NPN or PNP).
- 2. Collector-to-emitter leakage (ICEs).
- 3. Beta from 1 to 1000 without changing range.
- 2-16

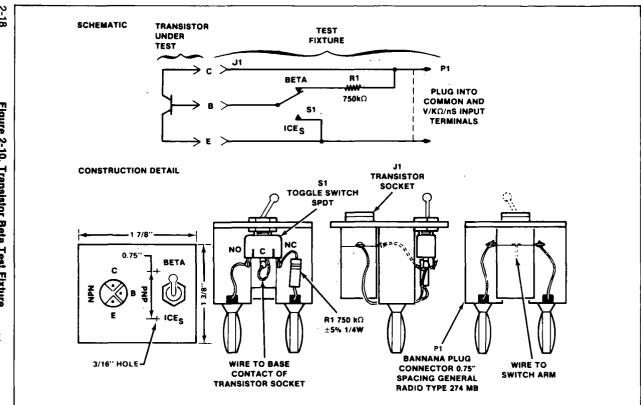


of conductance formerly known as the mho.

Find the approximate resistance value using one of the scales at left. Then, on the table below, locate the most significant digit of the display reading on the vertical NO. column, and the next digit on the horizontal NO, row. The number at the intersecting coordinates represents the unknown resistance value. For example, a reading of 52.0 nS is equal to 19.2 MΩ. Decimal point location is determined from the scale approximation.

NO.	.0	.1	.2	.3	.4	.5	.6	.7	.8	.9
1	1	.909	.833	.769	.714	.667	.625	.588	.556	.526
2	.500	.476	.455	.435	.417	.400	.385	.370	.375	.345
3	.333	.323	.313	.303	.294	.286	.278	.270	.263	.256
4	.250	.244	.238	.233	.227	.222	.217	.213	.208	.204
5	.200	.196	.192	.187	.185	.182	.179	.175	.172	.169
6	.167	.164	.161	159	.156	.154	.152	.149	.147	.145
7	.143	.141	.139	137	.135	.133	.132	.130	.128	.127
8	.125	.123	.122	.121	.119	.118	.116	.115	.114	.112
9	.111	.110	.109	.108	.106	.105	.104	.103	.102	.101

Figure 2-9. Conductance-to-Resistance Conversion



2-18

Figure 2-10. Transistor Beta Test Fixture

8026B

2-54. Transistor type is determined by setting the switch on the fixture to BETA and observing the display. If a low reading ( $\leq 0.010$ ) is obtained, reverse the test fixture at the input terminals. If the collector is now positioned at the COMMON input terminal, the transistor is a PNP type. An NPN type will have its collector positioned at the V/ $\Omega$ /S input terminals. If the transistor is defective the indications will be as follows regardless of fixture position:

1. A shorted transistor will cause an overload indication.

2. An open transistor will read 0.001 or less.

2-55. After the transistor fixture is properly positioned, set the switch to ICEs for the leakage test. The transistor is turned off in this test (base shorted to emitter), and should appear as a very low conductance (high resistance) from collector-to-emitter. Therefore, the lower the reading, the lower the leakage. Silicon transistors that read more than 0.002 (6  $\mu$ A) should be considered questionable.

2-56. Beta is determined by setting the fixture switch to BETA, and observing the display. Mentally shift the decimal point three places to the right and read beta directly. For example, a display reading of 0.127 indicates a dc current gain (beta) of 127.

NOTE

Beta is a termperature sensitive parameter. Therefore, repeatable readings can only be obtained by allowing the transistor to stabilize at the ambient temperature while being tested. Avoid touching the transistor's case with your fingers.

#### 2-57. Leakage Tester

2-58. The 200 nS conductance range effectively extends the resistance measurement capability of the 8026B (up to 10,000 MΩ) to the point where it can be used to provide useful leakage measurements on passive components. For example, you can detect leaky diodes, cables, connectors, printed circuit boards (pcbs), etc. In all cases, the test voltage is <1.5V dc.

#### 2-59. RESISTIVE COMPONENTS

2-60. Leakage testing on purely resistive components such as cables and pcbs is straightforward. Select the 200 nS range, install the test leads in the  $V/\Omega/S$  and COMMON input terminals, connect the leads to the desired test points on the unit-undertest, and read leakage in terms of conductance. If an overrange occurs, select a resistance range that provides an on-scale reading.

#### NOTE

Under high humidity conditions (>80%) conductance measurements may be in error. To ensure accurate measurements connect clean test leads to the 8026 B and (with the leads open) read the residual leakage in nanosiemens. Correct subsequent measurements by subtracting the residual from the readings. (Finger prints or other contamination on the pcb may also cause residual conductance readings.)

#### 2-61. DIODES

2-62. Diode leakage  $(I_R)$  tests require that the diode junction be reverse biased when being measured. This is accomplished by connecting the anode of the diode to the COMMON input terminal and its cathode to the V/ $\Omega$ /S input terminal. Leakage can then be read in terms of conductance. In the event of an overrange, select a resistance range that provides an on-scale reading.

#### NOTE

Like all general-purpose multimeters, the 8026B generates and uses radio frequency energy. It is possible for radio frequency energy to interfere with radio or television reception. If interference does occur, try moving the 8026B to a different location, plugging the radio or television into a different socket, or reorienting the antenna.

## Section 3 Theory of Operation

#### 3-1. INTRODUCTION

3-2. This section of the manual contains an overall functional description followed by a block diagram analysis of the 8026B. A detailed schematic of the 8026B appears in Section 7.

#### 3-3. OVERALL FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

3-4. The Model 8026B as shown in Figure 3-1, is a hand-held 8 function digital multimeter. It features a total of 26 measurement ranges (dc volts-five, ac volts-five, ohmssix, dc current-four, ac current-four, and conductance-two); with overload protection for all ranges.

3-5. Operation centers around a custom LSI chip, UI, which contains a dual slope a/d converter and a display driver. Peripherals to UI include range and function switches, input signal conditioners, and the display. When an input signal is applied to the 8026B it is routed through the range switches to one of four input signal conditioners as determined by the function switch setting. Each conditioner scales and converts the input to an acceptable dc input level (-0.2 to +0.2V dc) that is presented to the a/d converter.

3-6. Timing for the overall operation of the a/d converter is derived from an external quartz crystal whose frequency is a multiple of the local line frequency. This allows the conditioned dc input data to be integrated over an integral number of power line cycles, thus optimizing both common mode and normal mode rejection.

3-7. Digitized measurement data is presented to the display as four decoded digits (seven segments) plus polarity. Decimal point position on the display is determined by the range switch settings.

#### 3-8. BLOCK DIAGRAM ANALYSIS

#### 3-9. A/D Converter

3-10. The entire analog-to-digital conversion process is accomplished by a single custom A/D Converter and Display Driver IC, U1. The IC employs the dual slope method of a/d conversion, and requires a series of external components to establish the basic timing and reference levels required for operation. These include an integrating capacitor, an autozero capacitor, and a flying capacitor (for applying a reference level of either

polarity). Since the power consumed for display operation is very low, the IC also contains the latches, decoders, and drivers required for the display.

3-11. The digital control portion of the a/d conversion process is an internal function of U1, and is keyed to the external crystal frequency. As a result, the conversion process is continuously repeated, and the display is updated at the end of every conversion cycle.

3-12. A simplified circuit diagram of the analog portion of the a/d converter is shown in Figure 3-2. Each of the switches shown represent analog gates which are operated by the digital section of the a/d converter. Basic timing for switch operation and, therefore, a complete measurement cycle is also included in the figure.

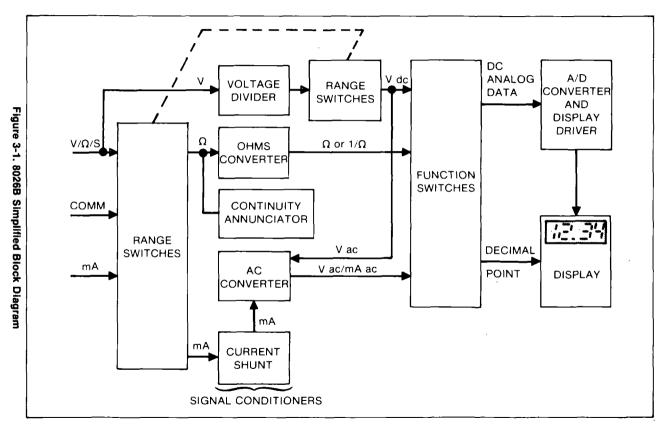
3-13. Any given measurement cycle performed by the a/d converter can be divided into three consecutive time periods, autozero (AZ), integrate (INTEG), and read. Both autozero and integrate are fixed time periods whose lengths are multiples of the clock frequency. A counter determines the length of both time periods by providing an overflow at the end of every 10,000 clock pulses. The read period is a variable time which is proportional to the unknown input voltage. The value of the voltage is determined by counting the number of clock pulses that occur during the read period.

3-14. During autozero a ground reference is applied as an input to the a/d converter. Under ideal conditions the output of the comparator would also go to zero. However, input-offset-voltage errors accumulate in the amplifier loop, and appear at the comparator output as an error voltage. This error is impressed across the AZ capacitor where it is stored for the remainder of the measurement cycle. The stored level is used to provide offset voltage correction during the integrate and read periods.

3-15. The integrate period begins at the end of the autozero period. As the period begins, the AZ switch opens and the INTEG switch closes. This applies the unknown input voltage to the input of the a/d converter. The voltage is buffered and passed on to the integrator to determine the charge rate (slope) on the INTEG capacitor. By the end of the fixed integrate period the capacitor is charged to a level proportional to the unknown input voltage. This voltage is translated to a digital indication by discharging the capacitor at a fixed rate during the read period, and counting the number of clock pulses that occur before it returns to the original autozero level.

3-16. As the read period begins, the INTEG switch opens and the read switch closes. This applies a known reference voltage to the input of the a/d converter. The polarity of this voltage is automatically selected to be opposite that of the unknown input voltage, thus, causing the INTEG capacitor to discharge at a fixed rate (slope). When the charge is equal to the initial starting point (autozero level), the read period is ended. Since the discharge slope is fixed during the read period, the time required for discharge is proportional to the unknown input voltage.

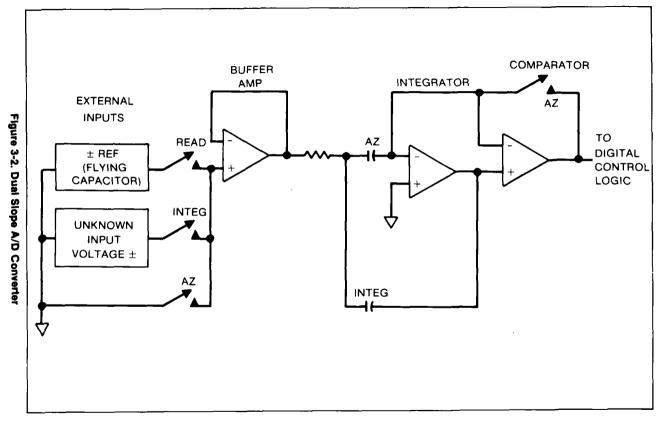
3-17. The autozero period and, thus, a new measurement cycle begins at the end of the read period. At the same time the counter is released for operation by transferring its contents (previous measurement value) to a series of latches. This stored data is then decoded and buffered before being used for driving the liquid crystal display.



မှု

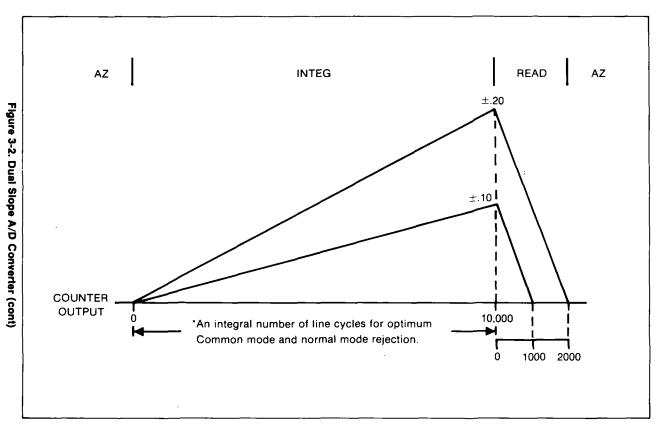
. . . . .

• • • •



٠

ω 4



μ υ 1999 - 199<del>7</del> - 1

1.1.1

-- --

#### 3-18. Input Signal Conditioners

3-19. The a/d converter requires two externally supplied input voltages to complete a measurement cycle. One is reference voltage and the other is an unknown dc voltage within the range of -0.2 to +0.2V dc. If the function being measured is other than a dc voltage within the  $\pm 0.2$  range, it must be scaled and/or conditioned before being presented to the a/d converter. for example, higher dc levels must be divided; ac inputs must be divided, rectified, and filtered; and resistance and current inputs must be scaled and converted to dc voltage levels. The following paragraphs describe the input signal conditioners used for each of the 8026B measurement functions.

#### 3-20. VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT

3-21. Both the ac and dc voltage ranges use an over-voltage-protected, 10 M $\Omega$  input divider as shown in Figure 3-3A. Under normal conditions, assuming a dc input level on the proper range, the divider output is a 0.2 to +0.2V dc signal, and is an exact (power-of-10) ratio of the input signal. If the VAC function is selected, the divider output is ac coupled to an rms ac converter whose dc output is equivalent to the rms level of the ac inputs. The conditioned signal for the selected function (V ac or V dc) is then passed through a filter before being presented to the a/d converter as the unknown input.

#### 3-22. CURRENT MEASUREMENT

3-23. Current measurements are made using a fuse protected, switchable, four-terminal current shunt  $(0.1\Omega, 1\Omega, 1\Omega, 000)$  to perform the current-to-voltage conversion required by the a/d converter. See Figure 3-3B. The voltage (1R) drop produced across the selected shunt may be either ac or dc depending upon the selected function, mA AC or mA DC. If the input current is dc and the dc function is selected, the 1R drop is passed through a low-pass filter, and presented as the unknown input to the a/d converter. However, if the input current is ac and the AC function is selected, the 1R drop is processed by the ac converter before going to the low-pass filter. In either event the a/d converter receives a dc input voltage proportional to the current passing through the selected shunt.

#### 3-24. RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

3-25. Resistance measurements are made using a ratio technique as shown in Figure 3-3C. When the  $\Omega$  function is selected, a simple series circuit is formed by the internal reference voltage, a reference resistor from the voltage divider (selected by range switches), and the external unknown resistor. The ratio of the two resistor values is equal to the ratio of their respective voltage drops. Therefore, since the value of one resistor is known, the value of the second can be determined by using the voltage drop across the known resistor as a reference. This determination is made directly by the a/d converter.

3-26. Overall operation of the a/d converter during a resistance measurement is basically as described earlier in this section, with one exception. The reference voltage present during a voltage measurement is replaced by the voltage drop across the reference resistor. This allows the voltage across the unknown resistor to be read during the integrate period, and compared against the reference resistor during the read period. As before, the length of the read period is a direct indication of the value of the unknown.

#### 3-27. CONDUCTANCE MEASUREMENTS

3-28. Conductance measurements are made using a ratio technique similar to that used in making resistance measurements. See Figure 3-3C. The main difference is that only two

ranges are provided (200 nS and 2 mS), and the function of the range and unknown resistors in the measurement cycle is reversed. That is, the voltage drop across the range resistor is used as the unknown input during the integrate period, and the voltage across the unknown resistor is used for the reference input during the read period. As a result the display provides a reading that is the reciprocal  $(1/\Omega)$  of the unknown input resistance, i.e., the higher the input resistance the lower the display reading.

#### 3-29. CONTINUITY MEASUREMENTS

2

ŝ

3-30. Continuity is a measurement feature that supplements the resistance and conductance measurement functions. The feature is enabled when the  $V/\Omega$  and the AC/DC function switches are both pressed in. When a measurement is made, continuity is indicated by an audible tone. No tone indicates an open circuit or the equivalent of an open circuit.

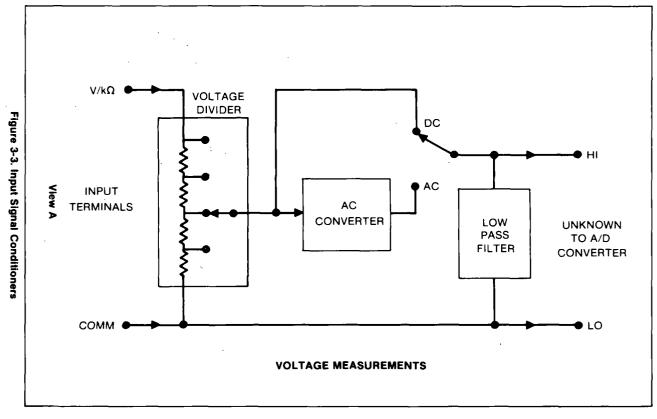
3-31. The continuity circuit consists of a comparator, a one-shot, and a tone generator. See Figure 3-3D. During a measurement, R pull-up and V source develop a voltage across the measured resistance. The comparator compares this voltage against an internal 100 mV threshold reference. If the input voltage is greater than the 100 mV reference, the tone generator is not enabled, a no-continuity indication. Conversely, an indication of less than 100 mV causes the comparator to enable the tone generator which emits an audible continuity indication.

3-32. Since the values of V source and R pull-up vary with the selected range, it is convenient to think of the 100 mV threshold as a resistance threshold. The resistance threshold and the V source/ R pull-up values for each continuity range are given in the following list:

RANGE	R pull-up	V source (VOLTS)	THRESHOLD RESISTANCE
200Ω	4 kilohms	1.2 volts	360 ohms
2 kΩ	3 kilohms	2.8 volts	110 ohms
2 mS	3 kilohms	2.8 volts	110 ohms
20 kΩ	100 kilohms	1.2 volts	9 kilohms
200 kΩ	100 kilohms	1.2 volts	9 kilohms
2000 kΩ	10 megohms	1.2 volts	900 kilohms
20 MΩ	10 megohms	1.2 volts	900 kilohms
200 nS	10 megohms	1.2 volts	900 kilohms

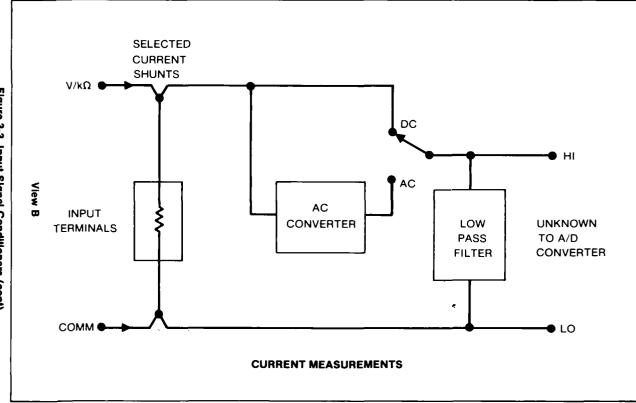
3-33. Extremely short changes in a continuity condition (intermittent open or short circuits) are detected by the one-shot and maintained for approximately 200 ms. This pulse stretching effect ensures that a reliable audio tone is generated for continuity changes as short as 50  $\mu$ s in the 2 k $\Omega$  range.

3-7



မှ မ

٠

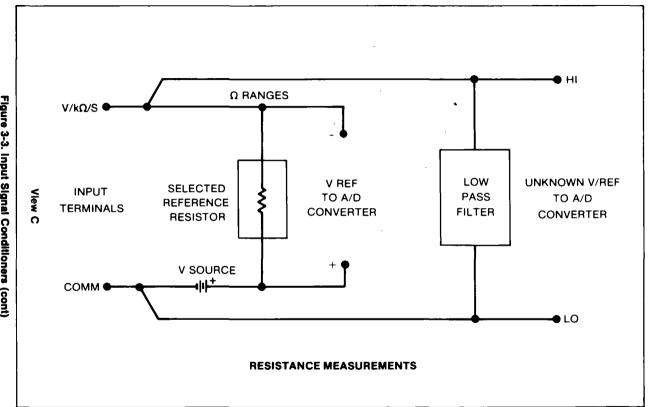




8026B

۰.

3-9



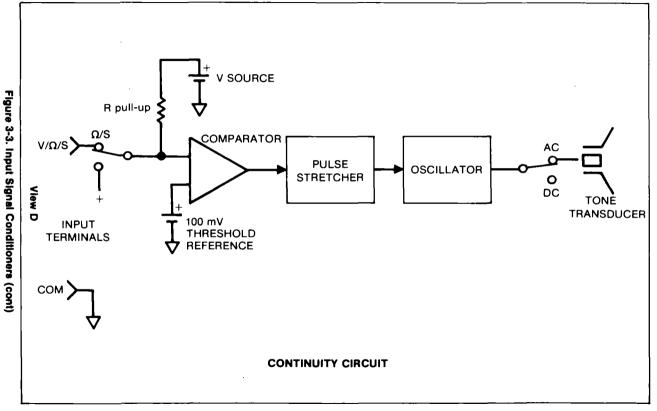
\_ \_ \_ \_

Figure 3-3. Input Signal Conditioners (cont)

•

••

3-10



° 11

8026B

· • —,

---

. . **.** .

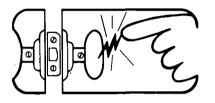
.

.



# static awareness

A Message From John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc.



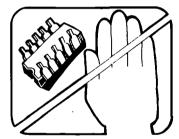
Some semiconductors and custom IC's can be damaged by electrostatic discharge during handling. This notice explains how you can minimize the chances of destroying such devices by:

- 1 Knowing that there is a problem.
- 2. Learning the guidelines for handling them.
- 3. Using the procedures, and packaging and bench techniques that are recommended

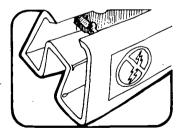
The Static Sensitive (S.S.) devices are identified in the Fluke technical manual parts list with the symbol

" 🕲 "

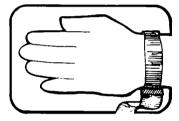
The following practices should be followed to minimize damage to S.S. devices.



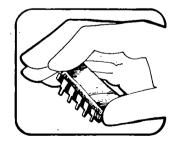
1. MINIMIZE HANDLING



2. KEEP PARTS IN ORIGINAL CONTAINERS UNTIL READY FOR USE.



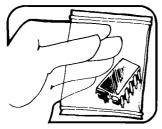
3. DISCHARGE PERSONAL STATIC BEFORE HANDLING DEVICES



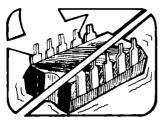
4. HANDLE S.S. DEVICES BY THE BODY

Page 1 of 2

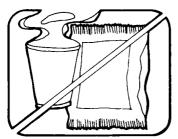
ŧ



5 USE ANTI-STATIC CONTAINERS FOR HANDLING AND TRANSPORT



6. DO NOT SLIDE S.S. DEVICES OVER ANY SURFACE

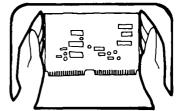


7. AVOID PLASTIC, VINYL AND STYROFOAM-IN WORK AREA

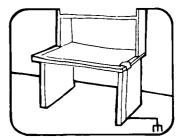
> PORTIONS REPRINTED WITH PERMISSION FROM TEKTRONIX, INC AND GENERAL DYNAMICS, POMONA DIV.

\* Dow Chemical

Page 2 of 2



 WHEN REMOVING PLUG-IN ASSEMBLIES. HANDLE ONLY BY NON-CONDUCTIVE EDGES AND NEVER TOUCH OPEN EDGE CONNECTOR EXCEPT AT STATIC-FREE WORK STATION PLACING SHORTING STRIPS ON EDGE CONNECTOR USUALLY PROVIDES COMPLETE PROTECTION TO INSTALLED SS DEVICES.



- 9. HANDLE S.S. DEVICES ONLY AT A STATIC-FREE WORK STATION
- 10 ONLY ANTI-STATIC TYPE SOLDER-SUCKERS SHOULD BE USED
- 11. ONLY GROUNDED TIP SOLDERING IRONS SHOULD BE USED.

Anti-static bags, for storing S S. devices or pcbs with these devices on them, can be ordered from the John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc.. See section 5 in any Fluke technical manual for ordering instructions. Use the following part numbers when ordering these special bags.

John Fluke Part No.	Description
453522	6'' X 8'' Bag
453530	8" X 12" Bag
453548	16'' X 24'' Bag
454025	12" X 15" Bag
Pink Poly Sheet	Wrist Strap
30"×60"×60 Mil	P/N 1L6-60
P/N RC AS 1200	\$7.00
\$20.00	

J0089B-07U7810-SE EN Litho in U.S.A

### Section 4 Maintenance

#### WARNING

THESE SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS ARE FOR USE BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL ONLY. TO AVOID ELECTRIC SHOCK, DO NOT PERFORM ANY SERVICING OTHER THAN THAT CONTAINED IN THE OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS UNLESS YOU ARE QUALIFIED TO DO SO.

#### 4-1. INTRODUCTION

4-2. This section of the manual contains maintenance information for the Model 8026B. This includes service information, general maintenance, performance test, calibration and troubleshooting. The performance test is recommended as an acceptance test when the unit is first received, and later as a preventive maintenance tool to verify proper instrument operation. A 1-year calibration cycle is recommended to maintain the specifications given in Section 1 of this manual. The test equipment required for both the performance test and calibration is listed in Table 4-1. If the recommended equipment is not available, instruments having equivalent specifications may be used.

#### 4-3. SERVICE INFORMATION

4-4. The 8026B is warranted for a period of two years upon delivery to the original purchaser. Conditions of the warranty are given at the rear of this manual.

4-5. Malfunctions that occur within the limits of the warranty will be corrected at no cost to the purchaser. For in-warranty repair, call (toll-tree) 800 426-0361 for the address of the nearest Fluke Technical Service Center designated to service your instrument. (In Alaska, Hawaii, Washington or Canada call 206 356-5400.) Ship the instrument postpaid in the original shipping container (if available). Dated proof-of-purchase will be required for all in-warranty repairs.

4-6. Fluke Technical Service Centers are also available for calibration and/or repair of instruments that are beyond the warranty period. Call the number listed above for shipping information. Ship the instrument and remittance in accordance with instructions received.

	REQUIRED CHARACTERISTICS	RECOMMENDED MODEL
	PREFERRED	
DMM Calibrator	John Fluke 5100A family	John Fluke Models 5100B, 5101B, 5102B
	ALTERNATE	
AC Calibrator	Voltage Range: 0 to 750V ac Frequency Range: 100 to 450 Hz: $\pm 0.25\%$ Voltage Accuracy: 100 to 450 Hz: $\pm 0.1\%$	John Fluke Models 5200A and 5215A/5205
DC Calibrator	Voltage Range: 0 to 1000V dc Accuracy: ±0.025%	John Fluke Model 343A
DC Current Calibrator	Current Range: 2 mA to 2A Accuracy: ±0.2%	John Fluke Model 382A
Decade Resistor or Individual Resistors	Resistance Values: $190\Omega$ , $1.9 k\Omega$ , $19 k\Omega$ , $19 k\Omega$ , $190 k\Omega$ , $1.9 M\Omega$ , and $10 M\Omega$ Accuracy: $\pm 0.025\%$ Power Rating: $\geq 1/8$ watt	ESI Model DB62

Table 4-1. List of Recommended Test Equipment

#### 4-7. GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 4-8. Access Information

#### NOTE

To avoid contaminating the pcb with oil from the fingers, handle it by the . edges or wear gloves. If the pcb does become contaminated, refer to the cleaning procedure given later in this section.

#### 4-9. BACKUP FUSE (F2) AND CALIBRATION ACCESS

- 4-10. Use the following procedure to access the 8026B calibration adjustments.
  - 1. Set the power switch to OFF.
  - 2. Disconnect test leads and battery eliminator, if attached.
  - 3. Open the battery compartment and disconnect the battery.
  - 4. Remove the three phillips-head screws from the bottom of the case.
- 4-2

5. Turn the instrument face-up and grasp the top cover at both sides of the input connectors. Then, pull the top cover from the unit.

6. Backup Fuse (F2) and all adjustments necessary to complete the calibration procedure are now accessible (see Figure 4-1).

#### 4-11. COMPONENT/PCB ACCESS

- 4-12. Use the following procedure to remove the Main PCB Assembly from the case:
  - 1. complete the calibration access procedure.
  - 2. Remove the screw from shield.

3. Using your index finger, lift the lower right-hand corner of the pcb. When the pcb is freed, pull it to the right until it clears the shelf under the buttons, and then lift up. Handle the PCB by its edges to prevent surface contamination.

4. To reassemble the 8026B logically reverse this procedure.

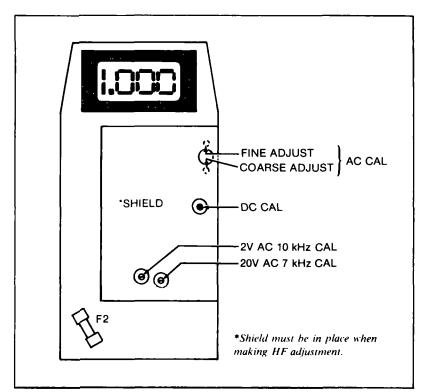


Figure 4-1. Calibration Adjustment Locations

#### NOTE

When installing the pcb, route the battery-clip wires behind the post on the left-hand side of the bottom case, and thread the battery-clip through the battery-cover opening. Also make sure that the removable plastic lip that resides beneath the range switch pushbuttons is properly installed in the bottom case. The green power switch cap should also be mounted on the power switch.

#### 4-13. DISPLAY ACCESS

4-14. Refer to Figure 4-2 and the following procedure to remove/replace the LCD assembly.

1. Remove the Main PCB Assembly using the PCB access procedure.

2. Place your thumbs on either side of the display lens and carefully slide the lens out of the LCD bracket.

3. Turn the LCD bracket upside down, gently tap it against your palm. The LCD should fall out.

#### NOTE

When installing the LCD make certain that its flat surface is facing out and its connector pattern is on top of and makes contact with, the flexible layered connector. All of the parts indicated in figure 4-2 must be thoroughly cleaned and free of particles to assure proper display operation.

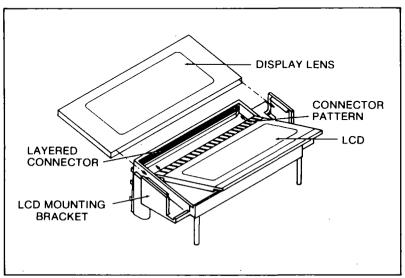


Figure 4-2. LCD Display Assembly

#### 4-15. LSI (U1) ACCESS

4-16. Use the following procedure to remove/replace the A/D Converter and Display Driver IC, U1.

1. Remove the pcb assembly using the component/pcb access procedure.

2. On the bottom of the pcb locate and remove the two phillips-head screws from the display assembly.

3. Lift the display assembly from the pcb to expose U1.

#### CAUTION

# U1 is a MOS device and is subject to damage by static discharge. Observe the precautions given later in this section under troubleshoooting before attempting to remove or replace U1.

4. Use a screw driver or a reasonable substitute to rock (by prying up on each end of the 1C) the 1C out of it socket.

5. When installing U1 make sure all pins are lined up in the socket, and then carefully press it into place.

#### 4-17. Cleaning

#### CAUTION

Do not use aromatic hydrocarbons or chlorinated solvents for cleaning. These solutions will react with the plastic materials used in the instrument.

#### CAUTION

#### Do not allow the liquid crystal display to get wet. Remove the Display Assembly before washing the pcb and do not install it until the pcb has been fully dried.

4-18. Clean the front panel and case with a mild solution of detergent and water. Clean dust from the circuit board with low pressure (<20 psi) dry air. Contaminates can be removed from the circuit board with demineralized water and a soft brush (remove the Display Assembly before washing, and avoid getting excessive amounts of water on the switches). Dry with clean, dry air at low pressure, and then bake at 50 to  $60^{\circ}C$  (124-140°F) for 24 hours.

#### 4-19. Battery/Backup Fuse Replacement

#### WARNING

BATTERY/FUSE REPLACEMENT SHOULD ONLY BE PERFORMED AFTER THE TEST LEADS HAVE BEEN REMOVED FROM THE INPUT JACKS, AND THE POWER SWITCH IS SET TO OFF. BACKUP FUSE REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES MUST BE PERFORMED BY QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL ONLY. USE ONLY THE RECOMMENDED FUSE TYPE FOR REPLACEMENT. 4-20. Refer to Section 1 of this manual for battery and main fuse (F1) replacement procedure. Use the following procedure to replace the backup fuse (F2).

1. Complete the Backup Fuse and Calibraion Access procedure located earlier in this section.

- 2. Using a pointed tool such as a probe tip, pry the backup fuse from its holder.
- 3. Replace the defective backup fuse with a 3A, 600V type BBS-3 only.

#### 4-21. PERFORMANCE TEST

4-22. The performance test is used to compare the 8026B performance with the list of specifications given in Section 1 of this manual. It is recommended for incoming inspection, periodic maintenance, and to verify specifications. If the instrument fails any part of the test, calibration and/or repair is indicated.

#### 4-23. Initial Procedure

4-24. Establish the following test conditions before continuing with the Performance Test:

- 1. Allow the unit to stabilize at an ambient temperature of  $23 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C ( $73 \pm 9^{\circ}$ F).
- 2. Check and, if necessary, replace the fuses and battery.
- 3. Set the power switch to ON.

#### 4-25. Display Test

4-26. The following procedure is used to test the operation of all display digits and segments:

1. Select the  $\Omega$  function and the 20 k $\Omega$  range. The display should be blanked with the exception of the overrange indicator (1) in the left hand column and a decimal point in the center of the display.

2. Connect a Decade Resistor between the  $V/\Omega/S$  and COMMON input terminals.

3. Set the Decade Resistor to 10 k $\Omega$  and verify a display of 10.00 ±3 digits.

4. Sequentially increase the resistance in 1.11 k $\Omega$  steps and verify the operation of each digit and its segments.

5. Disconnect the Decade Resistor at the input terminals, and select the 2000 k $\Omega$  range. A decimal point should not be displayed.

6. Sequentially select the 200, 20 and 2 k $\Omega$  range. The decimal point should appear in the tenths, hundredths, and thousandths position, respectively.

#### 4-27. Resistance/Conductance Test

4-28. The operation and accuracy of the resistance and conductance ranges are tested in the following procedure:

I. Connect the Decade Resistor between the  $V/\Omega/S$  and COMMON input terminals.

2. Refer to Table 4-2, and select the range and input conditions specified in step 1. Verify that the display reading is within the limits shown.

3. Execute and verify steps 2 through 8 of Table 4-2, using the procedure described in step 2.

#### 4-29. Continuity Test

4-30. Use the following procedure to verify proper operation of the continuity function:

- 1. Select the  $\Omega$  function and 2 k $\Omega$  range.
- 2. Connect the test leads to the COMMON and  $V/\Omega$  terminals.
- 3. Depress the AC/DC switch to activate the audible tone.
- 4. Momentarily short the test leads together and observe that the tone sounds.

#### WARNING

THE LOCAL LINE VOLTAGE IS USED IN THE FOLLOWING STEP. BE CAREFUL NOT TO TOUCH THE PROBE TIPS WITH YOUR FINGERS OR TO ALLOW THE 120V AC RECEPTACLE TO BECOME SHORTED.

e.		DECADE F	RESISTOR	JOHN FLUKE 5100B/5101B/5102B	
STEP	RANGE	INPUT RESISTANCE	DISPLAY READING	INPUT RESISTANCE	DISPLAY READINGS
1	200Ω	Short	00.0 to 00.2	Short	00.0 to 00.2
2	2 kΩ	Short	0.000 to 0.001	Short	.000 to 0.001
3	200Ω	190Ω	189.3 to 190.7	100Ω	99.5 to 100.5
4	2 kΩ	1.9 kΩ	1.897 to 1.903	1 kΩ	.998 to 1.002
5	20 kΩ	19 kΩ	18.97 to 19.03	10 kΩ	9.98 to 10.02
6	200 kΩ	190 kΩ	189.7 to 190.3	100 kΩ	99.8 to 100.2
7	2000 kΩ	1900 kΩ	1861 to 1939	1000 kΩ	980 to 1020
8	20 MΩ	10 MΩ	9.80 to 10.20	10 MΩ	9.80 to 10.20
9	200 nS	10 MΩ	97.0 to 103.0	10 MΩ	97.0 to 103.0
10	200 nS	Open	01.0 to 00.0	Open	01.0 to 00.0

#### Table 4-2. Resistance/Conductance Checks

5. At a convenient 120V ac receptacle, insert the test leads as if to measure the line voltage. A series of beeps at a rate of approximately 5 to 10 per second indicates proper operation of the pulse stretcher circuit.

#### 4-31. DC Voltage Test

4-32. Use the following procedure to check the accuracy and overall operation of the dc voltage ranges:

#### WARNING

## CONNECT THE GROUND/COMMON/LOW SIDE OF THE VOLTAGE CALIBRATOR TO COMMON ON THE 8026B.

1. Set the DC Calibrator for a zero volt output.

2. Connect the DC Calibrator output to the V/ $\Omega$ /S and COMMON input terminals of the 8026B (calibrator ground/common/low to 8026B COMMON.

3. With reference to Table 4-3, select the 8026B voltage range given in step 1, and set the DC Calibrator output to the corresponding 8026B input voltage. Verify that the display reading is within the limits shown.

4. Execute and verify steps 2 through 7 of Table 4-3, using the procedure described in step 3.

#### 4-33. AC Voltage Test

4-34. The ac voltage ranges are checked for accuracy and operation using the following procedure:

#### WARNING

#### CONNECT THE GROUND/COMMON/LOW SIDE OF THE AC CALIBRATOR TO COMMON ON THE MODEL 8026B.

1. Set the AC Calibrator for a zero volt ac output.

VOLTAGE RANGE	INPUT VOLTAGE, DC	DISPLAY READING
200 mV	+190.0 mV	189.7 to 190.3
200 mV	-190.0 mV	-189.7 to -190.3
2V	0.0V	001 to .001
2V	+1.9V	1.897 to 1.903
20V	+19V	18.97 to 19.03
200V	+190V	189.7 to 190.3
1000V	+1000V	998 to 1002
	RANGE           200 mV           200 mV           2V           2V           2V           20V           20V           20V	RANGE         VOLTAGE, DC           200 mV         +190.0 mV           200 mV         -190.0 mV           2V         0.0V           2V         +1.9V           20V         +1.9V           20V         +1.9V           20V         +1.9V           20V         +1.9V           20V         +1.9V           20V         +1.9V

#### Table 4-3. DC Voltage Checks

2. Connect the AC Calibrator output to the  $V/\Omega/S$  and COMMON input terminals for the 8026B (calibrator ground/common/low to 8026B COMMON).

3. With reference to Table 4-4, select the 8026B voltage range given in step 1, and set the AC Calibrator output to the corresponding 8026B input voltage and frequency. Verify that the display reading is within the limits shown.

4. Execute and verify steps 2 through 12 of Table 4-4, using the procedure described in step 3.

#### 4-35. DC Current Test

4-36. The following procedure is used to check the operation and accuracy of the dc current ranges.

1. Set the output of the DC Current Calibrator to zero mA.

2. Connect the output of the DC Current Calibrator to the (A) and COMMON input terminals on the 8026B.

3. With reference to Table 4-5, select the 8026B current range indicated in step 1, and set the calibrator output to provide the corresponding 8026B input current. Verify that the display reading is within the limits shown.

4. Execute and verify steps 2 through 4 of Table 4-5, using the procedure described in step 3.

STEP	VOLTAGE RANGE	İN	IPUT	
SIEF		VOLTAGE	FREQUENCY	DISPLAY READING
1	200 mV	Short	dc	00.0 to 00.2
2	200 mV	190.0 mV	50 Hz	188.9 to 191.2
3	200 mV	10.0 mV	50 Hz	9.7 to 10.3
4	200 mV	10.0 mV	10 kHz	9.5 to 10.5
5	2V	1.900V	10 kHz	1.859 to 1.941
6	2V	1.900V	5 kHz	1.878 to 1.922
7	2V	1.900V	2 kHz	1.889 to 1.912
8	2V	1.900V	50 Hz	1.889 to 1.912
9	20V	19.00V	50 Hz	18.89 to 19.12
10	20V	19.00V	2 kHz	18.89 to 19.12
11	20V	19.00V	5 kHz	18.78 to 19.22
12	20V	19.00V	10 kHz	18.59 to 19.41
13	200V	110.0V	2 kHz	108.7 to 111.3
14	200V	110.0V	50 Hz	109.3 to 110.8
15	750V	750V	50 Hz	744 to 756
16	750V	750V	1 kHz	744 to 756

Table 4	4-4	AC '	Volt	age	Test
---------	-----	------	------	-----	------

STEP	CURRENT RANGE	INPUT CURRENT, DC	DISPLAY READING
1	2 mA	+1.9 mA	1.885 to 1.915
2	20 mA	-19 mA	-18.85 to -19.15
3	200 mA	+190 mA	188.5 to 191.5
4	2000 mA	+1900 mA	1885 to 1915

Table 4-5. DC Current (mA) Checks

#### 4-37. CALIBRATION

4-38. Under normal operating conditions, the 8026B should be calibrated once a year to maintain the specifications given in Section 1 of this manual. If instrument repairs have been made or if the unit fails the performance test, immediate calibration is required. Equipment required for calibration is listed in Table 4-1. If the necessary equipment is not available, your nearest authorized Fluke Technical Service Center will be happy to help. A list of these service centers, as well as shipping information, is given at the back of this manual.

4-39. Use the following procedure to calibrate the 8026B.

#### NOTE

This procedure assumes an ambient temperature of  $23 \pm 2^{\circ}C$  (70 to 77° F) and a relative humidity of less than 80%. The temperature of the unit should be allowed to stabilize for at least 30 minutes before calibration begins.

1. Remove the top cover from the 8026B using the access procedure given earlier in this section.

2. Set the 8026B power switch to ON and select the 200 mV DC range.

3. Set the output of the DC Calibrator to +190.0 mV and connect it to the 8026B input terminals; + to  $V/\Omega/S$ , and - to COMMON.

4. Adjust the DC CAL pot (R5), as shown in Figure 4-1, for a display of 190.0 or 190.1. (Use a plastic adjustment tool or a plastic screw driver for all ajustments.)

5. Disconnect the DC Calibrator from the 8026B input terminals.

6. Select the 200 mV AC range on the 8026B.

7. Set the output of the AC Calibrator to 190 mV at 100 Hz, and connect it to the 8026B input terminals:  $V/\Omega/S$  and COMMON.

#### NOTE

The calibration adjustment tool will need to be tilted slightly to gain access to R17 and R19 as required in the next two steps.

8. On the 8026B, adjust the AC CAL potentiometer marked "F" (fine adjust - R19) so that it is at mid-range.

9. Adjust the AC CAL potentiometer marked "C" (coarse-adjust - R17) so that the 8026B displays 190.0  $\pm 3$  digits. Then adjust R19 ("F" - fine adjust) so that the 8026B displays 190.0 (an occasional flash of  $\pm 1$  digit is acceptable).

10. Select the 20V ac range on the 8026B.

11. Set the output of the AC Calibrator to 19.00V at 7 kHz.

12. Adjust the HF CAL 20V capacitor (C9) for a display of 18.98 to 19.02.

13. Select the 2V ac range on the 8026B.

14. Set the output of the AC Calibrator to 1.900V at 10 kHz.

15. Adjust the HF CAL 2V capacitor (C2) for a display of 1.898 to 1.902.

16. Reinstall the 8026B top cover. Execute the performance test given earlier in this manual to ensure that all fixed range resistors and other non-adjustable components are operating within their specified limits.

#### NOTE

The HF CAL adjustments performed in Steps 12 and 15 will be slightly affected when the 8026B top cover is reinstalled. If the high frequency ac performance is slightly outside the specified limits, remove the top cover and readjust C9 and C2 accordingly.

#### 4-40. TROUBLESHOOTING

#### CAUTION

#### Static discharge can damage MOS components contained in the 8026B.

4-41. When troubleshooting or repairing the 8026B use the precautions listed on the Static Awareness sheet to prevent damage from static discharge. Never remove, install or otherwise connect or disconnect components without first setting the 8026B power switch to OFF.

4-42. A troubleshooting guide for the 8026B is given in Table 4-6. To properly use the guide complete the performance test given earlier in this section and note any discrepancies. Then locate the heading of the procedure in question in the Test and Symptom column (Table 4-6). Under that heading isolate the symptom that approximates the observed malfunction. Possible causes are listed to the right of the selected symptom. Details necessary to isolate a particular cause can be derived from the theory of operation in Section 3 and the schematic diagram in Section 7.

POSSIBLE CAUSE
Low battery, Q3, U2, U1. (See also operating note for A81 accessory.)
Dead battery, power switch, VR2 shorted, U1, J4, battery connector.
Defective or contaminated display interconnect, display, or A/D Converter U1.
U1.
Range switches, Z6, U2, or display. (Check signals at U2 to isolate.)
U1.
Reference VR1, crystal Y1, A/D Converter U1.
Range resistor Z1.
Thermistor RT1, R2 open.
RJ1, RJ2, RJ3, RJ4 damaged from severe overload.
PCB is contaminated (see cleaning procedure, Section 4.)
Out of calibration (DC), Vref (VR1) in error, Z2, U1, S1.
R2 - fusible resistor open.
Range resistor Z1, Z3, Z4.

#### Table 4-6. Troubleshooting Guide

TEST AND SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE
AC VOLTAGE TEST Displayed reading is out of tolerance in 200 mV range.	Out of calibration (AC), AC converter defective U4.
All ranges read 000.	R2 - fusible resistor open.
Negative overload displayed.	Q5, Q4, VR3.
Readings are out of tolerance on some or all ranges except 200 mV at 45 Hz to approximately 500 Hz.	Z1, Z3, Z4, U4.
One or more ranges other than 200 mV out of tolerance above approximately 1 KHz.	C2 out of cal (2V range only), C9 out of cal, C12, C14, foam input divider support missing, shield screw missing, negative regulator to U4 is 'full-on.' Q5, Q4, VR3. (Predominantly affects 2V range at 10 kHz as battery voltage drops). Instruments that have received mechanical abuse may need to be recalibrated for ac performance.
DC CURRENT TEST Input does not affect display.	Fuse F1 and/or F2 open, CR6, U5
Displayed reading is out of tolerance on one or more ranges.	If 2000 mA and 200 mA ranges are okay, Z3 is defective. Otherwise Z4 is defective.
CONTINUITY TEST Tone doesn't sound when test leads are shorted.	S1G, S8B, AR20, U20, LS1, Board interconnection, defective test lead, test lead in mA jack.
CALIBRATION DC CAL pot at limit.	VR1, Z2, or R5.
AC CAL pot at limit.	Z5, CR3, CR4, R9, AR1, dc calibration incorrect.
HF adjust at limit.	S3D, Z1, C2, shield not installed.

Table 4-6.	Troubleshooting	Guide	(cont)
------------	-----------------	-------	--------

# Section 5 List of Replaceable Parts

#### 5-1. INTRODUCTION

5-2. This section contains an illustrated parts breakdown of the instrument. A similar parts listing for each of the Options will be found in Section 6. Components are listed alphanumerically by assembly. Both electrical and mechanical components are listed by reference designation. Each listed part is shown in an accompanying illustration.

#### 5-3. Parts lists include the following information:

- 1. Reference Designation
- 2. Description of each part
- 3. FLUKE Stock Number
- 4. Federal Supply Code for Manufacturers (See Table 5-5 for Code-to-Name list)
- 5. Manufacturer's Part Number
- 6. Total Quantity per assembly or component

7. Recommended Quantity: This entry indicates the recommended number of spare parts necessary to support one to five instruments for a period of two years. This list presumes an availability of common electronic parts at the maintenance site. For maintenance for one year or more at an isolated site, it is recommended that at least one of each assembly in the instrument be stocked. In the case of optional subassemblies, plug-ins, etc., that are not always part of the instrument, or are deviations from the basic instrument model, the REC QTY column lists the recommended quantity of the item in that particular assembly.

#### 5-4. HOW TO OBTAIN PARTS

5-5. Components may be ordered directly from the manufacturer by using the manufacturer's part number, or from the John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. factory or authorized representative by using the FLUKE STOCK NUMBER. In the event the part you order has been replaced by a new or improved part, the replacement will be accompanied by an explanatory note and installation instructions if necessary.

5-6. To ensure prompt and efficient handling of your order, include the following information.

- I. Quantity
- 2. FLUKE Stock Number
- 3. Description
- 4. Reference Designation
- 5. Printed Circuit Board Part Number
- 6. Instrument Model and Serial Number

CAUTION Solution Indicated devices are subject to damage by static discharge.

REF DES	DESCRIPTION	FLUKE Stock No.	MFG SPLY Code	MFG PART NO.	TOT QTY	REC QTY	N O T E
	Ø FINAL ASSEMBLY, 80265 FIGURE 5-1 (80265-T&B)						
A1Ø	MAIN PCB ASSEMELY	6 46 406	89536	6 46 4 06	1		
A2 🐼	ANNUNCIATOR PCB ASSEMBLY	6 13 94 3	89536	6 13 943	1		
BT1	BATTERY, PRIMARY 9V (NOT SHOWN)	446 823	837 40	NEDA #1604	1		
F 1	FUSE, FAST-BLO, 2A, 250V	376582	-		2	10	
	European type fuse	46 097 2	89536	46 097 2			
F2	FUSE, FIBRE, 3A, 600V	475004	71400	BBS-3	1	5	
H1	SCREW, PHP, 4-40 X 3/16	129882	89536	129882	1		
H2	SCREW, THD-FORM, 3/8	448456	89536	448456	2		
H3	SCREW, THD-FORM, 3/4	447 953	89536	447 953	3		
MP 1	BAIL	6 16 96 1	89536	6 16 96 1	1	1	
MP2	BRACKET, LCD MTG.	53 16 57	89536	53 16 57	1		
MP3	BUTTON, FUNCTION SWITCH	6 06 889	89536	6 06 889	2		
MP4	BUTTON, POWER SWITCH	456 491	89536	456 491	1		
MP5	EUTTON, RANGE SWITCH	6 06 87 1	89536	6 06 87 1	6		
MP6	CASE, BOTTOM	6 13 95 0	89536	6 13 95 0	1		
	European type Case Bottom	637728	89536	637728			
MP7	CASE, TOP	542027	89536	542027	1		
MP8	CONNECTOR, ELASTOMERIC	520858	89536	520858	1		
MP9	COVER, BATTERY	637686	89536	6 37 6 86	1		
MP10	DECAL, TOP CASE	642835	89536	6 42 835	1		

 $\mathcal{A}_{i}^{(1)} = \mathcal{A}_{i}^{(1)} = \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{A}_{i}^{(1)} = \mathcal{A}_{i}^{(1)$ 

Table 5-1. 8026B Final Assembly

8026B

ъ С

MP12       FOOT, NON-SKID       6043 97       89536       6043 97       4         MP13       LENS, DISPLAY       606 848       89536       606 848       1         MP14       PLATE, LCD MTG. BRACKET       531665       89536       654459       1         MP15       RETAINER, SHIELD       654459       89536       654459       1         MP16       SHIELD       6043 89       89536       6043 89       1         MP16       SHIELD       6043 89       89536       6043 89       1         MP17       SHOCK ABSORBER       428441       89536       428441       1         MP18       SPACER, CASE       458588       89536       458588       2         MP19       SUPPORT, INPUT DIV.       655860       1       1         MP20       TEST LEADS & PROBE (NOT SHOWN)       516666       89536       516666       1         TM1       INSTRUCTION MANUAL, 8026 E       646414       89536       646414       1         TM2       OPERATOR CARD, 8026 E       646412       89536       646422       1         U160       IC, C-MOS, A-D CONVERTER       429100       89536       429100       1	REF DES	DESCRIPTION	FLUKE Stock No.	MF8 8Ply Code	MFG PART NO.	TOT QTY	REC Qty	
MP12       FOOT, NON-SKID       6043 97       89536       6043 97       4         MP13       LENS, DISPLAY       606 848       89536       606 848       1         MP14       PLATE, LCD MTG. BRACKET       531665       89536       654459       1         MP15       RETAINER, SHIELD       654459       89536       6043 89       1         MP16       SHIELD       6043 89       89536       6043 89       1         MP17       SHOCK ABSORBER       428441       89536       6043 89       1         MP18       SPACER, CASE       458588       89536       458588       2         MP19       SUPPORT, INPUT DIV.       655866       89536       655860       1         MP20       TEST LEADS & PROBE (NOT SHOWN)       516666       1       1         TM1       INSTRUCTION MANUAL, 8026 E       646414       89536       646414         TM2       OPERATOR CARD, 8026 E       646414       89536       646422       1         U160       IC, C-MOS, A-D CONVERTER       429100       1       1       1         U3       LCD, SCREENED       504324       89536       504324       1								
MP13       LENS, DISPLAY       606 848       89536       606 848       1         MP14       PLATE, LCD MTG. BRACKET       531665       89536       531665       1         MP15       RETAINER, SHIELD       654459       89536       604389       89536       604389       1         MP16       SHIELD       604389       89536       604389       1         MP17       SHOCK ABSORBER       428441       89536       604389       1         MP18       SPACER, CASE       458588       89536       458588       2         MP19       SUPPORT, INPUT DIV.       655860       1       1         MP20       TEST LEADS & PROBE (NOT SHOWN)       516666       89536       516666       1         TM1       INSTRUCTION MANUAL, 8026E       646414       89536       646414       1         TM2       OPERATOR CARD, 8026E       646422       89536       646422       1         U160       IC, C-MOS, A-D CONVERTER       429100       89536       504324       1         U3       LCD, SCREENED       504324       89536       504324       1		•						
MP14       PLATE, LCD MTG. BRACKET       531665       89536       531665       1         MP15       RETAINER, SHIELD       654459       89536       654459       1         MP16       SHIELD       604389       89536       604389       1         MP17       SHOCK ABSORBER       428441       89536       428441       1         MP18       SPACER, CASE       458588       89536       458588       2         MP19       SUPPORT, INPUT DIV.       655860       89536       516666       1         MP20       TEST LEALS & PROBE (NOT SHOWN)       516666       89536       516666       1         TM1       INSTRUCTION MANUAL, 8026E       646414       89536       646414       1         TM2       OPERATOR CARD, 8026E       646414       89536       646422       1         U1@       IC, C-MOS, A-D CONVERTER       429100       89536       504324       1         U3       LCD, SCREENED       504324       89536       504324       1						4	4	
MP15       RETAINER, SHIELD       654459       89536       654459       1         MP16       SHIELD       604389       89536       604389       1         MP17       SHOCK ABSORBER       428441       89536       428441       1         MP18       SPACER, CASE       458588       89536       458588       2         MP19       SUPPORT, INPUT DIV.       655860       89536       55860       1         MP20       TEST LEADS & PROBE (NOT SHOWN)       516666       89536       516666       1         TM1       INSTRUCTION MANUAL, 8026E       646414       89536       646414       1         TM2       OPERATOR CARD, 8026E       646422       89536       646422       1         U1@       IC, C-MOS, A-D CONVERTER       429100       89536       504324       1         U3       LCD, SCREENED       504324       89536       504324       1						1		
MP 16       SH IEL D       6043 89       89536       6043 89       1         MP 17       SHOCK ABSORBER       428441       89536       428441       1         MP 18       SPACER, CASE       458588       89536       458588       2         MP 19       SUPPORT, INPUT DIV.       65586 C       89536       65586 C       1         MP 20       TEST LEADS & PROBE (NOT SHOWN)       516666       69536       516666       1         TM1       INSTRUCTION MANUAL, 8026 E       646414       89536       646414       4       4         TM2       OPERATOR CARD, 8026 E       646422       89536       646422       1         U160       IC, C-MOS, A-D CONVERTER       429100       89536       429100       1         U3       LCD, SCREENED       504324       89536       504324       1						1		
MP17       SHOCK ABSORBER       428441       69536       428441       1         MP18       SPACER, CASE       458588       89536       458588       2         MP19       SUPPORT, INPUT DIV.       655860       1       1         MP20       TEST LEADS & PROBE (NOT SHOWN)       516666       89536       516666       1         TM1       INSTRUCTION MANUAL, 8026E       646414       89536       646414       1         TM2       OPERATOR CARD, 8026E       646422       89536       646422       1         U120       IC, C-MOS, A-D CONVERTER       429100       89536       429100       1         U3       LCD, SCREENED       504324       89536       504324       1	MP15	RETAINER, SHIELD	654459	89536	654459	1		
MP18       SPACER, CASE       458588       89536       458588       2         MP19       SUPPORT, INPUT DIV.       65586 0       89536       65586 0       1         MP20       TEST LEALS & PROBE (NOT SHOWN)       516666       89536       516666       1         TM1       INSTRUCTION MANUAL, 8026 B       646414       89536       646414       1         TM2       OPERATOR CARD, 8026 B       646422       89536       646422       1         U160       IC, C-MOS, A-D CONVERTER       429100       89536       429100       1         U3       LCD, SCREENED       504324       89536       504324       1	MP 16	SH IEL D	604389	89536	6 043 89	1		
MP19       SUPPORT, INPUT DIV.       65586 0       1         MP20       TEST LEALS & PROBE (NOT SHOWN)       516666       516666       1         TM1       INSTRUCTION MANUAL, 8026 E       646414       89536       646414         TM2       OPERATOR CARD, 8026 E       646422       89536       646422       1         U100       IC, C-MOS, A-D CONVERTER       429100       89536       429100       1         U3       LCD, SCREENED       504324       89536       504324       1	MP 17	SHOCK ABSORBER	428441	89536	42 84 4 1	1		
MP15         SUPPORT, INPUT DIV.         65586 c         89536         65586 c         1           MP20         TEST LEALS & PROBE (NOT SHOWN)         516666         516666         1           TM1         INSTRUCTION MANUAL, 8026 B         646414         89536         646414           TM2         OPERATOR CARD, 8026 B         646422         89536         646422         1           U1@         IC, C-MOS, A-D CONVERTER         429100         89536         429100         1           U3         LCD, SCREENED         504324         89536         504324         1	MP18	SPACER, CASE	458588	89536	45 85 88	2		
TM1       INSTRUCTION MANUAL, 8026E       646414       89536       646414         TM2       OPERATOR CARD, 8026E       646422       89536       646422       1         U1@       IC, C-MOS, A-D CONVERTER       429100       89536       429100       1         U3       LCD, SCREENED       504324       89536       504324       1	MP19	SUPPORT, INPUT DIV.	655860	89536	655 <b>86</b> 0	1		
TM2         OPERATOR CARD, 8026B         646422         89536         646422         1           U1@         IC, C-MOS, A-D CONVERTER         429100         89536         429100         1           U3         LCD, SCREENED         504324         89536         504324         1	MP20	TEST LEADS & PROBE (NOT SHOWN)	516666	89536	516666	1	2	
TM2         OPERATOR CARD, 8026B         646422         89536         646422         1           U102         IC, C-MOS, A-D CONVERTER         429100         89536         429100         1           U3         LCD, SCREENED         504324         89536         504324         1	TM1	INSTRUCTION MANUAL, 8026 B	646414	89536	6 46 4 1 4			
U3 LCD, SCREENED 504324 89536 504324 1	TM2		646422	89536	6 46 422	1		
U3 LCD, SCREENED 504324 89536 504324 1	U1Ø	IC. C-MOS. A-D CONVERTER	429100	89536	429100	1	1	
RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS KIT, 80265 653360 89536 653360	บร	LCD, SCREENED	504324	89536	504324	1	1	
		•						
. <u>.</u>								
· · · · ·								
			• ••					

۲<u>4</u>

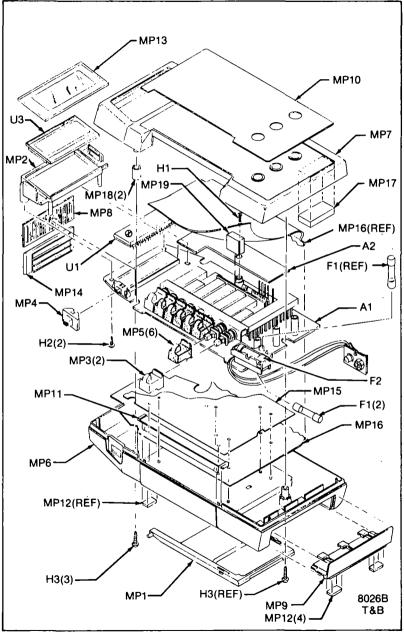


Figure 5-1. 8026B Final Assembly

REF DES	DESCRIPTION	FLUKE Stock No.	MFG SPLY Code	MFG PART NO.	TOT Qty	REC QTY	N D T E
A1Ø	MAIN PCB ASSEMBLY FIGURE 5-2 (8026 B-4001)	6 46 4 06	89536	6 46 406	REF		
C 1	CAP, CER, 500 PF +/-10%, 1 KV	1 056 92	7 15 90	2DDH6 0N5 01K	3		
C2	CAP, VAR, 1.5 PF-0.25 PF, 2000V	218206	72982	530-000	2		
С3	CAP, AL. ELECT, 22 UF +/-20%, 16V	614750	89536	614750	1		
C4	CAP, MYLAR, 0.047 UF +/-10%, 100V	446773	89536	446773	2		
C5	CAP, POLY, 0.1 UF +/-10%, 100V	446781	89536	446781	1		
C6	CAP, POLY, 0.22 UF +/-10%, 100V	436113	73445	C28011AH1A220K	1		
C7	CAP, MYLAR, 0.047 UF +/-10%, 100V	446773	89536	446773	REF		
С8	CAP, POLY, 0.022 UF +/-10%, 1000V	448183	55:12	0.022/10/1000-7	1		
C9	CAP, VAR, 1.5 PF-0.25 PF, 2000V	218206	72982	530-000	REF		
C12	CAP, CER, 150 PF +/-5%, 100V, NPO	512988	89536	512988	1		
C14	CAP, CER, 1800 PF +/-5%, 50V, NPO	528547	89536	52 85 47	1		
C 15	CAP, CER, 500 PF +/-10%, 1 KV	1 056 92	71590	2DDH6 0N5 01K	REF		
C 16	CAP, AL. ELECT, 47 UF +/-20%, 10V	6 02334	89536	6 02334	1		
C 17	CAP, TA, 39 UF +/-20%, 6V	163915	56289	196D396X0006KA1	1		
C18	CAP, CER, 500 PF +/-10%, 1 KV	1 056 92	71590	2DDH6 0N5 01K	REF		
C19	CAP, CER, 0.22 PF +/-20%, 50V	519157	51406	RPE111Z5U224M50V	1		
CR6	DIODE, SI, RECT. 2A, 50V	347559	05277	1N5400	1		
CR7	DIODE, SI, HI-SPEED SWITCHING	203323	07910	1N4448	2		
CR8	DIODE, SI, HI-SPEED SWITCHING	203323	07 91 0	1N4448	REF		
J1-J3	RECEPTACLE, INPUT	508606	89536	508606	3		
J4	JACK, DC POWER, PCB MOUNTING	423897	89536	423897	1	1	
J5	CONTACT ASSEMBLY	651653	89536	651653	1		

Table 5-2. A1 Main PCB Assembly

წ ნ

REF DES	DESCRIPTION	FLUKE Stock No.	MFG SPLY CODE	MFG PART NO.	TOT Qty	REC QTY	
MP 1	FUSE CAP	540716	89536	5407 16	1		
MP2	FUSE CLIP	534925	89536	534925	1		
MP3	FUSE CLIP	535203	89536	535203	1		1
MP4	FUSE SPRING (NOT SHOWN)	535211	89536	535211	1		
MP5	SPACER	6 0437 1	89536	6 0437 1	1		
P 1-P5	POST, CONNECTOR	6 03 91 0	89536	6 03 91 0	6		l e u
Q1-Q3	TRANSISTOR, SI, NPN	218396	89536	218396	3	1	U   N
QH	TRANSISTOR, SI, PNP	195974	04713	2N3906	1	1	2
Q5	TRANSISTOR, J-FET, P-CHANNEL	413690	89536	413690	1	1	
R1	RES, COMP, 100K +/-10%, 1W	1 0 9 3 9 7	01121	GB1 03 1	2		Main
R2	RES, WW, FUSIBLE, 1K +/-10%, 2W EXACT REPLACEMENT ONLY.	47 4080	01121	HB1021	1	2	
<b>F</b> 3	RES, DEP. CAR, 200K +/-5%, 1/4W	441485	80031	CR251-4-5P200K	2		
R4	RES, DEP, CAR, 220K +/-5%, 1/4W	348953	80031	CR251-4-5P220K	1		į
R5	RES, VAR, 500 +/-20%, 0.3W	6 037 46	51406	RV S07 07 - V-100-3-501M	1		Veselinity (court
R6	RES, COMP, 1M +/-10%, 1W	1 0 97 93	01121	GB1 051	1		-
R7	RES, DEP. CAR, 200K +/-5%, 1/4W	441485	80031	CR251-4-5P200K	REF		1
R8	RES, COMP, 100K +/-10%, 1W	1 0 9 3 9 7	01121	GB1031	REF		
R9	RES, DEP. CAR, 4.3K +/-5%, 1/4W	441576	80031	CR251-4-5P4K3	1		15
R10	RES, DEP. CAR, 100K +/-5%, 1/4W	348920	80031	CR251-4-5P100K	4		
R11	RES, COMP, 10M +/-5%, 1/4W	194944	01121	CB1065	1		
R12	RES, MTL. FILM, 4.22K +/-1%, 1/8W	16 82 45	91637	CMF554221F	1 .		
R13	RES, MTL. FILM, 3.74K +/-1%, 1/8W	272096	91637	CMF553741F	1		
R14	RES, DEP. CAR, 1K +/-5%, 1/4W	3 43 426	80031	CR251-4-5P1K	1		
R15	RES, DEP. CAR, 6.8 +/-5%, 1/4W	442251	80031	CR251-4-5P6E8	1		

8026B

. . .

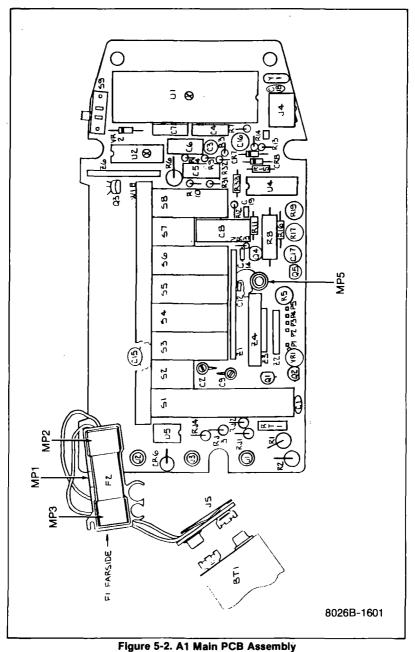
- -

<del>5</del>7

REF DES	DESCRIPTION	FLUKE Stock No.	MFG SPLY CODE	MFG PART NO.	TOT QTY	REC Qty	N O T E
R16	RES, DEP. CAR, 100K +/-5%, 1/4W	348920	80031	CR251-4-5P100K	REF		
R17	RES, VAR, 1K +/-20%, 0.3W	614065	51406	RV S07 07 - V- 100-3-102M	1		
<b>F</b> 19	RES, VAR, 100 +/-20%, 0.3W	614057	51406	RV S07 07 - V- 100-3-101M	1		
R31	RES, DEP. CAR, 22K +/-5%, 1/4W	348870	80031	CR251-4-5P22K	1		
R32	RES, DEP. CAR, 100K +/-5%, 1/4W	348920	80031	CR251-4-5P100K	REF		
R33	RES, DEP. CAR, 100K +/-5%, 1/4W	348920	80031	CR251-4-5P100K	REF		
RJ1-RJ4				V430MA7B	4	8	
RT1	THERMISTOR, P.T.C., 1K +/-40%, @25 DEG C	446849	50157	160010200	1	1	
S1-S8	SWITCH ASSEMBLY	453647	89536	4536 47	1		
S9	SWITCH, SLIDE	453365	34828	G1-116-0001-G20-52	1		
U2 Ø	IC, C-MOS,, QUAD XOR GATE	355222	027 35	CD4030AE	1		
U4	IC, RMS, SELECTED	637 801	89536	6 37 801	1	1	
U5	IC, RECTIFIER BRIDGE, 1 AMP	418582	83 003	VM08	1	1	
VR1	DIODE, BAND GAP REF.	508259	32293	ITS 6935-2	1	1	
VR2	DIODE, ZENER, 12V	113456	047 13	1 N 96 3 A	1		
VR3	DIODE, ZENER, 5.4V UNCOMPENSATED	683730	89536	683730	1	1	
พ1	POST, CONNECTOR	603910	89536	6 03 91 0	REF		
XU 1	SOCKET, IC, 40-PIN	42 92 82	09922	DILB40P-108	1		
¥ 1	CRYSTAL, QUARTZ, 3.2 MHZ (50 HZ)	513937	89536	513937	1	1	
Z1	RESISTOR NETWORK	515874	89536	515874	1	1	
Z2	RESISTOR NETWORK	447680	89536	447680	1		
Z3	RESISTOR NETWORK	4477 06	89536	4477 06	1		
Z4	RESISTOR NETWORK	435727	89536	435727	1		
Z6	RESISTOR NETWORK	447714	89536	447714	1		

Table 5-2. A1 Main PCB Assembly (cont)

ር፣ 80 8026B



5-9

REF DES	DESCRIPTION	FLUKE Stock No.	MFG SPLY Code	MFG PART NO.	TOT Qty	REC Qty	N O T E
A2Ø	ANNUNCIATOR PCB ASSEMBLY FIGURE 5-3 (8020B-4002T)	613943	89536	6 13 943	REF		
AR20	IC, LO PWR J-FET INPUT OP AMP	604363	89536	604363	1	1	
C20	CAP, CER, 0.22 UF +/-20\$, 50V	519157			1		
C21	CAP, CER, 150 PF +/-10%, 50V	614032	89536	614032	1		
J20	RECEPTACLE, SINGLE	614396	22526	75377-001	1		
J21	SOCKET, 4-PIN	417311	30035	SS-109-1-04	1		
LS1	TRANSDUCER, AUDIO	602490		EFB-RD24C01	1		
R21	RES, DEP. CAR, 200K +/-5%, 1/4W	441485	80031	CR251-4-5P200K	4		
R22	RES, DEP. CAR, 18K +/-5%, 1/4W	348862	80031	CR251-4-5P18K	1		
R23	RES, DEP. CAR, 200K +/-5%, 1/4W	441485	80031	CR251-4-5P200K	REF		
R24	RES, DEP. CAR, 100K +/-5%, 1/4W	348920	80031	CR251-4-5P100K	1		
R25	RES, DEP. CAR, 200K +/-5%, 1/4W	441485	80031		REF		
R26	RES, DEP. CAR, 200K +/-5%, 1/4W	441485	80031	CR251-4-5P200K	REF		
R27	RES, COMP, 10M +/-5%, 1/4W	194944	01121	CB1065	1		
R28	RES, DEP. CAR, 1M +/-5%, 1/4W	348987	80031	CR251-4-5P1M	1		
U20Ø	IC, C-MOS, QUAD 2-INPUT NAND GATE	418509	12040	MM74COON	1	1	

5-10

8026B

-··•

. •

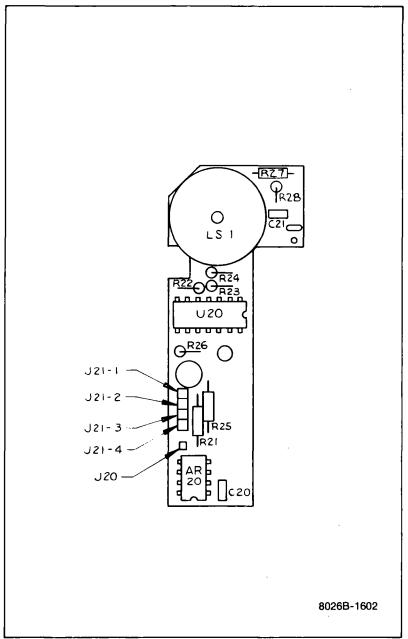


Figure 5-3. A2 Annunciator PCB Assembly

#### 8026B

#### Table 5-4. Federal Supply Codes for Manufacturers

#### 01121

Allen-Bradley Co. Milwaukee, Wisconsin

02735 Replaces 18725 RCA - Solid State Div. Somerville, New Jersey

04713 Motorola Inc. Semiconductor Group Phoenix, Arizona

#### 05277

Westinghouse Electric Corp. Semiconductor Division Youngwood, Pennsylvania

#### 07263

Fairchild Camera & Instrument Corp. Semiconductor Division Mountain View, California

07910 Replaced by 15818

09214 General Electric Co. Semiconductor Products Power Component Operation Auburn, New York

09922 Burndy Corp. Norwalk, Connecticut

12040 National Semiconductor Corp. Danbury, Connecticut

14099 Semtech Corp. Newbury Park, California

15818 Teledyne Semiconductors Formerly Amelco Semiconductor Mountain View, California

18736 Voltronics Corp. Hanover, New Jersey

19647 Caddock Electronics Inc. Riverside, California 22526 DuPont, El DeNemours & Co. Inc. Berg Electronics Div. New Cumberland, Pennsylvania

30035 Jol Industries Inc. Garden Grove, California

50157 Midwest Components Inc. Muskegon, Mississippi

51404 Corning Glass Works Medical & Scientific Instruments Medfield, Maryland

51406 Murata Corporation of America Marietta, Georgia

52763 Stettner-Trush Inc. Cazenovia, New York

56289 Sprague Electric Co. North Adams, Massachusetts

71400 Bussman Manufacturing Div. of McGraw-Edison Co. St. Louis, Missouri

71590 Centrelab Electronics Div. of Globe Union Inc. Milwaukee, Wisconsin

. 72136 Electro Motive Mfg. Co. Florence, South Carolina

72982 Erie Technical Products Inc. Erie, Pennsylvania

73445 Amperex Electronic Corp. Hicksville, New York

75915 Littlefuse Inc. Des Plaines, Illinois

## Table 5-4. Federal Supply Codes for Manufacturers (cont)

#### 79727

· ...

C - W Industries Warminster, Pennsylvania

80031 Mepco/Electra Corp. Morrístown, New Jersey 84411 TRW Electronic Components TRW Capacitors Ogallala, Nebraska

89536 John Fluke Manufacturing Co., Inc. Everett, Washington

# Section 6 Accessory Information

## 6-1. INTRODUCTION

6-2. This section of the manual contains information concerning the accessories available for use with the Model 8026B Digital Multimeter. Each accessory, as shown in Figure 6-1, is described in general terms under a separate major heading containing the accessory model number. The depth of detail is intended to give the prospective user an adequate first acquaintance with the features and capabilities of each accessory. Additional information, when necessary, is supplied with the accessory.

#### 6-3. DELUXE CARRYING CASE (C90)

6-4. The C90 Deluxe Carrying Case is a pliable, vinyl, zipper-closed pouch that provides in-field-transport protection for the 8026B as well as convenient storage locations for test leads, operator guide and other small accessories. A finger- or belt-loop is included on the case as a carrying convenience.

#### 6-5. TEMPERATURE PROBES (80T-150C and 80T-150F)

#### 6-6. Introduction

6-7. The 80T-150 Temperature Probe converts the instrument into a direct-reading (1 mV dc/ $^{\circ}$ ) °C (80T-150C) or °F (80T-150F) thermometer. It is ideally suited for surface, ambient, and liquid measurements and lends itself easily to a wide range of design, troubleshooting, and evaluation applications. A rugged, fast-responding probe-tip with a 350V dc standoff makes the 80T-150 one of the most versatile and easy-to-use temperature probes available.

#### 6-8. Specifications

RANGE (°C/°F) (field selectable by
internal jumpers)
ACCURACY $\pm 1^{\circ}C$ (1.8°F) from 0°C to 100°C, decreasing
linearly to $\pm 3^{\circ}$ C (5.4°F) at -50°C and +150°C
RESOLUTION
VOLTAGE STANDOFF
POWER Internal disposable battery; 1,000 hours of
continuous use

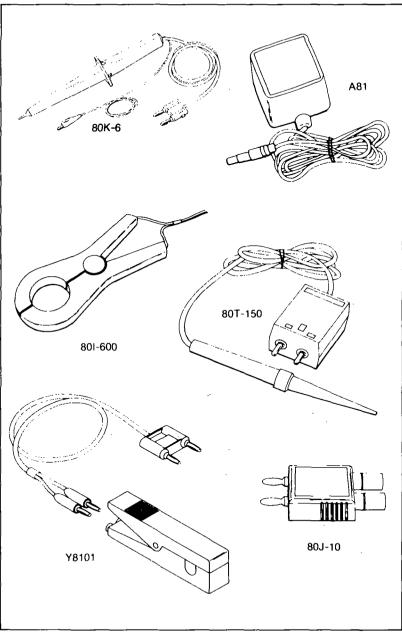
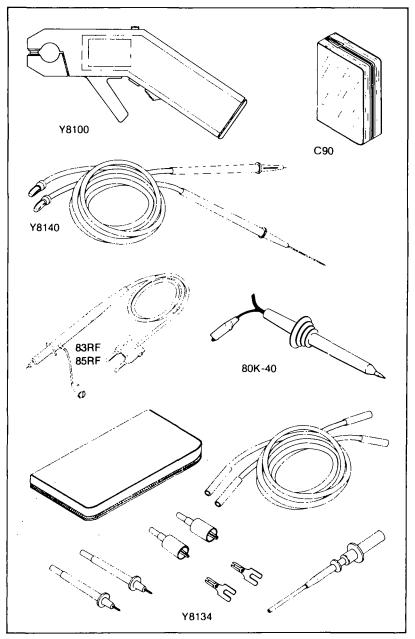


Figure 6-1. 8026B Accessories



• .,

Figure 6-1. 8026B Accessories (cont)

### 6-9. CURRENT TRANSFORMER (801-600)

### 6-10. Introduction

6-11. The Model 801-600 extends the maximum 2A ac current measuring capability of the instrument up to a maximum of 600 amps. A clamp-on transformer designed into the probe allows measurements to be made without breaking the circuit under test. In use, the current carrying conductor being measured serves as the transformer's primary, while the 801-600 serves as the secondary. Because of a high efficiency, quadrature type of winding, wire size and location of the conductor within the transformer jaws do not affect the accuracy of the current measurement.

## 6-12. Specifications

RANGE	I to 600A ac
ACCURACY	$\pm 3\%$
FREQUENCY RESPONSE	30 Hz to 1 kHz, 10 kHz typical
DIVISION RATIO	1000:1
INSULATION	5 kV
MAXIMUM CONDUCTOR SIZE	2-inch diameter

## 6-13. HIGH VOLTAGE PROBE (80K-6)

#### 6-14. Introduction

6-15. The 80K-6 is a high voltage probe designed to extend the voltage measuring capability of an ac dc voltmeter to 6000 volts. A 1000:1 voltage divider provides the probe with a high input impedance. The divider also provides high accuracy when used with a voltmeter having a 10 megohm input impedance. A molded plastic body houses the divider and protects the user from the voltage being measured.

#### 6-16. Specifications

VOLTAGE RANGE	0 to 6 kV, dc or peak ac
INPUT IMPEDANCE	75 megohms nominal
DIVISION RATIO	1000:1
ACCURACY	
DC to 500 Hz	$\pm 1\%$
500 Hz to I kHz	
Above 1 kHz	Output reading falls. Typically, -30% at 10 kHz.

#### 6-17. HIGH VOLTAGE PROBE (80K-40)

#### 6-18. Introduction

6-19. The Model 80K-40 extends the voltage measurement capability of the instrument up to 40 kV. Internally, the probe contains a special 1000:1 resistive divider. Metal-film resistors with matched temperature coefficients comprise the divider, and provide the probe with its excellent accuracy and stability characteristics. Also, an unusually high input impedance (1000 M $\Omega$ ) minimizes circuit loading, and thereby contributes to measurement accuracy.

#### 6-20. Specifications

VOLTAGE RANGE	1 kV to 40 kV dc or peak ac, 28 kV rms ac
INPUT RESISTANCE	1000 MΩ
DIVISION RATIO	1000:1
	20 kV to 30 kV $\pm 2\%$ (calibrated at 25 kV)
UPPER LIMIT	Changes linearly from 2% at 30 kV to 4% at 40 kV

#### 6-21. HIGH FREQUENCY PROBE (83RF)

#### 6-22. Introduction

6-23. The 83RF Probe extends the frequency range of the DMMs voltage measurement capability to include 100 kHz to 100 MHz inputs from 0.25 to 30V rms. The probe operates in conjunction with the 8026B dc voltage ranges, and provides a dc output that is calibrated to be equivalent to the rms value of a sinewave input.

#### 6-24. Specifications

FREQUENCY RESPONSE	±1 dB from 100 transfer ratio)	kHz to 100 MHz (relative to ac/dc
AC-TO-DC TRANSFER RATIO		
(23 ±5°C)	RMS Input (100 kHz)	DC Output
	0.25 - 0.5V	0.25 - 0.5V ±1.5 dB
	0.5 - 2.0V	0.5 - 2.0V ±0.5 dB
	2.0 - 30V	$2.0 - 30V \pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$
EXTENDED FREQUENCY		
RESPONSE	Useful for relati MHz.	ve readings from 20 kHz to 250
RESPONSE	• •	ak value of input; calibrated to ue of a sine wave.
VOLTAGE RANGE	0.25 to 30V dc	
MAXIMUM DC INPUT	200V dc	
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT		
(0 to 18°C, 28 to 50°F)	±0.1 of ac-to-do °C	e transfer ratio specifications per
INPUT CAPACITANCE	<5 pF	

#### 6-25. HIGH FREQUENCY PROBE (85RF)

#### 6-26. Introduction

6-27. The Model 85RF High Frequency Probe allows measurements over a frequency range of 100 kHz to 500 MHz from .25V to 30V rms. It operates in conjunction with the instruments dc voltage ranges and provides a dc output that is calibrated to be equivalent to the rms value of a sinewave input.

#### 6-28. Specifications

FREQUENCY RESPONSE	
100 kHz to 100 MHz	±0.5 dB
100 MHz to 200 MHz	±1.0 dB
200 MHz to 500 MHz	±3.0 dB
EXTENDED FREQUENCY	
RESPONSE	Useful for relative readings from 20 kHz to 700 MHz.
RESPONSE	Responds to peak value of input; calibrated to read rms value of a sine wave.
VOLTAGE RANGE	0.25V dc to 30V rms

### 6-29. BATTERY ELIMINATOR (A81-115)

6-30. The A81 Battery Eliminator converts the 8026B from battery to ac-line operation. It is available in a variety of line-power configurations, as shown in Table 6-1. When connected to the 8026B it effectively removes and replaces the output of the battery. The battery does not need to be removed from the circuit.

#### WARNING

DO NOT SUBSTITUTE A CALCULATOR TYPE BATTERY ELIMINATOR FOR THE A81. THESE UNITS DO NOT PROVIDE THE PROTECTION NECESSARY FOR COMMON MODE MEASUREMENTS UP TO 500V DC. ALWAYS USE THE MODEL A61 FOR AC-LINE OPERATION.

#### NOTE

The "BT" indicator may come on when using the A81. This does not affect the operation of the 8026B.

#### 6-31. CURRENT SHUNT (80J-10)

#### 6-32. Introduction

6-33. The Model 80J-10 Current Shunt extends the current measuring capability of the DMM to 10 amps continuous (20 amps for periods not exceeding one minute) dc to 10 kHz at an accuracy of  $\pm 0.25\%$  in excess of the voltmeter accuracy.

MODEL NO.	INPUT POWER	
A81-100	100V ac $\pm$ 10%, 48 to 62 Hz	
A81-115	115V ac $\pm$ 10%, 48 to 62 Hz	
A81-230-1	230V ac $\pm$ 10%, 48 to 62 Hz (U.S. type plug)	
A81-230	230V ac $\pm$ 10%, 48 to 62 Hz (European type plug)	

Table 6-1. A81 Model Number	s and Input Power
-----------------------------	-------------------

### 6-34. Specifications

SHUNT	10 amps at 100 mV
ACCURACY (18°C to 28°C)	· .
DC to 10 kHz	±0.25%
	Rising to 1 dB at 100 kHz typical
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT	0.005%/°C
INDUCTANCE	8.3 nH in series w/0.01 $\Omega$ shunt
OVERLOAD	Up to one minute at 20A with a 1/4 duty cycle for
	recovery after currents between 10A and 20A
CONNECTS TO	3/4 inch center banana jacks
CONNECTORS	5-way binding posts (red and black)

## 6-35. AC/DC CURRENT PROBE (Y8100)

## 6-36. Introduction

6-37. The Fluke Y8100 AC/DC Current Probe is a clamp-on probe that is used with a voltmeter, multimeter, or oscilloscope to read dc, ac, or composite (ac on dc) current measurements. The jaws on the Y8100 are designed to clamp around conductors up to 3/4 inch in diameter. The pistol shape allows safe, easy, one-hand operation when making current measurements.

6-38. The Model Y8100 probe is battery powered with size AA cells. It measures current to 200A dc or ac rms using most any voltmeter. Two ranges, 20A and 200A, produce a 2V output at full-range current.

6-39. Specifications	
RANGES	20A ac or dc
	200A ac or dc
RATED OUTPUT	2V at full range
ACCURACY	
DC to 200 Hz	$\pm 2\%$ of range
200 Hz to 1 kHz	<100A add ±3% reading
	>100A add ±6% reading
CALIBRATION CYCLE	l year
FREQUENCY RESPONSE	dc to 1.0 kHz
RECOMMENDED LOAD	≥3.0 kΩ
TEMPERATURE RANGE	+15°C to +35°C; for specified accuracy -10°C to
	+50°C; storage and operation at reduced
	accuracy.
HEATING LIMITATION	Prolonged operation above 200A ac or 1 kHz can
	cause damage to the Y8100.
WORKING VOLTAGE RATING .	Core to output; 600V dc or 480V ac maximum
	output to ground; 42V dc or 30V ac
APERTURE SIZE	3/4" (19 mm) diameter
SIZE-OVERALL	9" x 4-1/2" x 1-7/16" (230 mm x 115 mm x 37 mm)
WEIGHT	14 ounces (0.4 kg), with batteries
POWER	Battery, four AA cells
BATTERY LIFE	Alkaline-20 hours continuous

## 6-40. AC CURRENT TRANSFORMER (Y8101)

### 6-41. Introduction

6-42. The Model Y8101 (Figure 6-1) is a small clamp-on current transformer designed to extend the current measuring capability of an ac current meter up to 150 amperes. A clamp-on coil designed into the probe allows measurements to be made without breaking the circuit under test. This coil serves as the secondary of a 1:1000 transformer. The current-carrying conductor being measured serves as the primary.

## 6-43. Specifications

 CURRENT RANGE
 2A to 150A

 ±2%, 10A to 150A

 ACCURACY, (48 Hz TO 10 kHz)
 ±8%, 2A to 10A

 DIVISION RATIO
 1000:1

 WORKING VOLTAGE
 300V ac rms maximum

 INSULATION DIELECTRIC
 3 kV rms

 MAXIMUM CONDUCTOR SIZE
 7/16" (1.11 cm)

## 6-44. SAFETY DESIGNED TEST LEAD SET (Y8132)

6-45. This test lead set is equivalent to the set originally supplied with the 8026B multimeter. The set includes one red and one black test lead. Each probe has an anti-slip shoulder near the test tip and is connected to the multimeter via a safety-designed shrouded banana connector. This set will fit John Fluke instruments with safety-designed input jacks.

## 6-46. DELUXE TEST LEAD SET (Y8134)

6-47. The Y8134 is a deluxe test lead set. The attachments provided allow interconnection with a wide variety of leads and electronic components. Included in the kit are:

1. Two test leads (one red and one black). The Y8134 leads have a shrouded banana connectors on each end.

- 2. Two test probes
- 3. Two insulated alligator clips
- 4. Two spade lugs
- 5. One squeeze hook
- 6. One test lead pouch
- 7. One instruction sheet

#### 6-48. SLIM FLEX TEST LEAD SET (Y8140)

6-49. The Y8140 Test Lead Set (Figure 6-1) consists of one red and one black 60-inch (1.52 meter) test lead, each with a standard banana plug on one end and an extendable tip probe on the other end. This flexible metallic tip conductor may be extended up to 2.5 inches and is insulated to within 0.1 inch of its tip. This insulation reduces the chance of creating an inadvertent short circuit while using the probes in their extended configuration. Intended primarily for measuring voltages, the Y8140 leads may also be used for measuring modest currents.

# Section 7 Schematic Diagrams

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

## FIGURE

## TITLE

## PAGE

7-1.	8026B	7-2
7-2.	U1 and U3, A/D Converter and Display	7-6
7-3.	AC Converter	7-7

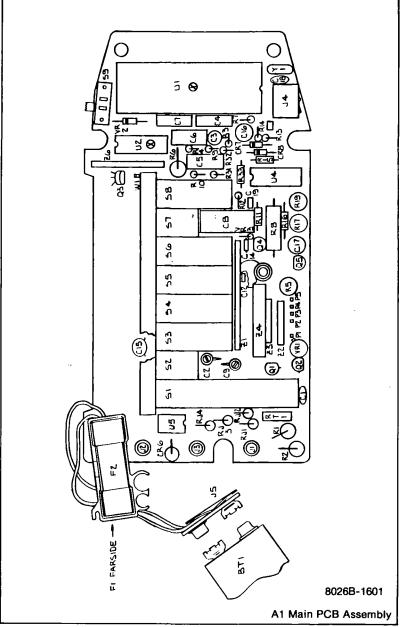


Figure 7-1. 8026B

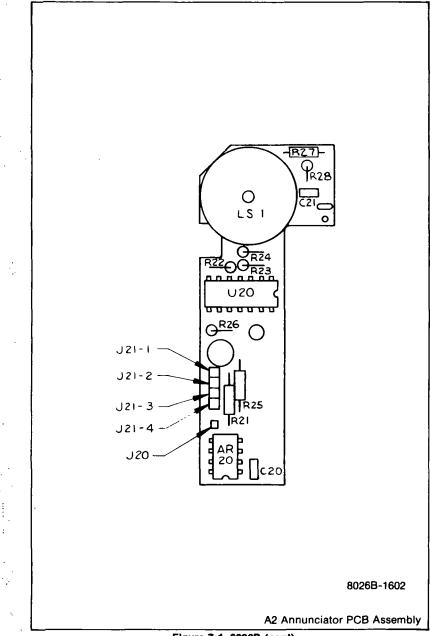
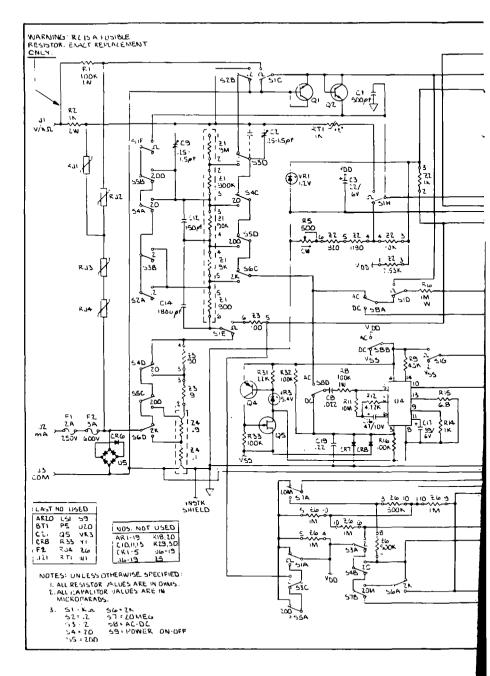
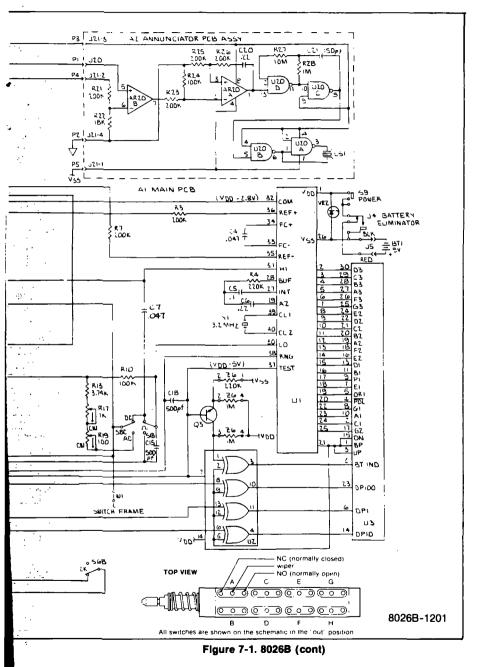
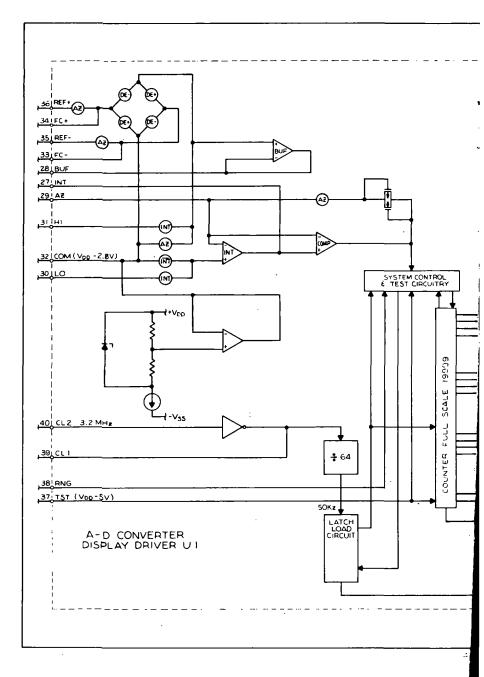


Figure 7-1. 8026B (cont)





8026B





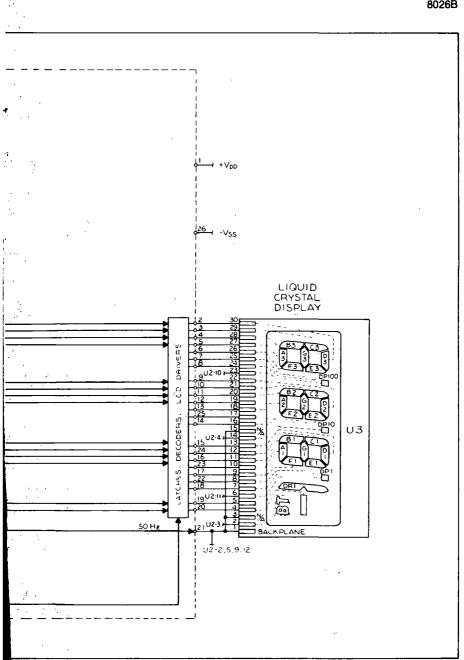
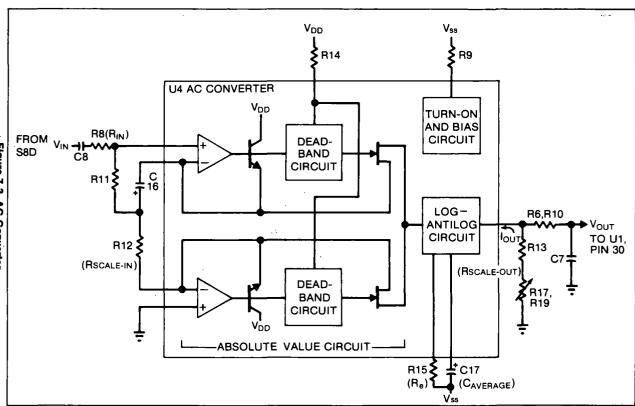


Figure 7-2. U1 and U3, A/D Converter and Display

Figure 7-3. AC Converter



... ....

- - -

. .

.

7-8

8026B

# Appendix A Manual Change and Backdating Information

#### INTRODUCTION

This appendix contains information necessary to backdate the manual to conform with earlier pcb configuations. To identify the configuration of the pcbs used in your instrument, refer to the revision letter (marked in ink) on the component side of each pcb assembly. Table A-1 defines the assembly revision levels documented in this manual.

#### NEWER INSTRUMENTS

As changes and improvements are made to the instrument, they are identified by incrementing the revision letter marked on the affected pcb assembly. These changes are documented on a supplemental change/errata sheet which, when applicable, is inserted at the front of the manual.

#### **OLDER INSTRUMENTS**

To backdate this manual to conform with an earlier assembly revision level, perform the changes indicated in Table A-1.

#### CHANGES

There are no backdating changes at this printing. All pcb assemblies are documented at their original revision level.

Ref Or Option No.	Assembly Name	Fluke Part	* To adapt manual to earlier rev configurations perform changes in desending order (by no.), ending with change under desired rev letter																		
		No.	-	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	н	J	к	L	м	N	Р		L		
A1	MAIN PCB ASSEMBLY	646406	-	•	•	•	•	x										ŀ			
A2	ANNUNCIATOR PCB ASSEMBLY	613943		•	•	x			- ·	-	†	†—-							t	T	
	•	X = The PCB r = These revis - 5 No revision	ion	lett	ers	were								L				1_	1	1	

#### Table A-1. Manual Status and Backdating Information

## WARRANTY

٩

1

Notwithstanding any provision of any agreement the following warranty is exclusive:

The JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO. INC., warrants each instrument is manufactures to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for the period of 2 years from date of purchase. This warranty extends only to the original purchaser. This warranty shall not apply to fuses, disposable batteries (rechargable type batteries are warranted for 90 days), or any product or parts which have been subject to misuse, neglect, accident, or abnormal conditions of operations.

In the event of failure of a product covered by this warranty. John Fluke Mtg. Co. Inc., will repair and calibrate an instrument returned to an authorized Service Facility within 2 years from date of purchase; provided the warrantor's examination discloses to its satisfaction that the product was defective. The warrantor may, at its option, replace the product in lieu of repair. With regard to any instrument returned within 2 years of the original purchase; said repairs or replacement will be made without charge. If the failure has been caused by misuse, neglect, accident, or abnormal conditions of operations, repairs will be billed at a nominal cost. In such case, an estimate will be substituted before work is started, if requested

THE FOREGOING WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY. FITNESS. OR ADEQUACY FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE. JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO INC., SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TORT, OR OTHERWISE.

#### If any failure occurs, the following steps should be taken:

 Notify the JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO. INC., or nearest Servicefacility, giving full details of the difficulty, and include the model number, type number, and serial number. On receipt of this information, service data, or shipping instructions will be forwarded to you.

2. On receipt of the shipping instructions, forward the instrument, transportation prepaid. Repairs will be made at the Service Facility and the instrument returned, transportation prepaid.

#### SHIPPING TO MANUFACTURER FOR REPAIR OR ADJUSTMENT

All shipments of JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO INC., instruments should be made via United Parcel Service or "Best Way" prepaid. The instrument should be shipped in the original packing carton; or if it is not available, use any suitable container that is rigid and of adequate size and surrounded with at least four inches of excelsior or similiar shockabsorbing material.

#### CLAIM FOR DAMAGE IN SHIPMENT TO ORIGINAL PURCHASER

The instrument should be thoroughly inspected immediately upon original delivery to purchaser. All material in the container should be checked against the enclosed packing list. The manufacturer will not be responsible for shortages against the packing sheet unless notified immediately. If the instrument is damaged in any way, a claim should be filed with the carrier immediately. (To obtain a quotation to repair shipment damage, contact the nearest Fluke Technical Center.) Final claim and negotiations with the carrier must be completed by the customer

The JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO. INC., will be happy to answer all applications or use questions, which will enhance your use of this instrument. Please address your requests or correspondence to: JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO. INC., P.O. BOX C9090, EVERETT, WASHINGTON 98206, ATTN: Sales Dept. For European Customers, Fluke (Holland) B.V., P.O. Box 5053, 5004 EB, Tilburg, The Netherlands.

\*For European customers, Air Freight prepaid.

#### John Fluke Mfg. Co. Inc., P.O. Box C9090, Everett, Washington 98206

Rev 6/81

# **U.S. SALES AREAS for all Fluke products**

AK, Anchorage Harry Lang & Associates 1371 Hillcrest Drive #303 Anchorage, AK 99503 (907) 279-5741

AL, Huntaville John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. 3322 S. Memorial Parkway Suite 98 Huntaville, AL 35801 (205) 881-6220

AZ, Tempe John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc 2125 S. 48th Street Suite 104 Tempe, AZ 85282 (602) 987-8724 Tucson (602) 790-9881

.

CA, Los Angeles John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc 20902 South Bonita St Carson, CA 90746 (213) 538-3900 or (714) 761-2449

Sen Diego John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. 9601 Aero Drive, Suite 290 San Diego, CA 92123 (714) 226-1254

Santa Clars John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. 2300 Waish Ave., Bidg. K Santa Clara, CA 95051 (408) 727-0513

Tustin John Fluke Mig. Co., Inc. 15445 Red Hill Ave., Suite F Tustin, CA 92680 (714) 838-8863

CO, Denver John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. 1980 South Quebec St. #4 Denver, CO 80231 (303) 750-1222

#### CT, Hertford

John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. Glen Locken East 41-C New London Turnpike Glastonbury, CT 08033 . (203) 859-3541

#### FL. Orlando

John Fluke Mfg. Co.,inc. 940 N. Fern Creek Ave. Orlando, FL 32803 (305) 896-4881

#### GA, Atlanta

John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. 2700 Delk Rd., Suite 250 Marietta, GA 30067 (404) 953-4747 HI, Honolulu EMC Corporation

2979 Ualena St Honolulu, HI 96819 (808) 836-1138 **IA, Iowa City** (319) 354-2811

IL, Chicsge John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. 3740 Industrial Ave. Rolling Meadows, IL 60008 '(312) 398-0850

IN, Indianapotis John Fluke Mfg Co., Inc. 877 Purdue Suite 101 Indianapolis, IN 46268 (317) 875-7870

K8, Kanaes City John Fluke Mtg. Co., Inc 4550 W. 109th St., Suite 130 Shawnee Mission, KA 66211 (913) 381-9600

LA, New Orleans (504) 455-0814

MA, Burlington John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc 25 "B" Street Burlington MA 01803 (617) 273-4674

MD, Beltimore (301) 792-7060 Rockville

John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. 5640 Fishers Lane Rockville, MD 20852 (301) 770-1570

MI, Detroit John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. 13955 Farmington Rd. Livonia, MI 48154 (313) 522-9140

MN, Bicomington John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc 1801 E. 79th St., Suite 9 Bicomington, MN 55420 (812) 854-5526

MO, 8t. Louis John Fluke Mig. Co., Inc. 2029 Woodland Perkway Suite 105 St. Louis. MO 63141 (314) 993-3805 NC, Greensboro John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. 1310 Beaman Place Greensboro, NC 27408 (919) 273-1918

NJ, Paramus John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. P.O. Box 930 West 75 Century Road Paramus, NJ 07652 (201) 262-9550

NM, Albuquerque John Fluke Mtg. Co., Inc. 1108 Alvarado Drive N.E. Albuquerque, NM 87110 (505) 881-3550

NY, Rochester John Fluke Mtg. Co., Inc. 4515 Culver Road Rochester, NY 14622 (718) 323-1400

OH, Cleveland John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. 7830 Freeway Circle Middleburg Heights, OH 44130 (216) 234-4540

Columbus (614) 889-5715

Dayton John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. 4756 Fishburg Rd. Dayton, OH 45424 (513) 233-2238

OR, Portland John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc 18360 S W. Springfield Lane Aloha, OR 97007 (503) 642-1342

PA, Philadelphia John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. 1010 West 8th Ave., Suite H King of Prussia, PA 19406 (215) 265-4040

Pitteburgh (412) 261-5171 TX, Austin John Fluke Mtg. Co., Inc. Creek Gardens, Suite 103

8705 Shoal Creek Bivd. Austin, TX 78758 (512) 459-3344 Dellas John Fluke Mtg. Co., Inc.

14400 Midway Road Dallas, TX 75234 (214) 233-9990 Houston

John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. 4240 Blue Bonnet Dr Stafford, TX 77477 (713) 491-5995

San Antonio John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. 10417 Gulfdale San Antonio, TX 78216 (512) 340-2621

UT, Satt Lake City John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. 5226 So. 300 West, Suite #2 Salt Lake City, UT 84107 (801) 268-9331

WA, Sesttle John Fluke Mfg Co., Inc. 5020 148th Ave. N E. Suite #110 Redmond, WA 98052 (206) 881-6966

#### Service Center Areas

CA, Burbank (213) (404-641 CA, Santa Clara (406) 727-8121 CO, Derver (303) 750-1228 FL, Orlendo (305) 896-2296 IL, Chicago (312) 396-5800 MA, Burlington (817) 273-4876 MD, Rochville (301) 770-1576 NJ, Parama (201) 262-9550 TX, Dallas (214) 233-9845 WA, Event (206) 356-5560

The following low-cost instruments. . . are stocked locally and sold by the authorized Distributors listed on the other side of this sheet, as well as by the sales offices show

Handheid DMM's: 80208, 80218, 80228, 80248, 80268, 8060A, 8062A Portable DMM's: 8020A, 8010A, 8012A, 8030A, 8040A, 8050A Digital Counters: 1900A, 1910A, 1911A, 1912A Digital Thermometers: 2160- and 2170 - Series

All other instruments are sold by the sales offices only.

For more information on Fluke products or Sales Offices you may dial (800) 428-0381 toil-free in most of the U.S.A. From Alaska, Hawail, or Washington, phone (206) 358-5400. From Canada and other countries phone (208) 358-5500.



John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc., P.O. Box C9090, Everett, WA 98206 Fluke (Holland) B.V., P.O. Box 5053, 5004 EB, Tilburg, The Netherlands. Phone (013) 673973 Litho in U.S.A.

## INTERNATIONAL SALES OFFICES

Argentina e Comun SA Virrey del Pino 4071 Buenos Aires, Argent Tel 552.6348 TLY 22284 Elmentico Instruments Ptv Ltd PO Boy 20 Concord NSW ustralia 2137 Tel (2) 738-2868 TLX (790) 25887 Elmessico Instrumenta Ply Ltd. 21-23 Anthony Drive Mt Waverly VIC 3149 Australia Tet 233-4044 TI X- (790) 36206 Elmesso Instruments Ptv Ltd Professional Suites Bide GPO Box 2340 Brisbane 4001 Australia Tel (07) 229-3161 Elmessco instruments Pty Ltd GPO Box 1240, Adelaide South Australia 6001 Tel (08) 271-1839 Elmenson Instruments Pty 11d PO Box 95 Gosnells West Australia 6110 Tel (09) 108, 1362 Austria a Walter Rekirsch Elektronache Gerste GmbH & Co. Vertrieb KG Obechoasse 26 Vienna Austria Tel (0222) 235555, TLX 134759 Recolation o Motherland Corporation 24 Hatkhola Rd . Tikatuli Dacca 3 Bangladesh Tel 257249 or 255776 Balatora a Fluke (Belgium) S A /N V. 6, Rue de Geneve 1140 Brunnels, Below Tel (2) 2164090, TLX: 26312 Bolbia e Coasin Bolivia S.A.L. Casilla 7295, La Paz, Bolivia Tel 40962 TI X- 3233 Brazli e Fluke Brasil-Industria E Commercio I TDA Al Amazonas 422 Alphaville, Barueri, CEP 06400 Sao Paulo Brazil Tel (011) 421-5477, TLX 01135589 Fluke Brasil-Industria E Commercio LTDA Av Henrique Valadares, 23/401 Rio de Janeiro, Brazil Tel 252-1297 Brunet e Bank O'Connor's (PTE) Limited No 8 BK D Surfri Shop House Complex Mile 1 Jalong Tutong Bandar Seri Begawan, Bruner Tel 26680 Bulgaria a Amtest Associates Ltd Clarence House, 31, Clarence St Staines, Middleses, TW18,4SY United Kingdom Tel (784) 63555, TLX, 926855

Can Allan Creatord Assoc 11d #14 1935 30th Ave. N F Calgary, Alberta T2E 625 Tel (403) 230-1341 TLX 03-621186 Allan Crawford Assoc 11d PO Bag 3967 Postal Station "D Edmonton Alberia T5L 4K1 Tel (403) 451-4893 Allan Crawford Assoc , Ltd 3795 William Street Burnaby, British Columbia VSC 3H3 Tel (604) 294-1326 TLX 04-54247 Allen Crewford Assoc 11d 881 Lady Ellen Place Ottawa Ontario K1Z 5L3 Tel (613) 722-7682 TLX 0533600 Alten Crewford Assoc Ltd 6503 Northern Drave Mississauga, Ontario L4V 1J2 Tel (416) 678-1500, TLX: 06968769 Allan Crawford Assoc 11d 7918 cote de Liesse St. Laurent, Ouebec H4T 1E7 Tel (514) 731-8584, TLX 05824944 ~ ~ ~ Fluke (Holland) B V P O Box 5053, 5004 EB Tilburg Zevenheuvelenweg 53, 5048 AN Tilburg The Netherlands Tel (013) 673973 TLX 52237 Chile + Intronica Chile Ltda Manual Month 024 - Of D Casilla 16228 Santiano 9 Chila Tel 44940, TLX: 240301 Attn Intronica Chile China, People's Republic of • Fluke International Corporation P.O. Box C0000 Everett, WA 98206, U S A. Tel (206) 356-5511 TIX 152662 JOHN FLUXE EVT Colombia • Sistemas E Instrumentación I Ide Carrera 13 No 37-43. Of 401 Ap Aereo 29583 Bogota DE, Colomixa SA Tel 232-45-32 TI X 45787 Cyprus # Chris Badiovision Ltd P.O. Box 1989, Nicosia, Cyprus Tel 66121 TLX 8262395 Czechoslovskis # Amtest Associates Ltd Clarance House 31 Clarance St. Staines, Middlesex TW18 45Y Liosted Kinodom Tel (784) 63555. TLX. 928855 Denmerk # Tape Oten A/S Ballerup Byvej 222 **DK - 2750 Ballerup, Denmark** Tel (2) 656111, TLX. (655) 35293 Foundary a Proteco Coasin Cia. Ltda Eduticio "Jerico" Ave 12 de Octubre #2285 y Ave. Oreliane (Plants Baia) Quito, Ecuador Tel 529664 TLX (393) 2865 Proteco Coasin Cia , Ltda Calderon 103 y Malecon

Electronic Engineering Liaison Office P.O. Box 2891 Horreva Heliopolis, Cairo, Egypt Tel 091588, TLX (927) 92502 Foote Fluke (Greet Britain) LTD Colonial Way Walford, Herts, WD2 4TT United Kingdom Tel (0923) 40511, TLX: (851) 934583 Bapitax (0923) 25087 Emissie -Fluke (Holland) B V. P O. Box 5053, 5004 EB Triburg Zevenheuvelenweg 53, 5048 AN Tilburg The Netherlands Tel (013) 673973, TLX 52237 F20 4 AWA Fue 47 Forster Road, Walu Bay Sine Fu Tel: 312079. TLX FJ2347 Finland # Oy Findip AB. Teollisuustie 7 02700 Keumannen Einland Pub (0) 5052255 TLX (857) 123129 Econora B M.B. Electronique S.A. Rue Fourny 606, Z1 Centre 78530 BUIC 8 P No. 31 78530 BUC, France Tel: (3) 9568131, TLX (842) 895414 German Democratic Republic # Amtest Associates Ltd. Clarance House 31 Clarance St Staines, Middlesex TW18 4SY United Kingdom Tel (784) 83555 TI x 928855 German Federal Republic # Fluke (Deutschland) GmbH Max-Hueber Straße 8 8045 Ismaning West Germany Tel (089) 96050, TLX 522472 Rapitax: (089) 9605166 Fluke (Deutschland) GmbH Meineckestresse 53 4000 Dusseldorf 30, West Germany Tel (0211) 450831. TLX: (841) 8585578 Greece · Helianic Scientific Representations Ltd 11. Vrasside Street Athens 612, Greece Tel (1) 711140 TLX: (863) 219330 Hona Kana • Schmidt & Co (H K ) Ltd 28th FI Wing on Centre 111 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong Tel: 5-455844 TI X 7475 Hungery # Amtest Associates Ltd Clarence House, 31, Clarence St Staines, Middlesey TW18 45Y United Kinodom Tel (784) 63555, TLX 928855 icaland • Kristjan O. Skagfjord Ltd PO Box 906 Reykjavik, Iceland Tel 24120, TLX: 2133

Ecvet and Sudan #

#### India a Hinditron Services Pvt Ltd

60/A | Jagmobandes Maro Bombey 400 006 Inclu Tel 811316, TLX 112326 Hindifron Services Pvt. Ltd Alb Main Road 33/44-A Day Mathi Vilas Extension Bengalore 500 080 India Tel 33139 TLX. (953) 0645741 Hinditron Services Pvt Ltd Shantiniketan Olfice No 6 Ath Floor & Camer Street Calculta 700 017 Jodus Tel 434032 447541 Henditron Services Pvt Ltd 204-208 Henkunt Tower 98 Nahri Piace New Delhi 110019 India Tel 640380, TLX (95) 314890 Heddron Services Put Ltd Snnath Complex, 5th Floor 1-1-58/1 to 1-1-58/11 Seronal Devi Boed Secunderabad 500 003, Indva Tel. 821117 TLX (953) 0155 575 neele e P.T. Dwi Tunggal Jaya Sakti Kebayoran Bani Jakarta Selatan, Indor Tel 716374, TLX: 45305 ines e Fluke (Holland) B V. P O Box 5053 5004 EB Tilburn Zevenheuvelenweg 53, 5048 AN Tilburg The Notherlands Tel (013) #73073 TLV #2237 trained a Euro Electronica 32 Brows Hill Neven County Meath, Ireland Tel (46) 23577, TLX: (851) 3182 **RDT** Electronics Engineering Ltd P O. Box 75 46, Sokolov Street Remat Hasharon 47235, Israel Tel (3) 483216 TI X (922) 32143 Italy # Saturel S n A Vis Pelizza da Volpedo 59 20092 Cintaello Balsemo Milen itely Tel: (2) 6181893, TLX. (843) 334643 Satrel S n A Via Gruseppe Armellini No. 39 00143 Rome, Italy Tel (6) 5915551 TLX (843) 68356 Sistrel S p A Via Cinto Parco 5 Paolo 80126 Naples, Italy Tel (81) 7679700 John Fluke Mto Co , Inc Japan Branch Sumitomo High Shinbashi Bidg 1-1-11 Hamamatsucho Mineto-ku Tokyo, Japan Tel (03) 434-0181 TLX 2424331

•

.

ł

ł



John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. / PO Box C9090 / Everett, WA 98206 / (206) 356 5400

C Litho in U.S.A.

Casilla #9733 Guayaquil, Ecuador Tel 526093

Kenys + ADCOM Ltd PO Box 30070 Narobi, Kenya, East Africa Tel 331955 TLX 22639 Koree + Electro-Science Kores Co C P O Box 8448 Room 403, Boondo Bidg 56-12 Jangchung-IKa Jung-ku Seoul, Koree Tel 261-7702, TLX K25381 Kuwelt # Al-Behar Int Group PO Box 20672 Safat Kuwait, Arabian Gulf Tel 4501087 TLX 44822 Lebenon and Jorden B Mabek (Electronic Division) P.O. Box 11-3823 Berrut, Lebanon Tel 812523, TLX: (823) 22880 Libys # Fluke (Holland) B V. P.O. Box 5053 5004 EB Tilburg Zevenheuvelenweg 53, 5048 AN Tilburg The Netherlands Tel (013) 673973 TLX 52237 Melaysis + Mecomo Matasia SDN BHD Lot 2 Lorong 13/6A Petaling Java Melasu Tel 573455, TLX MA37605 Mexico + Electronica y Tecnologia Avenzada S.A. de C.V. Patrucio Padilla 53 Circuito Comercial Satelita Naucalpann Edo De Mexico Tel: 393 0902 TLX (383) 017 2897 Nacal e Associated Enterprises GPO Box 790, Pyaphal Tole Kathmandu Nepa Tel 13858 Netherlands #
 Fluke (Nederland) B.V. Gasthuisring 14 5041 DS Tilburg The Netherlands PO Box 115 5000 AC Tilburg The Netherland Tel (013) 352455 TLX 52683 New Zeeland e McLean Information Technology, Ltd P.O. Box 9464, Newmarket Auckland 1, New Zealand Tel 501-801, TLX (791) NZ 215 70 McLean Information Technology, Ltd PO Box 496 Wellington, New Zeelar Tel 851-450 or 844-424 Nigeria • Mofal Engineering Co. Ltd P.O Box 6369 Lagos, Nigeria Tel 980744 TLX 21353 Norwsý # Morgenstierne & Co A/S Konghellegata 3 P.O. Box 6665, Rodelokka Oslo 5, Norway Tel (2) 358110, TLX (856) 71719 Oman e OHI Communications P O. Box 889 Muscat Sultanate of Oman Tel 702666 or 703862 TLX 3168

۹.,

۰.

505 Muhammadi House 11 Chundriger Road P.O. Box 5323 Karachi, Pakistan Tel 221127 TLX (952) 24494 PDR Yemen # Fluke (Holland) B V. P O Box 5053, 5004 E8 Tilburg Zevenheuvelenweg 53: 5048 AN Tilburg The Netherlands Tel (013) 673973, TLX: 52237 Peru + Importaciones Y Representaciones Electronicas S A Avda Franklin D Roosevelt 105 Lima 1, Peru Tel 266650, TLX: (394) 25663 Philopines a Spark Radio & Electronics, Corp 1044 Ongpin St., Sta. Cruz Manila. Philippines Tel: 47-11-94, TLX: 27901 Spark Radio & Electronics Corp Greenhills P.O. Box 610 Sec.Juan Metro-Manda Philippines Zip 3113 Tel 77-51-92 Polend # Amtest Associates Ltd Clarence House 31 Clarence St Staines, Middlesex TW18 4S1 United Kingdom Tel (784) 63555 TLX 928655 Portugal e Decada-Equipamentos de Electronica I da Rue Pedro Nunes, 47-C 1000 Lisboa Portugal P.O. Box 1128, 1003 Lisboa Codex Tel. (19) 574984. TLX. (832) 18469 Qetar = Technology Organisation P.O. Box 5549 Doha Datar Tel: 321431 TLX (957) 4581 Romania 8 Amtest Associates Ltd Clarence House, 31 Clarence St Staines Middlesex TW18 4SY United Kingdom Tel (784) 63555, TLX 928855 Saudi Arabia B Electronic Equipment Marketing Co P.O. Box 1750 Riyadh, Seudi Arabia Tel. (1) 477-185001 TLX (928) 201120 Singapore 
Pank O Connor s (PTE) Limited 98 Pasir Panjang Road Singapore 0511 ublic of Singapore Tel 637944 TLX RS21023 Somelle # Fluke (Holland) B V P O Box 5053, 5004 EB Tilburg Zevenheuvelanweg 53 5048 AN Tilburg The Netherlands Tel (013) 673973. TLX 52237 South Africa . Fluke S.A. (Ptv) Ltd P O Box 39797 Bramtey 2018 Republic of South Africa Tel (011) 786-3170 TLX 424328 Spein a Hispano Electronics S.A. Poligono Industrial Urtinsa Apartado de Correos 48 Alcorcon (Madrid), Spain Tet (1) 6194108 TLX (631) 22404

Pak International Operational

Bri Lanka + Jav-Es Electronica 150 Poorvarama Mawatha Colombo 5 Sr. Lanks Tel 073-2393 Sweden e Teleinstrument AB P.O. Box 4490 162 04 Vallingby, Sweden Tel (8) 390370 TLX: (854) 15770 Surfrantant a Traco Electronic AG Jenatechstrasee 1 8002 Zurich Sentretand Tel (1) 2010711, TLX (845) 54318 Syrie # Mabek (Electronic Division) PO Box 4238 Damascus Syna Telwan • Schmutt Scientific Far Fast Ltd 906, Chia Hain Bidg 96, Chung Shan N. Rd., Sec. 2 Taipei, Tarwan Tel 5414500 TLX 11111 Thelland a Measuretronix Ltd 1899/10 Ramkamhaong Rd Huamark Bangkok 24 Thailang Ter 3143369, TLX 81143 Tunesie B Seleo SARL 6 Rue de Sparte Tunis - 1000 RP. Tunesia Ter (1) 248093 TLX (934) 13030 Turkey = Erkman Elektronik Alei Ticaret Anonim Sirkeli Necatibey Cad 92/3 Karakoy Istenbul Turkey Tel 441545 TLX (621) 23353 United Arab Emirates # Al Sanani Tradi Est PO 80x 7187 Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates Tel 821370 or 821371 TLX 23966 United Kingde Fluke (Groat Britains Ltd Colonial Way Watford, Herts WD2 4TT United Kingdom Tel (0923) 40511, TLX 934583 Rapilax (0923) 25067 Uruguay = Coasin Uruguaya S A Casilla de Correcs 1400 Liberted 2529 Montevideo, Urug Tel 78-90-15, TLX UY8571 U.S.S.R. 0 Amtest Associates Ltd Clarence House, 31, Clarence St Staines Middlesex TW18 4SY United Kingdom Tel (784) 63555, TLX 928855 Venezuela • Coasin, C A Calle 9 Con Calle 4. Edif. Edinurbe Apartado De Correos NB-70 136 Los Buices Caracas 1070A, Venezuele Tel 239-0967 TLX (395) 21027 Yemen # Fluke (Holland) B V P O Box 5053 5004 EB Tilburg Zevenheuvelenweg 53, 5048 AN Tilburg The Netherlands Tel (013) 673973, TLX 52237 Yugoslavia II Amtest Associates Ltd Clarence House 31, Clarence St Staines, Middlasex TW18 4SY United Kingdom Tel (764) 63555 TLX 928855

#### Supplied and Supported by —

Fluke (Holland) B V P O, Box 5053, 5004 EB Tifburg Zevenheuvelanwag 53 5048 AN Tifburg The Neihertands Tet (013) 873973, TLX\* 52237

#### Supplied and Supported by ----

Fluke International Corporation P O Box C9090 Everett WA 98206 U S A Tel (206) 356-5500 TLX 152682 JOHN FLUKE EVT



# **TECHNICAL SERVICE CENTERS**

#### U.S.A.

CA, Burbank John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc (213) 849-4641

CA, Banta Clara John Fluke Mtg. Co., Inc (408) 727-8121

CO, Derwer John Fluke Mig. Co., Inc (303) 750-1228

FL, Orlando John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc.

(305) 896-2296 IL, Rolling Meadowe

John Fluke Mtg. Co., Inc (312) 396-5800

John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. (617) 273-4678

MD. Rockville John Fluke Mfg. Co., inc. (301) 770-1578

NJ, Paramus John Fluke Mtg. Co., Inc (201) 262-9550

TX, Dultas John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. (214) 233-9945

WA, Everett John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. (206) 356-5560

#### **Other Countries**

Argentine, Buenos Airee Coasin S A Tel 552-5248/3485 TLX 122284 COASN AR

Australia, Concerd Elmeasco Instrumenta Pty Ltd Tel. (02) 736-2888 TLX: (790) 25887

Australia, Mount Waverley Elmeatoo Instruments Pty Ltd Tel 03-233-4044 TLX: 35205

Australia, Brisbane Elmossco Instruments Pty Ltd Tel (07) 229-3161

Austria, Vienna Walter Rekutsch Electronische Gerate GmbH & Co Tel (0222) 235555 TLX 134759

Belgium, Brussels Fluke (Belgium) SA/NA Tel (02) 2164090 TLX: 26312

Brasti, Seo Paulo Fluke Brasi-Industria E Comercio Ltda. Tel (011) 421-3603 TLX 01135569 FLKE BR

Canada, Calgary, AB Allan Crawford Associates Ltd Tel: (403) 230-1341

Canada, Burneby, BC Allan Crawford Associates Ltd Tel: (604) 294-1326

Canada, Mississauga, ON Allan Crawford Associates Ltd Tel (416) 878-1500

Canada, SL Laurent, PQ Altan Crawford Associates Ltd Tel: (514) 731-8564 Clais, Sanflago Intronica Chile Ltda Tat. 4490 TLX 240301 Chile, Baljing Beying Radio Research Institute Tai: 445612 Statemas E Instrumentacion, Ltda Tai: 222-45-32 TLX: 45787 COASN CO Denuent, Bäderup Tago Olsen A/S

Tel (02) 658111 TLX: 35293 TOAS SK Ecuador, Quilo

Editicio "Jerico" Tel 529584, 526759 TLX, 2865 Protec Ed

Egypt, Cairo Electronic Engineering Lisison Office Tel: 691568 TLX: (927) 92502

England, Wattord, Herts Fluke (Greet Britain) LTD Tel. 44-923-40511 TLX: 934583

Finland, Keunialmen Oy Findip AB Tel: (0) 5052255 TLX: 123129

France, BUC M.B. Electronique S.A. Tel. (01) 9568131 TLX, 695414

Greece, Athens Hellenci Scientific Representations Tel: (01) 711140 TLX 219330

Hong Kong, Hong Kong Schmidt & Co (H.K.) Ltd Tel: 5-455644 Ti X. 74766 SCHMC HX

India, Bombay Hinditron Services Pvt. Ltd. Tel: \$11316, 815344

TLX 953-112326 HSPL IN India, Bangalore Hinddron Services Pvt. Ltd.

Tel: 33139 TEX: 0845741

India, New DelN Handstron Services Pyt. Ltd Tel: 619118 TLX: 031 4890 SRMP IN

Indonesia, Jakarla Selalan P T. Dwi Tunggal Jaya Sakti Tel. 716374

TLX 47306 DUS IA lerzel, Ramat Hasharon R.D.T. Electronics Engineering Ltd. Tel: (03) 443216 TLX: 32143 Haly, Illian Satzel S.p.A.

Tel (02) 6181893 TLX 334643

Japan Branch Tel (03) 434-0181 TLX: (781) 2424331 (FLUKJPJ) Kores, Secul Flectro-Science Kores Co Tel 261-7702, 260-1908 TLX, K25381 Malaysia, Petaling Jays Mecomo Malaysia SDN BHD Tel. 573455 TI X MA37805 Maxico, Maxico D.F. Electronica y Tecnologia Avanzada S A. de C.V. (ETA) Tel, 593 09 02 or 393 57 62 TLX: 0172007 BLOSME Netherlands; Maare Flute (Nederland) B.V. Tel. (030) 436514 TLX 47128 Netherlands, Tilburg Fluke (Holland) B V Tel (013) 673973 TLX 52237 New Zealand, Auckland McLean Information Technology, Ltd. Tel: 501-801, 501-219, 587-037 TLX: NZ21570 THERMAL erway, Oslo Morgenstierne & Co A/S

italy, Rom

Satrel S p A

TLX. 68356

Jepen, Tokyo

Tel. (06) 5915551

John Fluke Min. Co., Inc.

Morgensterne & Co A/S Tel (02) 356110 TLX: 71719 Pabletan, Karachi

Pak International Operations Tel: 221127, 239052 TLX. 24494 PIO PK Pens, Lime

Importaciones Y Representaciones Electronicas S A Tel 266850 TLX: 37425663

Philippinas, Metro Manila Sperk Radio & Electronics Corp. Tel: 78-78-18 TLX: 27901 RLA PH

Portugel, Liebon Docade-Equipementos de Electronica, Lda. Tel. (19) 574984 TLX: 18489

Republic of Singepore, Singepore Rank O'Connor's (PTE) Limited Tel 637944, 239052 TLX: OCONSIN RS21023

Republic of South Africa, Brande Fluke S.A. (Pty) Ltd. Tel. (011) 786-3170 TLX 424328 Spein, Alcorcon (Madrid) Hispano Electronics S.A. Tel: (01) 6194106 TLX 22404/42634

Sweden, Vallingby Teleinstrument AB Tel. (06) 380370 TLX 15770

Witzerland, Zurich Traco Electronic AG Tel: (01) 2010711 TLX: 54318

Tahvan, Taipel Schmidt Scientific Far East Ltd Tel: 5414800 TLX: 11111 Schmidt 1

÷

ļ

I

Theliand, Bangkok Measuretronix Ltd Tel: 3143369, 3143430 TLX: 81143 DEJOBKK TH

Turkey, Istanbul Erkman Elektronik Aletter Tel: (01) 5461 TLX 23353

Uniguay, Montevideo Coasin Uniguaya S.R.L. Tet 29-31-952 TLX: UY 6571 OROCUER

Venezuela, Caracas Coasin, C A. Tel 38-78-42, 38-78-86 TLX, 21027 EMVEN VE

West Genmany, Ismaning Fluke (Deutschland) GmbH Tel. (069) 95050 TLX 0522472



John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc., P.O. Box C9090, Everett, WA 98206 Fluke (Holland) B V., P.O. Box 5053, 5004 EB, Tilburg, The Netherlands. Phone (013) 673973 Litho in U S.A.